Historical Society

The Weekly Valley Herald.

F. E. DU TOIT Proprietor. TERMS, $1 50, Per Annum.

VOLUME II CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JAN. 2 1873 1872 NUMBER 20

Advertisements.

CHEAP

ash Store!

New Goods.

ould most respectfully call the attention of friends and the public in general, that I now to store a full stock of

GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

oceries and Provisions

hich I am selling cheap for cash or ready Butter, Eggs and Wool received in exge for goods. at the stand formerly occuby Henry Young, corner of 2nd & Chestreets

HASKA, MINN.

DANIEL STONE.

Hardware!

:0:

n. Steel. Nails. Cuttlery. n. and Jappaned Ware. Agricultural Implements

AND

Stoves,

mps, Cloth Wringers, Window Sash and Doors, Glass, Carpenters Tools, Putty &c.

.....:0:.....

FARMING TOOLS

everything usually kept in a first

HARDWARE STORE.

ALSO

s Paints. Varnishes &c.

oduce taken in exchange for goods

☞ Store on 2d Street in HERALD k.

F. WOMMER.

ska, Carver County Minn.

STRUCK BY

Lightning!

hnson's Triangular Copper Lightning Rod.

:0:

THE BEST IN THE

WORLD!

INSURES AGAINST FIRE.

he only company that insures agt Fire by Lightning. It is also cheapest and most perfect rod manufactured.

Having purchased the right for Carver and Scott Counties of this superior I shall call upon the citizens thereduring the spring and summer and estly solicit your patronage, feeling fident that I can offer better bargains do better work than any other pany in the United States.

FRED ILTIS.

ASKA .. .. .. MINN.

R. J. S. RICHARDSON

ECLECTIC,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

ASKA .. .. MINN.

ICE OPPOSITE THE OLD CATH CHURCH.]

ers his services to the surrounding country, is prepared to treat thoroughly all Chronic —Especially Liver and Lung diseases.

The Valley Herald

Official County Paper.

BY F. E. DU TOIT,

CHASKA THURSDAY JAN. 2 1872.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRES.

At Chaska, Young America and Chanhassen.

The "fire fiend" during the course of his grand destructive march around the globe, visited Chaska last Saturday forenoon, and destroyed the dwelling house of Mr. Lucius Howe, occupied by himself and sons and their families.

The fire caught in one of the partitions in the lower story of the wing part of the building and was not discovered until it had gained such headway that it was found impossible to stay its onward march of destruction. The efforts of the citizens were then directed towards saving the furniture and personal effects of the families residing therein. Their efforts were crowned with success—everything being saved, except what was in the cellar.

The barn and shed adjoining the building were also saved after extraordinary exertion. The loss on building and provisions will amount to some $3,000.

We are also informed that the new store of Jas. Slocum of Young America station, caught fire and burned down last Saturday. Very little or nothing being saved. Loss $1400.

The dwelling house of Mr. Harlow Langdon, of Chanhassen, was burned down last week. The building was occupied at the time by Mr. E. Stone, who lost all his furniture. Particulars not at hand. Loss not known.

—Whitelaw Reed has purchased from William Orton fifty shares of the one hundred constituting the capital stock of the Tribune Association, and assumes again the editorial management of the paper. The Tribune, in an editorial announcing the proprietorship, says: "We propose continuing our old battle against injustice and ignorance under the same Republican banner which Horace Greeley upheld stoutly and so long and on the same policy of candid independence which it was his latest action to reaffirm over his own signature in these columns."

Iowa Murderer Captured.

A special from Cedar Rapids of the 27th says:

The murderer of Charley Kendall, who was found murdered in the woods near New Jefferson, Iowa, on Monday last, was arrested at Scranton last night. His name is Alvo Chambers. The sheriff had the prisoner in the railroad depot at Scranton last night, when 40 or 50 citizens of Scranton made a raid on the depot, held the officers, and took the prisoner out into the country a short distance, to lynch him, when the prisoner confessed the crime, whereupon the crowd returned the prisoner to the proper authority and quietly dispersed. It seems that a couple of years ago between $2,000 and $3,000 were stolen from the county, and young Kendall, who is only 18 or 19 years old, undertook to ferret the thing out, and accomplished it.—The thieves were arrested and convicted and afterward made a threat to shoot this young man. It is supposed that this Alvo Chambers was a friend of the robbers.

Senator Cole, of California, differs from Gov. Ramsey about the Postal Telegraph Bills, introduced simultaneously in the Senate and House. He said to a correspondent on Wednesday: "They are substantially the same as the old Hubbard bill, which, I think, is a stupendous job. I cannot believe that Congress will pass it. I am against all schemes giving to the government the control of the telegraph, but least of all would I advocate this Hubbard bill."

In the early times in California, military titles as handles to the name were very common. John Phoenix tells the story that he was one day leaving San Francisco by the Steamer. Everybody else was taking leave of friends—but he did not know a soul in the crowd—Ashamed of his loniness, as the boat sheered off he called out in a loud voice, 'Good-by Colonel!" and, to his great delight, every man on the wharf took off his hat and shouted. "Colonel, good-by."

Kindness is the music of good will to all men, and on this harp remember that the smallest fingers may play heaven's sweetest tune on earth.

An Elopement and Sudden Marriage.

From the Louisville Ledger.

For many years past Mr. Robert Forsythe, of this city, has been a great admirer of Miss Theresa Underwood, one of the most beautiful and attractive blonds of our city, residing near Portland. He became at one time so enamored that he made a very urgent proposal of marriage, but which she declined on the plea of her youth. Several years then intervened without their meeting each other, until several days since, when Mr. Forsythe again laid his heart and hand at her feet. Though engaged to a wealthy young gentleman of Cincinnati, the pleading of such a gushing heart she could not resist. Still the words of 'mother" recurred.

"My dear," she to her daughter said, "this match must be prevented; for if you wed this gent 'twill be most bitterly repented." But, considering she was the best judge of her own happiness, she accepted his proposal, and last night, with but what she wore, (a fine flounced dress,) they proceeded to Jeffersonville and were made one, and returned to the city last night, registering at the United States Hotel as Mr. and Mrs. Robert Forsythe. They are said to be the handsomest couple in the city.

A Romance.

From the Springfield Republican.

One of our suburbs has a romance. The hero, eighteen years ago, with the devotion of a young lover, sought fame and fortune in the mighty West. But while he toiled, his inamorata married his brother, but filed with remorse, commenced to our hero her little sister, then 9 or 10 years old. The little girl sent the pilgrim her picture; he saw it and was glad. A correspondence ensued, resulting in an engagement before the parties had ever met. At eight the soul of the ardent Idahoan burned to behold his bride. In the east wind he heard her calling, and in steamy vapor he sped a thousand miles toward the sunrising. Of their meeting and their greeting we will say little. Suffice it that ere again the voice of the turtle is heard in the land, there will be another cottage among the mountains of Idaho, in which the person of our idyl shall sit at eventide and review these years of waiting, which to both maybap, were as few days, because of love.

German and English Immigration.

The German Emigration Association of New York has received further orders from the home organization of a similar name relative to the German farmers and mechanics about to emigrate to this country. The home organization to effect this purpose is said now to number 82,000 persons and it is proposed to form a union with the National Agricultural Laborers' Union of London—This latter Association has a membership of 250,000 persons. It is contemplated when the season opens to send at least half a million German and English farmers and mechanics to various points in the New World, but mainly to the United State. Both these Associations have for their principal object the relief of the present overcrowded labor market, and the German organization has a paid up capital of $3,000 to carry out their plan. It is proposed, among other things to urge legislation by the American Congress for the better protection of emigrants. A Commission will leave Bremen in the middle of January for the purpose of purchasing land for large colonies, who contemplate emigrating in the spring, and also to make a report on the particular section of the United States, both climate and soil, which is best adapted to the Germans.

There are several parties now in Washington from the Territory of Montana, who are prepared to show to the satisfaction of Congress that there is no such tribe in existence known as the "Teton" Sioux, for whose benefit an appropriation of $900,000 was asked for last year, and for whom a further appropriation of $200,000 is provided for in the Indian Appropriation bill, which has just passed the House. These parties propose to file sworn affidavits with the Senate Appropriation Committee showing that the disbursement of the moneys to the so called tribe, especially under the agency of Superintendent Vaill, lately removed to make way for one of Senator Harlan's friends, to wit: the Rev J. Wright, of Iowa, were made on fraudulent vouchers.

In the 17th century a law was in England that all women, of whatever age, rank, profession or degree, whether virgins, wives or widows, that should impose upon, seduce and betray into matrimony any of His majesty's male subjects by scents, paints, cosmetics, washes, artificial teeth, false hair Spanish wool, iron stays, hoops, highheeled shoes, or bolstered hips, should incur the penalty of the law, and that the marriage should stand null and void.

The editor of the Examiner at Elk Falls, Kansas, hung himself in his office a few nights ago, leaving a note to the foreman to go and learn to chop wood if he wanted to live happily and contented.

HOME ITEMS

HERALD AGENT CARVER—G. A. DuToit

Lake Superior & M R R.

Trains arrive and depart from the Chaska depot as follows:

GOING NORTH..... .....6:20 A. M.

GOING SOUTH..... .....8:09 P. M.

S. W. LUSK, Agent.

Shakopee, Chaska & Carver accommodation Trains

CONNECTING WITH ALL TRAINS ON SIOUX CITY R.

GOING WEST,	GOING EAST.
8:30 A. M.	8:45 A. M.
6:20 P. M.	5:10 P. M.

H & D TRAINS.

Going West, 10.45 A. M. Going East, 2:50 P. M.

NOTICE.

Payments for back subscription to the HERALD must be made at once. We are very much in need of money and are consequently obliged to call on all those indebted to pay up.

MARRIED.

FOWLER—SCOLLIE.—On the 18th instant, at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. James Wilson, Peterborough, Ontario, by the Rev. J. W. R. Beck, M. A. Rector, Peterborough, Mr. Samuel Fowler, of Carver, Minnesota, U. S., to Margaret Charlotte, fourth daughter of Robert Scollie, Esq., of the Township of Otonabee.

When the above announcement meets the eyes of the many friends of Mr. Fowler, they will readily understand the nature of his late trip to the Dominion of Canada, and will eagerly extend their congratulations to the happy couple and wish them a peasant and long journey down the sands of life.

SOME MONEY.—We learn with pleasure that Hon Isaac I. Lewis of Watertown now in Montana Territory, has sold the Legal Tender Silver Lodge for the sum of $400,000 payable in American Gold, to a London Mining Company.

Bonds have been entered into for the payment of the money within six months from the date of the sale. Mr. L. owns one fourth share therein.

Mr Lewis intends returning to Minnesota with his family in the spring.

COUNTY WELL.—The county Board passed a resolution at their last session, inviting bids for the digging and walling up of a good well at or near the court house. The bids will be opened by the Board at their next session on Tuesday the 7th day of Jan. next. Bids are now in order and it is hoped that there may be a little competition.

LOTTERY DRAWING.—Mr. Legelin's lottery enterprise came off last Tuesday evening. Mr Eberl of St Bonifacius drew the Sewing Machine, Mr. Krayenbuhl of Chaska, the Knitting Machine John Boss the quilt, and Mrs. Wm. Brinkhouse and Mrs. Legelin a table each.

HARNESS SHOP.—Mr. G. Schubert has just received a full stock of goods in his line, including whips, saddles, &c &c. He is also prepared to manufacture all kinds of harness upon the shortest notice, and warrant all his work.

JUSTICE COURT.—Our justice courts have been kept quite busy of late in arbitrating upon petty suits, brought before them. The court and attorneys reap the reward—proper.

Nervous Pain, or Irritability.—Trask's Magnetic Ointment quiets the nerves at once, and affords the patient ease and rest. It should be applied not very profusely, beginning at the temples, and pressing over the whole surface.

It will be found more effective and less hurtful than preparation of opium. See advertisement in another column.

DRUG STORE.—Read the advertisement of the new city Drug Store, Messrs Halle & Lord, proprietors. A very competent and gentlemanly clerk, Joseph Frankan, having business charge. Give them a call.

PERSONAL.—Senator Baxter, and Repr. Du Toit leave on Monday for the Saintly City, and will in conjunction with Messrs, Bachmann and Kelly represent the interest of Carver County in the Legislature this winter. The delegation will room at Graber's Hotel.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—A number of new advertisements will appear in our next issue.

Subscribe for the Valley Herald

The Poor Farm.

It will be seen from a notice of the County Auditor, which appears in another column, that a portion of the county poor farm is offered for sale.

We infer from the aforesaid notice, that the farm is too large and cumbersome and nonproductive and that one half can be dispensed with, with profit to the county and tax payers, and we are not so certain but that the whole could be so disposed with equal profit to the county.

☞ We are unable to publish our sketch of Watertown this week, owing to a pressure upon our local column. It will appear next.

Carver Items.

Correspondence.

ENTERTAINMENT.—The entertainment on Christmas eve. gotten up by the Supt and teachers was in every respect a complete success, there being present about 300 persons, and the net proceeds were over $50. which we are informed will go towards purchasing a Library for the school. The singing was most excellent all performing their parts in a very creditable manner, and the gentleman in charge respectfully returns them his sincere thanks. The Tableaux were very good indeed, and added very much to the evenings entertainment. Mrs Brunius is entitled to great credit for preparing the boys and girls, to perform "Lord Dundreary" which brought down the house, it being so well rendered, the audience were taken completely by surprise at the thorough manner in which each acted their part. At last when the Old Christmas Tree with "Santa Claus" by its side nodded down with the good things for the little ones, was brought upon the stage, it "capped the climax" to all and a shout was given by the "young folks" that shook the very foundation of the building. The distribution of the presents was then begun, over 125 children receiving them and made happy. The paper church which was voted for, to go to the most popular Railroad agent, was hotly contested for by the friends of the two candidates, and was finally carried off by Capt. Mills who has about 15 maj. This little affair brought in about $40.

We cannot close without returning the sincere thanks of all the friends of the Carver Sabbath School to the Supt. Mr. Geo. J Day to whom the entire credit of the affair is due he has worked hard and faithfully to make it a success and we know he feels pleased at the result. We can assure him that his kind efforts are daily appreciated by all our citizens. The ladies connected with the school making a special request to us that their thanks be returned to him. The Supt. of the Lake Superior R R. Mr Hunnerford, kindly loaned the use of their Depot for the occasion

GONE EAST.—B. F. Crawford, conductor on the Minneapolis train went east last week to spend a short time.—Mr. C has the sympathy of our community, in the great loss he has sustained, in loosing his wife. Mrs. Crawford had many friends in Carver, she was an estimable lady, and it is sad indeed that she should be called away in the prime of life and with such bright prospects ahead, alas, we know not who may be called next.

PORK.—Hog meat has been sliding into market in large quantities during the last week, and bringing about 4½c. most of it is shipped to St Paul.

PERSONAL.—H Tanner, son in law of John Dunn has again taken up his residence among us. He will hereafter have charge of Mr. Dunns store. We welcome him back.

Mr. Culver, agt. at the junction, has been spending a few days in town, and we are glad to hear that his health is improving.

Freeman James, Henry Young Maj. Becht and others were in town and called on us during the week.

Shipped.—Wm Glitschka shipped four car loads of Barley to Minneapolis last week, it is worth from 46 to 50 cts. here.

Good maple wood brings $4.25 per cord.

Wm. B. Mohler of Reads Landing spent Christmas at home and helped eat a 15 lb. turkey.

Summons.

State of Minnesota, Dist. Court. Eigth Judical Dist. County of Carver.

Eliza A. Wakeman, against Gilbert L. Wakeman.

The State of Minnesota, To the above named defendant

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Chaska in the County of Carver in the State of Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

Dated Chaska September 23d A. D. 1872.

BAXTER & PECK.

Pff's. Atty's Chaska Minn.

FURNITURE

AND

VARIETY STORE!

AT

Young's Old Stand, 2d St.

Consisting of a new and select stock of

BUREAUS,
STANDS,
CHAIRS,
BED-STEADS

And up holstery of every description.

ALSO

TOYS,
FRAMES,
PICTURES, &c.

The public is invited to call at my storeroom and examine my stock and prices, feeling confident of being able to sell as cheap as any store this side of St. Paul.

THOS. KERKER.

WE GUARANTEE THAT

EVERY HOUSEKEEPER

Who has ever had one of the

CELEBRATED

CHARTER OAK STOVES

WILL CHEERFULLY RECOMMEND IT AS THE MOST

Durable, Practical, Simple & Perfect

COOKING APPARATUS

THEY HAVE EVER USED.

ADAPTED TO ALL LOCALITIES AND *EVERY KIND OF FUEL.*

SOLD BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

SAINT LOUIS,

AND BY ALL

LIVE STOVE DEALERS

—LIKE—

FRITZ WOMMER.

City Meat Market.

The best of meats, sausages, poultry &c., constantly kept on hand. Market 2d Street, Chaska.

ANTON ROSSLER, Propr.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by the undersigned in the town of Dahlgreen, County of Carver, one black cow, 8 or 9 years of age, with one horn broken off a little. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take the same away.

Dahlgreen, Nov. 15th 1872.

FRED'K. MEYER.

Cutters And Sleighs.

Those in want of an extra good Cutter or Bob-sled should call upon John Blondel at Carver. He is manufacturing extensively and sells cheap.

KENNING & BROS.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

:0:

Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Fronts, Flooring, Siding and all kinds of mouldings and planing and sawing done to order.

Also

Carpenters and Builders.

Doors and window frames made to order.

Those wanting buildings erected, or any work done enumerated above, had better give us a call before going elsewhere. Work done cheap and guaranteed to be of first classe quality.

H. J. KENNING & BROS.

EDWARD H. HALLE. CHAS. H. LORD.

HALLE & CO.

New Drug STORE.

CHASKA. .. .. .. MINN.

Have just opened a new Drug Store and offer for sale a complete stock of

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

Perfumery,

Fancy.

And

Toilet Articles.

Glass, Oils,

Paints

And Varnishes,

Stationery,

AND

All Kinds

of Books,

Patent Medicines.

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE.

☞ Prescription carefully compounded at all hours from the purest Medicines.

E. G. HALLE & CO.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a contribution of taste and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to parterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1873

Terms:

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year. $4 00

An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The five volumes of Harper's Bazar, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

The postage on Harper's Bazar is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, N. Y.

Notice Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated and made executed and delivered by John Jackson and Clara S. Jackson mortgagors on the 8th day of July A. D. 1872 to Charles J. Kindblom mortgagee and duly recorded on the 6th day of August A. D. 1872 at 10 o'clock A. M. in the office of the Register of Deeds of Carver County, Minnesota in Book "G" of mortgages on page 608, mortgaging the following described property situated in Carver County Minnesota, to-wit:

The south east quarter (¼) of section No. Twenty three (23) in township No. one hundred and seventeen (117) of Range No. twenty six (26) containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land according to Government survey.

Upon which said mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred, seventeen and 18-100 dollars ($517,-18-100) and no proceedings at law having been had to collect the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and of the statute in such cases made and provided the aforesaid mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of Carver County Minnesota, to the highest bidder for cash on Monday the 30th day of December A. D. 1872 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Chaska in said County to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage and the costs and expenses of foreclosure and sale, and also twenty-five dollers [$25], attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of the foreclosure thereof.

Dated Carver, Minn. Nov. 12th 1872.

CHARLES J. KINDBLOM, Mortgagee.

FRANK WARNER, Att'y for Mortgagee.

THE NEWS.

At Home.

CORA PEARL was expelled from France in consequence of M. Duval, son of a wealthy resident of Paris, who founded the soup-houses in Paris, shooting himself in her presence. The attempt of Duval at self-destruction did not prove successful. He is expected to recover.

EVERYTHING indicates an early and satisfactory settlement of the land difficulties recently so exciting along the line of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad on the Osage lands.

FRICHT & EVERICORDT'S grocery store, in Memphis, was burned Sunday morning. Loss about $20,000.

THE machine shop of McDonald & Sons, at Lapier, Michigan, were burned on Saturday night. Loss $25,000.

A. T. STEWART fell on the steps of his residence in Fifth avenue, Saturday evening, dislocating an ankle and breaking his leg.

THE trustees of Columbia College have purchased a tract of land at Fort Washington, in the upper part of New York city, whereon it is expected the college will be permanently located.

SIX PROFESSIONAL nines are announced to be in the base ball field next season. The Boston club will include Gould, Rogers, the two Wrights, Barnes, Schaffer, Leonard, Spaulding, with Hicks or Allison for catcher. McVey retires.

A STOREHOUSE on Hamburg dock, Hoboken, was robbed on Friday night, of four cases of silks, and one case of foreign illustrated newspapers. Value, $10,000.

JUSTICE LAWRENCE, President of the Continental Life Insurance Company, died suddenly Saturday morning at his house in Yonkers.

WM. ORTON, after considerable negotiation, has resold to Whitlaw Reid 50 shares of the 100 constituting the capital stock of the Tribune Association, for a large advance on the price at which he purchased it. He retains one share, and will be one of the trustees of the Association.

THE remains of the bodies interred on the site of Trinity Church, Boston, have all been removed, the last casket having been taken from there Sunday morning.

A WATER main in Lowell, Mass., burst on Sunday morning, flooding the cellars of one or two business houses, and cutting off the supply of water.

DETROIT has purchased another pest-house in view of the spread of small-pox.

THE steamboat Andrew Fletcher, belonging to the New York Quarantine Department was burned early Friday morning, while lying at the Government dock at Quarantine. Loss, $25,000.

NEAR Jackson, Michigan, Wednesday evening, Valentine Smith, a brakeman, fell from the top of a freight train between two cars and was killed. A train following five minutes after dragged the body half a mile, and cut both legs and one arm off.

MARTIN VANDERBY, a resident of Appleton, Wis., was thrown from a wagon down an embankment, by a runaway team, on Thursday, and instantly killed.

THE Hon. Columbus Delano has arrived at Havana, Cuba.

A FIRE at Evanston, Ill., on Friday, destroyed the residences of Philo Judson and T. S. Phillips. Loss $20,000.

A NUMBER of distinguished New Yorkers tendered Gov. Dix a public dinner prior to his departure for Albany, but the General was compelled to decline by reason of his approaching departure for the State capital.

THE lease of the "Old South Church" edifice, and the vacant ground around it, to the United States government, for the use of a Post Office, runs for two years, and the rent is $23,000 per annum. The Standing Committee of the Society publicly announce that they will sell the church edifice to the Massachusetts Historical Society at a price to be fixed by three disinterested persons, to be kept forever as a historic building.

N. P. BRAINARD, Postmaster at Iowa City, Iowa, charged by his clerks with perjury and theft, confesses it, but pleads ignorance of the postal laws. He will probably be indicted.

HEAVY storms are reported in the Rocky Mountains. By a snow slide at Alta, Little Cottonwood, the buildings of the Emily Mine were carried away, and two men severely cut and bruised. Two others were taken down in the slide and not seriously injured.

A BETHEL fair in Cincinnati, just closed, netted $38,000.

GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN was arrested in New York, on Friday evening, and locked up in the station house, on a bench warrant, to answer the charge of publishing obscene literature.

SAMUEL G. TURNER, a prominent citizen of Northern Pennsylvania, died at Wilkesbarre, on Friday morning.

JUDGE WILLIAM KELLOGG, an ex-Member of Congress, died at Peoria, Ill., Friday afternoon.

THE Boston Board of Aldermen refuse to allow Woodhull and Claflin to lecture in that city.

THE feeling at Fort Sully is that the only remedy for the troubles with the Sioux is to occupy the Black Hills country with miners. The Indians all give accounts of wonderful mines of gold and silver in the hills, and as the hostile Indians will not permit friendly ones or white men go there, it is but a stronghold for hostile assassins that should be broken up. All demands for the surrender of the Indians guilty of these outrages are treated with laughter and contempt by the chiefs and warriors.

A LONDON telegram states that the river Cam has overflowed the vicinity of Cambridge, and for miles it is like swamp, and the streets of the city are flooded. Brooksides and Eynes bury are deluged. The recent rainfall is estimated at fifty million tons of water.

COLONEL RICHARD H. WHEELER was killed by the cars at Bolton Notch, Connecticut, on Thursday. He commanded an Ohio Cavalry regiment during the war. He was 38 years of age.

CAPTLD proposes to settle the claims of the Erie Railway Company against him by paying one million dollars.

THE people of St. Johns Valley, Tooele county, Utah, have spent a day in fasting and prayer that the Almighty be merciful to prevent the spread of the small-pox.

THE interior of the building corner Dryad and Indiana streets, New Orleans, occupied by the Shakspeare Club, was burned Tuesday night. Loss $50,000; partially insured in home companies.

A PUBLIC meeting has been held at Cheyenne in opposition to the proposal to divide that territory among the adjoining territories. Reports from Laramie City and other points represent the public sentiment as pretty equally divided.

THE Rhode Island Medical Society has admitted Miss Anela E. Tyng to membership.

FRANCIS BLAIR, jr., has written a letter deploring that Senator Blair is so seriously ill as to leave little hope of his resuming his seat in the Senate. He states that the General is much better, and that his case is steadily and [illegible].

[illegible] that the President has the civil service rules in master at Chicago, and to Arthur to the position ation of Senator Logan Farwell, is much talked and gives great satisfac- the civil-service rules, ieved a victory. Colonel y Postmaster, recom- is chief deputy, as his ience of Messrs. Logan and McArthur will be

THE President has assured the committee of the Young Men's Christian Association of New York that his sympathies are with them in their efforts to suppress the circulation of obscene literature, and that he will not pardon any person convicted of engaging in that business.

ZACHARIAH A. SNOW shot and killed Nicholas C. Garden, at Benton, Arkansas, on Monday.

IT seems that fourteen instead of four Democratic members of the House voted for Hale's concurrent resolution against removing from army regimental colors the names of battles of the rebellion. Messrs. Bell, Hibbard, Parker of New Hampshire; Getz, Griffith, M'Clelland, Speer of Pennsylvania, Holman, Monson of Rogers, Tuthill and Slater.

THE Comptroller of Currency has authorized the following banks to commence business: American-German National Bank of Paducah, with a capital of $100,000; and the Third National Bank of Urbana, Ohio, with a capital of $100,000.

A VOLUNTEER fireman named Adam Lauthier was run over and killed by a fire engine in Nashville, on Wednesday.

THE French ship Leore, loaded with cotton, was wrecked in the harbor of Key West.

THE President has signed the act for the removal of the disabilities of L. C. Q. Lamar, of Mississippi, and the act authorizes the issuance of collegiate scrip to the state of Arkansas.

THE Secretary of the Treasury has given notice that the department will commence to pay the interest due January 1st, 1873, on Saturday, the 21st instant, without rebate.

PRESIDENT GRANT visited the Capitol Wednesday afternoon, and for some minutes occupied the President's room in that building, where he held conversation with several Senators on business matters.

A LADY is preparing to occupy the pulpit of one of the orthodox churches of Salt Lake City.

THE annual reports of the Warden and Commissioner of the Illinois State Penitentiary, just sent to Governor Palmer, show that the plan adopted a year since at the suggestion of the Governor, of leasing the labor of the convicts at a certain price per diem to contractors for various terms, has worked most beneficially, inasmuch as the penitentiary has become self-sustaining, a state of affairs that has never before existed.

GEO. G. MULLALEY, a postoffice clerk, is under arrest in Cincinnati on a charge of abstracting money from letters addressed to the agency of the Louisville Public Library concert.

THE trial of Alice Moore for the murder of her paramour, Jesse Funk, at Circleville, Ohio, on the 18th of last November, commenced at that place on Thursday.

WILLIAM CLUCK, the wife-murderer, who was to have been hanged on Friday, the 20th inst., has been reprieved by the Governor until Friday, January 3d.

ON Friday evening, at Chesaning, Michigan, four stores and dwelling houses were burned. Brother, in Baltimore, was burned on Tuesday. Loss $50,000.

THE proceedings in regard to the wills of Mr. Greeley were resumed in the Surrogate's Court of Westchester county on Wednesday. The testimony elicited nothing of particular note which has not already been printed.

THE alleged bribery case against J. J. Patterson, Senator elect, was heard at Columbia, S. C., on Tuesday and dismissed.

THE Senate in Executive session on Tuesday, confirmed the following nominations: Indian Agents—J. E. O'Connor for the Sioux, at Grand River, W. T. Ensign for the Blackfeet, J. L. Burchard, for Round Valley, California; E. K. Dodge, for Hoopa Valley, Cal.; J. H. Richards, for Wachitas, Indian Territory; Henry Breuer, for the Seminoles; H. W. Bergham, for the Sioux at the Cheyenne river agency; Chas. P. Birkett, for the Ponca agency, Dakota; W. F. Hall, Navajo agency, New Mexico.

THE saw-mill belonging to Waldroon & Grover Bros., at Lawton, Michigan, valued at about $5,000, was entirely consumed by fire at an early hour yesterday morning. It is supposed to have caught by the carelessness of some drunken rowdies, who went there for a good night's rest. No insurance.

SMALL POX is spreading in different parts of Utah territory.

A $120,000 conflagration occurred at Hamilton, Canada, on Monday. On Tuesday another conflagration occurred, destroying $100,000 worth of property.

MAXWELL'S malt house at Batavia, N. Y., burned on Sunday. Loss $40,000.

REV. HUBBELL LOOMIS, one of the pioneers of Illinois, died at his home in Alton Sunday night, aged ninety-six years and six months.

MR. HAMMOND and his praying band visited Kistler's saloon in Dubuque, on Monday, and held prayer meeting there.

JESSE D. REED, who was for many years connected with the Baltimore Sun, died on Monday, aged 61.

THE bridge across the Tolahusha River at Grenada, Miss., built jointly by the Tennessee and Mississippi Railways, was burned on Saturday afternoon by sparks from an engine. It will require several weeks to rebuild it.

A YOUNG girl giving her name as Eliza Evans has been arrested at Peoria, Ill., for murdering her infant, two days old. The child was found strangled, in a cesspool. The girl confesses her guilt.

THE rumors of Bismarck's resignation of the Presidency of the Prussian Council, excites much newspaper comment, the tenor of opinion being that the leadership of Prussia in the affairs of the German Confederacy is essential to the leadership of Germany in the affairs of Europe, and that Bismarck's retirement is likely to create an important crisis.

JOHN RULON died in Philadelphia Monday morning, aged 74. He had been engaged in the East India trade for nearly half a century.

MRS. THOMAS SMITH, of Virginia, was detained on board the steamship California, at New York, on Saturday, until divested by customs officers of a skirt lined with silks, satins, jewelry and silver-ware.

Abroad.

THE city of Lille, in France, has been inundated by the recent storms.

THE steamer Charente, of the regular line between Hull and Dunkirk, was lost while en route to the latter port. Fourteen persons were drowned.

THE ship Ragnagore, from Quebec for High Bridge, became unmanageable and was abandoned. Seven persons were washed overboard and perished.

THE London Post denies that Eliza Cook, the well-known writer, is dead, although a person bearing the same name, and popularly supposed to be the authoress, died in Debtford, England.

A LONDON telegram states that an open-air meeting was held in Stockton, Sunday, in favor of Fenian amnesty, at which 12,000 persons were present. The crowd was very disorderly, and there was some fighting, during which several persons were injured. The English and Welsh, who outnumbered the Irish, charged on the platform, carried off the Irish flags, and trampled them in the mud. Odger was announced to speak, but failed to appear.

SPONER'S GAZETTE says Bismarck will resign the Presidency of the Prussian Cabinet, but will remain Minister of Foreign Affairs.

PRINCE FREDERICK WILLIAM has arrived at Weisbaden, whither he went by advice of his physicians to take the waters.

ANOTHER ministerial crisis in Spain is imminent.

THE river Prezel and the bay adjoining Konigsberg are frozen over.

AN army bill has been introduced in the Italian Parliament providing that all Italians between the ages of 18 and 40, shall be liable to military duty.

You Will Forget Me.

A SONG.

[The following beautiful poem is supposed to be an orphan. If its author is living he had better claim this child of his brain, for there are doubtless plenty of others who will be glad enough to adopt it:]

You will forget me, the years are so tender—
They bind up the wounds which we think are so deep;
This dream of our youth will fade out as the splendor
Fades from the sky, as the sun sinks to sleep:
The clouds of forgetfulness, over and over,
Will conceal the last rosy colors away;
And the fingers of Time will weave garlands to cover
The scar which you think is a life-mark today.

You will forget me—will thank me for saying
The words which you think are so pointed with pain;
Time loves a new lay, and the dirge he is playing
Will change for you, soon, to a livelier strain;
I shall pass from your life, I shall pass out forever,
And the hours we have spent will be sunk in the past:
You will forget me—grief lulls seldom or never,
And forgetfulness covers all sorrow at last.

You will forget me, and the one thing you covet
Now, above all things, will seem no prize:
And the heart which is not in your keeping, to prove it
True or untrue, will lose worth in your eyes.
The one drop today, which you deem only wanting
To make life a joy, will be lost in Time's stream:
You will forget me, and the ghost that is haunting
The aisles of your heart will pass out with a dream.

THE CATHEDRAL CHIMES.

A Legend by the Author of the Schonberg-Cotta Family.

In a city whose history dates from the ages of silvery bells and stately buildings, there stood, and stands now for aught I know, a cathedral, rich in all the endless fancies of Gothic art. Inside it was solomn with shade, and gorgeous with light which came in through the elaborate tracery of the stained windows, many-colored, and broken as the sunbeams through a tropical forest. Outside, fretted pinnacles and carved bell towers sprang upward, grand, yet fairy-like, as if stone towers rose as easily and naturally toward heaven as oaks and pines. But the chief glory of this cathedral was its bells. They were the pride of the city, and the great attraction to strangers. Their history formed an important part of the civic chronicles.

A lady of a royal house had given them as a thank-offering for her Love's safe return from the Crusades. All her silver-plate and ornaments! with spoils of Saracens from the recovered Holy Land, had been poured into the mold when they were made, so that from their birth all tender and sacred memories had been fused into their very essence, and their first tones echoed far-off times and lands. A bishop who afterward suffered martyrdom in the hands of African Moslems had blessed them. Their first peal had sounded in honor of a great victory. They had summoned the people through ages of conflict to defend their liberties. They had blended their life with the life of every home,—in family joys and family sorrows; at wedding, christening and funeral. They had made Sundays and holidays glad with their joyous voices. And last, but not least, by aid of an elaborate mechanism of hammers, rope and pulleys, they had for centuries celebrated the departure of every hour with a chorale, and every half-hour with a strain like the versicle of a chant, and every quarter of an hour with a sprinkle of sweet sound.

Imagine, then, the dismay of the citizens when, one Monday morning, eight o'clock, and no sound issued from the cathedral; half past eight, silence; nine, not a note of warning! Their wonder was increased when the usual peal rung out, clear and full as ever, for the morning service, and by midday the whole city was in commotion. It was plain something must be wrong with the machinery of the chimes.

Immediately the most skillful mechanics of the town, clock makers and bell founders, with men of science and the whole corporation, in a state procession mounted the clock tower. "We will soon set it right," they said to the agitated crowd as they entered the belfry door. The ropes of the machinery were tested—all were sound; not a flaw in the hammers; not a clog in the wheels; not a crack in the silver metel. Microscopes were employed, conjectures were hazarded, experiments of all kinds were tried, but not a ray of light was thrown on the perplexity. The eleven hands and the wise heads, and the will of the authorities were all baffled; and the process re-appeared to the assembled multitudes with very crest-fallen looks.

That afternoon little work was done in the work-shops, few lessons were learned in the schools, all the routine of household habits were interrupted; and when it grew dark the great square was filled with people who were afraid to separate and go to bed without the consolation of the cathedral chimes. Many foreboded some terrible disaster to the city, and some thought the end of the world was come!

But when it was dark a sound very wearied and strange, yet with a music like the old familiar tones came from the church-tower, as it rose dim and grand against the starry sky. It was a voice, not human, yet with a strange likeness to a human voice, silvery as a stream, thrilling as a battle-trumpet, familiar to each listener as his own, like the blended voices of a spirit and a bell.

"We have been born too long," said the bell-voice. "We were set here on high for other purposes than men have put us to. Is not this a cathedral, a sanctuary, and a shrine, sacred with the dust of martyrs, and dedicated to the service of Heaven? Were not we christened like immortals? Were not we consecrated like priests? The touch of holy hands is on us, and shall we be debased to secular uses? Set apart like sacred ministers in a sacred dwelling, shall we be required to mingle in the common circumstances of our daily life? Raised on high to be near the heavens we serve, shall our saintly voices serve to tell you when you eat and sleep? We have borne it too long. We will still serve heaven, and summon you on Sundays and holidays. We will call you to the solemn services of the church. We will, if necessary, sound a triumphant peal on days of national thanksgiving, in remembrance of the victory which first woke us into music. We will even condescend to ring at your weddings—because marriage is a sacrament—and at your baptism. We will toll solemnly when your spirits pass from earth, and when your bodies are laid in the church-yard we have seen slowly raised with the dust of your dying generations. But henceforth expect us not to do work which your commonest house-clocks can do as well. Let your eight-day clocks—your gilded time-pieces—call you to work, and eat, and rest. We are sacred things, set solemnly apart from all secular uses. Our business is with Eternity, and the Church, and Heaven. Call on us no more to commune with the things of the world, and earth, and time. We are your cathedral bells, but we will be your household clock-chimes no longer."

Then the voice died away on the night air. For a few minutes there was silence, but soon it was broken by sobs and lamentations, and all the people lifted up their voice as one man, and wept.

The house father said, "Shall we never more hear your voice calling us to morning and evening prayer? Whenever you told us it was the hour, the mother came from her work, and the children from their play, and together we knelt, a united family, and committed each other to God."

And the mother said, "Your voices are blended with every happy household time. Sweet bells, will you mingle with our family joys no more? In the morning you wakened us to begin another busy day, and the sun's beams and your voices came together to call us to serve God in our lowly calling; and both, we thought, came to us from heaven; and both, we thought, were meek and lowly, and ready to minister to us in our daily lives, because both were sent from Him who came among us once, not to be administered unto, but to minister; and both, we thought, had caught something of the light of the eyes which wept at Bethany, and of the tones of the voice which spoke at Cana and at Nain. At midday you told me it was time to send the dinner to my husband and my elder sons. At six your voice was welcome to us all, because we knew the father's step would soon be on the threshold. At eight you reminded me it was time to lay the little ones to rest; and many a time have you brought happy and holy thoughts to me in those psalms you sang to me whilst I hushed my babe's sleep; and all my every day life seemed to be more linked with sacred things, to become, as it were, a part of the service of God, because it moves to the music of your voices. And again at night your tones were welcome, as in the morning, when they told us the day's work was over, and, wearied, we lay down to peaceful rest, for through the night we knew your sacred voices would sound to Heaven above our sleeping city, like the voices of the angels, who rest not day nor night, saying, Holy, holy, holy, Sweet bells! will you never chime for us again?"

And the children said, in their dear, sweet, ringing voices, "Dear chimes! do not cease to play for us. You wake us to the happy day, you set us free from school, and send us home laughing and dancing for joy; you call our fathers home to us, at night you sing us to sleep, and your voices are blended with our mothers' in our happy dreams. Sweet chimes: you sang so many years to our fathers and mothers; and our grandfathers remember you when they were little children like us. Dear chimes; sing to us still."

And from the sick-chamber which looked into the cathedral square, where the windows were darkened all day; and sand was strewn before the door, that the din of the passing wheels might just jar less roughly on the aching head within, came a low and plaintive voice,—"Sweet bells! your commonest tones are sacred to me. You are my church music,—the only church music I can ever hear. When I hear you chime the hours on Sunday's and on the festivals, I feel myself among the multitude within your sacred walls; and your voice seems to bear their songs of praise to me, and I am no more alone, but one of the worshippers. But at night it is I prize you most. All through the hours of darkness, so often sleepless to me, your voice is the voice of a friend, familiar as my mother's, yet solemn as the chants of the choir. It helps me to measure the hours of pain, and say, 'Thank God, an hour less of night, and an hour nearer morning.' And how often, when my suffering is great, you have come with the old psalm-tune, and every tone has brought its word to me, and spoken to me as if direct from God, and filled my heart with trust and peace! Your least sprinkles of sweet sound are precious to me; I fancy they are like the waters of time falling musically from stone to stone on their way to the great sea. I feel they are as the echoes of the footsteps of Him who is drawing nearer and nearer to me; and they draw my heart nearer to Him. Sweet bells! your commonest tones are sacred; for what is the world but that which becomes the church when it learns how God has loved it, and turns from self to Him, and what is earth but the floor of Heaven, which heavenly feet once trod, and what is time but the little fragment of eternity in which we live on earth? Sweet bells! make not my sleepless nights lonely and silent, but sing to me, sing to us all, as of old. Make all our life sacred by linking every fragment of our life to God."

But still no responsible sound came from the cathedral tower, and the people waited on in the silence and the darkness. At last a young priest, an Augustinian friar, ventured a bold suggestion: "Are not the devils proud, and the angels lowly? Did the angel think it beneath him to say to Elijah, 'Arise, and eat?' Did Gabriel hesitate to descend from the presence of God to bear to an aged priest the tidings of the birth of a child? Did the other angel deem it seculur to say to Peter the apostle, 'Gird thyself, and bind on thy sandals, and cast thy garment about thee,' before he led him over the stony streets through the cold night air? And should our cathedral bells scorn to bid us 'rise and eat' or to chime at our births' or to summon us to 'gird and clothe' ourselves for every day's work? Brethren, proud thought, and scorn of daily services, and voices which call our every-day life common and unclean, are not from heaven. The bells are possessed by a proud and evil spirit. Let us exorcise them."

The suggestion at first startled the people as daring, and irreverent to the church bells, but in their despair they agreed to try it. A solemn procession of priests and holy men and women mounted the cathedral tower, and, in ancient formulas, with prayer and incense, and the music of holy hymns, they exorcised the fiend.

Then at once a tide of pent-up music flowed from the liberated bells! They conscientiously rang out at once every hour and half-hour they had omitted, and meekly and steadily resumed their wonted chimes, and continued them ever afterward, like voices of happy and lowly angels calling men to wake and pray, to "rise and eat," to pray and rest; cheering the workman to his daily labor, and welcoming him from it; chanting to the mother as she lulled her babies; and in the sick chamber soothing the lonely hours with melodious sounds, and waking in the lonely heart sweet echoes of the psalms of praise.

Here the legend ended. I heard, however, afterward, that the young priest, the Augustine friar, lived to spread glad tidings through the city, but that he was burned in the cathedral square for preaching to men what he had said about church bells. Yet, in the flames, it was said, he looked up to the cathedral tower, and sang the words of a psalm of praise while the old bells were chiming, till his voice was silenced by death. And ever since the chimes have taken up his message and chant to those who will listen hour by hour.

"Whether, therefore, ye eat or drink, or whatever ye do, do all to the glory of God."

Puget Sound.

The Hon. Wm. A. Howard, of Grand Rapids, Mich., recently delivered a lecture to his fellow citizens, in which he gave a glowing account of the timber region around Puget Sound. Among other things he said he had seen pine trees there each of which would make more lumber than the average of fifty acres of timber land in Michigan would produce. The average yield of five acres of pine lumber land in Michigan, he said, is less than 50,000 feet; but there are trees in the Puget Sound region which will yield 86,000 feet of lumber each, without working up to within eighty feet of the small end. He had seen trees ten feet through at the butt, sound as they could be, straight as an arrow, and more than 250 feet high. The wood of these gigantic trees is coarse, and is not good for fine work; but in the same region are very large white cedars, which grow in abundance, and make excellent finishing lumber. Fir and pine trees, however, are the most common in the region described, there being three kinds of the latter, white, yellow and red, the red predominating. This has a coarse grain, something like hemlock, but is free from knots. It is the red pine which grows to such an enormous size.

Mountains of Silver.

A Colorado City letter says: I have just examined specimens of ore from thirteen new leads of silver mines recently discovered within eighty miles of this place, the assay of which has proved them to be of wonderful richness, varying from 240 to 1,300 ounces of silver per ton of ore. The Little Emma Mine in Utah, so celebrated, yields on average of only about 140 ounces in silver per ton, and that at a great depth from the surface.

These marvellous argentine deposits are found at an elevation of about 14,000 feet above the level of the sea. They will not be opened nor their wealth displayed until the melting of the snows. The miners in this Territory were unusually successful last summer and are flocking down to the valleys to spend the winter and their money. Miners, as a rule, are as improvident as sailors. Every spring they go upon a cruise empty handed, and neither hardship nor misfortune teaches them thrift or frugality. Some few in the winter months hunt game, and thus save their summer's earnings.

No Oldish Women in France.

When cabriolets came into fashion under Louis the Fifteenth, bon ton required that every woman of quality should drive her vehicle herself. But the fairest hands were not the most skillful, and accidents were fearfully numerous. The king sent for M d'Argenson, and begged him to take measures for the safety of passengers in the street. "I will do so with all my heart," he answered. "But do you wish accidents to disappear completely?" "Parbin! To be sure I do." Leave me to manage, then." The next day an *ordonance* appeared, to the effect that no lady under 30 years of age could be permitted to drive a cabriolet. Two days afterward, not a single cabriolet conducted by a female driver was seen in the streets of Paris. Not one Parisienne had the courage to avow, by driving a cabriolet, that she was 30 years of age.

Sparks from Boston Ruins.

Making the grand rounds of the burned district, the whole area was found to be undergoing a constant change. The derricks, with their heavy and swaying radias of cordage, were planted all over the grounds, making the district much resemble a busy shipyard. Hundreds of carts were constantly leaving with loads of debris, and as many more coming in to be reloaded.

Total amount of subscriptions to the relief fund, to date, $163,312. Total amount to the Harvard Fund, $101,980. James Anthony Froude, the English historian and lecturer, has contributed $750 to the relief fund.

Many merchants in distant cities are paying what they owe to Boston, and the deposits in the banks of the city are rapily increasing. Will newspaper man please take notice and do likewise.

Lee's Monument.

The Richmond Enquirer says that the marble for the memorial sarcophagus and recumbent statue of General Lee has been quarried in Vermont, and will shortly arrive in that city, and be carved from the design in plaster. Means are now needed to enable the sculptor to go forward and finish the work. The total cost of the work undertaken by the Memorial Assodiation is $20,000, of which $5,000 have been contributed; $15,000 are yet required. As the surest and readiest way of raising this sum the Association of the Army of Northern Virginia, at its late meeting in that city, appealed to the ladies of the South to join in celebrating the 20th of January, 1873, the anniversary of General Lee's birthday, in taking such steps as will secure the sum of money needed to properly adorn his tomb at Lexington.

A Forthcoming Royal Marriage.

There is no reason to believe that England will shortly have another Royal marriage. The visit of the Duke of Edinburg to the Hanoverian ex-royal family at Gmunden is believed on the Continent to be connected with the Duke's betrothal to one of the ex-King's daughters. He has two, both of them, it is said, under twenty-one, and both very pretty. Their father is reported to be one of the richest men in Europe, so there ought to be no difficulty about the dowry, which will be especially gratifying to Mr. Lowe, at this season of discontent.

THE New York Herald says: "It is remarkable how the value of some singers' services increase with success in the smaller cities. For instance, Mr. Jacob Muller, the baritone, writes from San Francisco that he will sing in concerts in this city for four hundred dollars per night."

Proceedings in Congress.

SENATE.—Among the bills introduced on December 16th was one by Mr. Carpenter regulating the taking of private property for public use. A resolution for the appointment of a committee of five on the question of providing cheaper transportation from the West to the East was passed. Mr. Sherman, from the Committee on Finance, reported, with amendments, the House bill authorizing the exchange of registered bonds for coupon bonds. As amended the bill authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue coupon bonds in exchange for registered bonds in other respects of the same class and description provided the expenses of their issue be paid by the owner thereof, and under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe. Mr. Sherman also reported the House bill revising the mint and coinage laws, with amendments, among which is one providing for a trade silver dollar of the weight of 420 grains troy, a silver half-dollar weighing 12½ grammes, and a quarter-dollar and a dime, respectively one-half and one-fifth the weight of the fifty-cent coin. All these silver coins are to be legal-tender at their notional value for any amount not exceeding four dollars in any one payment. No other business of importance was transacted.

HOUSE.—Among the bills introduced were the following: Authorizing free banking; to repeal the law requiring double postage on matter not fully prepaid; to repeal the tax on tobacco; granting one million acres of public lands to the Brown Theological Institute in Florida; also for a like grant to the Agricultural College of Florida. Mr. Garfield presented a petition of the two sons of the late Senator Douglas for compensation for cotton taken from them in North Carolina during the war. A resolution was passed, yeas 115, nays 53, that no measures be taken toward removing from the army register or regimental colors of the United States the names of the battles of the rebellion. A resolution instructing the Post-office Committee to enquire as to the propriety of the election of postmasters was adopted. A bill was passed for the tranportation through the mails of agricultural and flowering seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions, etc., at the rate of two cents for every four ounces weight, not to exceed four-pound packages. A resolution offered by Mr. Cox, in regard to sharks in Louisiana, was rejected. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the deficiency bill.

SENATE.—On December 17 the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to consider the question of cheaper transportation from West to East; Messrs. Windom, Sherman, Conkling, Ames, Casserly and Norwood. The Indian appropriation bill was reported with unimportant amendments. The Senate resumed the consideration of the French spoliation bill.

HOUSE.—The bill providing for determining the boundary line through the Haro channel as decided by the Emperor of Germany was passed. The bill appropriating $100,000 for American exhibitors at Vienna was discussed at considerable length. Brooks denied the Credit Mobilier charges made against him by H. S. McComb. A desultory discussion took place relative to enlarging the scope of the investigation, and as to sitting with open doors, but no action was taken. The report of the conference committee on the bill to remove the sunken wrecks from the channel of Sandy Hook was taken up and agreed to. The House then took up as the special order the bill reported from the Judiciary Committee last session for a settlement with the states of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, of the five per cent. of the net proceeds of the sales of public lands within those states but adjourned without action.

SENATE—On December 18, Mr. Pomeroy, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill for the relief of the settlers on the Cherokee lands. The bill was discussed until the expiration of the morning hour. Bills were introduced to secure a more efficient and honest administration of Indian affairs, and authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to negotiate with the Creek Indians for the cession of a part of their reservation. Mr. Stevenson formally announced the death of his colleague, Garret Davis, and delivered a eulogy. Messrs. Vickers, Cameron, Thurman, Sumner, Bayard and Trumbull also eulogized the deceased. Mr. Sumner, in his remarks, made an allusion to Seward and Greeley as contemporaries of Davis—like him followers of Clay. After the addresses the customary resolutions were adopted and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—On motion of Mr. Monroe, a bill was passed authorizing the Comptroller of the Currency to examine into the condition of the savings banks in the District of Columbia. The bill for settlement with the states of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois of the five per cent. land claim under an act of March 3d, 1857, was passed. The House spent some time in committee of the whole on the deficiency bill, and upon rising, eulogies on the late Senator Davis, of Kentucky, were delivered, after which the House rdjourned.

SENATE.—The House bill amendatory of the postal code, with amendments, was reported on December 19th and passed. The amendments change the rates of postage on seeds, authorized to be transmitted, from twenty cents for four ounces to one cent for two ounces or fraction of two ounces, and provides that all mail matter of the third class must be fully prepaid. Several bills were reported from committee adversely. Mr. Sherman, from the Finance Committee, reported a substitute for the bill prohibiting the sale of liquors in the District of Columbia and other territories. The bill authorizing the exchange of registered and coupon bonds was discussed and laid over. Mr. Ramsey reported a postal telegraph bill. The Senate then resumed the consideration of the French spoliation bill.

HOUSE.—A resolution was adopted authorizing the Banking Committee to inquire whether unlawful combinations for locking up gold and money exist, causing commercial and financial stringency, and report legislation to prevent and punish such unlawful combinations. A bill to defray the expenses of the Mexican Commission was passed. The diplomatic appropriation bill, appropriating $1,832,000 was reported and made the special order for January 7. The consideration of the deficiency bill was then resumed in Committee of the Whole, and upon rising the measure was passed. Yeas 149, nays 71. The bill to defray the expense of transporting goods to the Vienna Exposition was passed. Leave of absence was granted to a great many members. Amid much confusion and pressure for adjournment several bills were introduced and referred, and the House adjourned.

SENATE—A bill, on Friday, December 20, extending the time for the completion of the Winona and St. Peter Railroad passed, as was also the deficiency appropriation bill. No other business of importance was transacted, and the Senate adjourned over the Holidays.

HOUSE.—Bills were introduced, To extend the time for entries for Osage lands in Kansas; To secure a more efficient Indian administration in the territories; To amend the Constitution in regard to the election of President, Vice-President and Senators by the people. The House adjourned over the Holidays.

A Washington Sensation.

From the Capitol.

The social life of Washington is agitated by the rumor of a lawsuit brewing, wherein a gay, dashing widower, after winning the affections of a young lady, had the day agreed upon and the trousseau purchased, suddenly turned up with a wife that he married in an adjoining city. The mortification of the young lady—an official, by the by—was made more painful by the publication that had been given the affair. Not only had the day been fixed, but as we have said, the trousseau obtained and the guests invited. Her mortification is somewhat modified by learning from general rumor that the poor girl is not alone. This gay deceiver it seems, flung his promises, if not his affections, about in the most promiscuous manner. It has been suggested that the sufferers hold an indignation meeting and resolutions. But the suit for breach of promise is more substantial, and generally ends in bringing upon the head of the offender the wrath, contempt, and indignation of the virtuous community, to say nothing of damages that will be assessed.

The defendant in these cases has generally two suits—one with his wife and the other with the disappointed. The wife is generally very much disappointed, then indignant—a storm arises. What: this late lover of hers, now her loving husband, to be in such a scrape! Trifling with other woman's affections—has he not been trifling with hers? But the storm dies out, and the wife from being an angry enemy becomes an active ally. One can imagine the poor devil of a husband pleading piteously with his better half, by law and the sanction of the church, and then going exhausted into court to fight that other fair one who cannot be captured.

Hymn of Peace.

We sing to thee, O glorious river!
Descending all the hills of time;
To earth's bright field a gladsome giver,
We bring the songs from every clime.
Sing, happy hearts! sing low and tender!
Sing soft, O sea! sing sweet, O shore!
Sing, bending blue! thy scroll of splendor
Bear notes of peace forever more!
Songs ever blending and ascending,
Sweet peace, we give thee o'er and o'er.

Blest stream, born 'mid the mountains lonely—
Those far-off years whose peaks rise high:
Child of love's ocean, God, the only,
[illegible] thee to earth from out the sky.
[illegible] course through time's commotion;
We trace [illegible] the dread survey
We shudder [illegible] have checked thy motion
What fearful storms [illegible] ve barred the way!
What frightful rocks [illegible] on,
Yet all triumphant to the [illegible] day.
Sweet peace, thy waters flow to—

O silent river, smoothly flowing!
How bright the blue that blends o'er thee!
Millenial sunlight now is glowing
Across the nearing western sea.
Blest prince of peace! thy sons and daughters,
Rejoicing in thy gift to them,
Send far adown the widening waters
The echoing song of Bethlehem,—
The song all-glorious and victorious,
The angel song of Bethlehem.

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

GUILT FRAMES—Prison windows.

PEAR trees are blossoming in Texas.

A WARRENTON (Ga.) man walked fourteen miles to pay a lawyer a debt of $10.

A LOCAL paper says that John Hay's lecture "abounds in splendid perorations."

VALUABLE bismuth mines have been discovered 200 miles south of Salt Lake City.

THE latest definition of a gentleman is "a man who can put on a clean collar without being conspicuous."

A FIVE FOOT vein of zinc, sixteen feet below the surface, has been discovered at Olive Hill, in North Kentucky.

A LOST dog in Norfolk, having seen his master's notice in one of the local prints, promptly went home.

THE ship timber of the Saginaw Valley costs about $108 per 1,000 cubic feet.

THE Postmaster of Cambridge, Mass., has held his office for fifty years in succession.

INDIANS are fined for drunkenness in Olympia, W. T., and made to work it out on the streets.

IT is thought that about 50,000,000 feet of logs will be gotten out by the lumbermen of Manistee county during the winter.

GENERAL VON ROEN will act provisionally as President of the Prussian Council of Ministers, the Emperor having granted Prince Bismarck's request to be relieved.

MINIATURE conservatories are the latest thing in drawing-room furniture. They are of glass, about the size of a piano, and are supposed to contain choice plants and flowers.

BUT $7,000 of the money left by Lucky Ostrom, the maiden miser of Poughkeepsie, remains to be divided among the heirs, and the lawyers have not been paid. It was originally $22,000.

ONE of the most interesting and hotly contested lawsuits ever witnessed in the state has just been concluded in Michigan. It originated from the fact that two women claimed the same water fall.

MADAME MELOUEIL, one of Queen Marie Antoinette's maids of honor, who accompanied her unfortunate friend to the foot of the scaffold, has just died at the age of 102 years.

THE best dower to advance the marriage of a young lady is, when she has in her countenance mildness, in her speech wisdom, in her behaviour modesty, and in her life virtue.

M. GOUNOD has given his total profit from the sale of the song "Maid of Athens" to Mrs. Black, now aged and poverty-stricken, to celebrate whose beauty Byron wrote the verses.

A MASSIVE granite pedestal and iron standard, surmounted by a board, to mark the spot where it shall be lawful to hold public meetings, has been erected in Hyde Park, London.

THE fear of witchcraft is so strong with the Chinese in California that, when on a journey, they will not lodge

The Night After Christmas.

ILLUSTRATED BY D. SCATTERGOOD.

'Twas the night after Christmas, when all through the house
Every soul was abed, and still as a mouse:

Those stockings so late in St. Nicholas' care
Were empty of all that was eatable there.

The darlings had duly been tucked in their beds,
With very full stomachs, and pains in their heads.

I was dozing away in my new cotton cap,
And Nancy was rather far gone in a nap,

When out in the nursery rose such a clatter
I sprang from my sleep, crying, "What is the matter?"

I flew to each bedside—still half in a doze—
Tore open the curtains and threw off the clothes;

"The hideous plight of the absents below."

While the light of the taper served plainly to show
The piteous plight of those objects below;

For what to the fond father's eyes should appear
But the little pale face of each sick little dear,

For each pet that had crammed itself full as a tick
I knew in a moment now felt like Old Nick.

Their pulses were rapid, their breathing the same;
What their stomachs ejected I'll mention by name:

New turkey, now stuffing, plum-pudding, of course,
And cornstarch and crullers, and cranberry sauce:

Before outraged nature all went to the wall,
Yes, lollypops, flapdoodle, dinner and all.

Like pellets which urchins from popguns let fly,
Went figs, nuts, and raisins, jam, jelly and pie;

Till each error of diet was brought to my view,
To the shame of mamma, and of Santa Claus too.

I turned from the sight, to my bedroom stepped back,
And brought out a vial marked "Pulv. Ipecac."

"Don't you think you had better, love, run for a Doctor?"

When my Nancy exclaimed, for their sufferings shocked her,
"Don't you think you had better, love, run for a doctor?"

I ran; and was scarcely back under my roof,
When I heard the sharp clatter of old Jalap's hoof:

I might say that I had scarcely turned myself round
When the doctor came into the room with a bound.

He was covered with mud from his head to his foot,
And the suit he had on was his very worst suit;

He hardly had time to put that on his back,
And he looked like a Falstaff half huddled with sack;

His eyes, how they twinkled! Had the doctor got merry?
His lips looked like port, and his breath smelt like sherry.

He hadn't been shaved for a fortnight or so,
And the beard on his chin wasn't white as the snow.

"But inspecting their tongues in spite of their teeth."

But, inspecting their tongues, in spite of their teeth,
And drawing his watch from his waistcoat beneath,

He felt of each pulse, saying, "Each little belly
Must get rid"—here he laughed—"of the rest of that jelly."

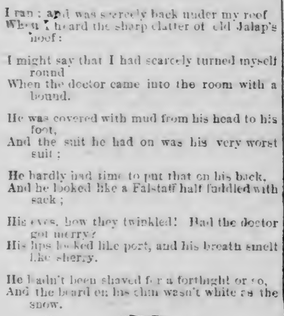
I gazed on each chubby, plump, sick little elf,
And groaned when he said so, in spite of myself;

But a wink of his eye, when he physicked our Fred,
Soon gave me to know I had nothing to dread.
He didn't prescribe; but went straightway to work,
And dosed all the rest—gave his trowsers a jerk—

And, adding directions while blowing his nose,
He buttoned his coat, from his chair he arose,

Then jumped in his gig, gave old Jalap a whistle,
And Jalap dashed off as if pricked by a thistle.

But the doctor exclaimed, ere he drove out of sight,
"They'll be well by to-morrow: good-night, Jones, good-night."



The doctor exclaimed ere he drove out of sight."

BREVET MAJOR-GENERAL AUGUST V. KAUTZ was recently married in Cincinnati to Miss Markbreit. Gen. Phil. Sheridan, one of the groomsmen, was conspicuously absent, owing the Enquirer says, "to his own approaching nuptials."

Love's Last Relic.

BY WILD EDGERTON.

Only a little silken curl,
Cut from the head of a laughing girl
In happy long ago;
But alas! the happy girl is dead,
And from my life the light has fled,
For, O! I loved her so!

Only a little lock of hair
That crowned my darling bright and fair,
Before death's parting blow;
Yet it brings me back her vanished charms
Her pressing lips and clinging arms,
For, O! I loved her so!

Only a little golden tress
That used my sweet one's cheek to press,
And o'er her shoulders flow;
But, looking back through long-gone years,
A holy thing that tress appears,
For, O! I loved her so!

Only a little sunny shred
By which my heart was captive led
In happy youth—and, lo!
It still leads on through grief and pain
To where the parted meet again,
For, O! I loved her so!

Only a little ringlet fair,
Only a dead girl's glossy hair,
But worlds could not bestow
Treasure enough to fill its place,
And summon back the one lost face
That I have worshiped so!

NEW YORK, December, 1872.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

What Buds Give the Best Grapes.

The Pacific Rural Press says:

"We would mention a fact which has come within our observation and experience, which, if generally true, is of some importance. It is this: That the fruit from the base of the past year's cane throws out larger and better developed grapes than either the first or second. The grapes from these buds seem also better flavored, and generally superior to those on the first and second. In accordance with this hint we have adopted the plan of cutting the cane at such length as to leave the third bud, generally, and sometimes the fourth, when a good strong one, and then rubbing off the first and second buds, and leaving the third and fourth for fruit. The number of fruit buds left on the vine must depend on the age and strength of the vine. If the vines are strong and vigorous at three years, from two to three bunches of grapes may be allowed to mature on each without injury."

Winter Pears.

The Country Cultivator says:

"A young cultivator wishes to know what varieties of winter pear will give a supply from the present time or about the first of winter, for two or three months—such sorts as have been sufficiently tried to be of established character. He has a good supply of autumn pears, but has overlooked those for winter. In answer to this inquiry we may state that we are now enjoying the Anjou, which is unquestionably the best of this season, the Winter Nells and the Lawrence. These will probably furnish a good supply till about the first of the year—sometimes the Lawrence last nearly into February. Very much depends upon the manner in which these fruits are kept, and the fitness of the apartments for storing them. Keep the specimens in as cool a place as possible after they are gathered, and before they are placed in the cellar. A cool out-house, or a suitable apartment in a carriage house, fronting the north, answers a good purpose. A fruit room, built above ground on purpose, is best, where there are large quantities to be stored; or in the absence of this building an apartment may be divided off by double boarding in some other building, and covering the boxes in which the fruit is packed with chaff of fine straw. This protection will often be sufficient until the time has far advanced into December; and there will be no danger till intensely cold weather sets in, and it will be some days before the frost can pass the barrier of double partitions and the thick stratum of chaff. After they go to the cellar, keep the apartment well ventilated and regulated to a low temperature above freezing by a thermometer.

We have mentioned the Anjou as the best early winter pear. If kept in a warm apartment, it will ripen in autumn, even as early as the first of October; but by keeping cool, according to the mode just mentioned, they may be had even as late as the first of the year. There is some variation in different seasons. We have known the Winter Nelis to ripen fully in November, when the autumn had been warm, but the period was retarded some weeks by keeping the pears in a cool place.

After the Anjou, Winter Nells and Lawrence, the Josephine de Malines is the best, ripening in January, and keeping till February. Doyenne d'Alencon ripens about the same time, but is not so good in quality. It is, however, a hard tree and good bearer, and is on the whole a desirable sort. The Eastern Beurre, when it matures well, will keep into April, and ripen into a delicious fruit, but on the whole it is rather an uncertain sort. Josephine de Malines is poor in some places, but is mostly delicious and excellent. It grows well on quince

We should not omit the name of the Vicar of Wakefield as an early or mid-winter pear of value. It is a free grower and a prodigious bearer—the fruit large and fair. It is occasionally, when well grown and ripened, of good quality for the table, being pleasant and agreeable, although not rich; but its chief value is for baking and stewing. The principal reason why the fruit is so often poor is that it is allowed to overbear."

Household Recipes.

ROLL CAKE.—Three eggs, one cup of sugar, one cup of flour, stir well into it one teaspoonful of cream tartar and half as much soda, bake quick, and roll with jelly when hot, bake in square tins.

HICKORY NUT CAKE.—Take one-half cup butter, two cups of sugar, and four eggs beaten seperately, three cups of flour, one-half cup of sweet milk, two teaspoonfuls baking powder, two cups of hickory nut meats cut fine, one tea spoon extra vanilla.

FRUIT CAKE.—Four eggs, one cup of butter, two cups of brown sugar, one cup of molasses, three cups of flour, one teaspoonful of soda, one nutmeg, clove, allspice, mace, one teaspoonful each; one quarter of a pound of citron, one and half pound of raisins, one pound of currants, one glass of brandy, more spice, and some extract of lemon if you wish. Bake two or three hours.

GRAHAM MUFFINS.—Take three pints of lukewarm milk, half a teacup of home-made hop yeast, three tablespoonfuls of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt; stir it into three pints of Graham flour and one pint of barrel flour. Set it in a warm place to rise over night, and next morning pour it into "gem" pans of muffin rings, and bake in a very hot oven.

GRAHAM BREAD.—Take one quart milk-warm water, or two-thirds milk and one-third water; stir this into a pint of wheat flour, and enough Graham flour to make a stiff batter. Mix with it half a pint of home-made yeast, or two tablespoonfuls of bakers' yeast; add a pinch of salt. Let it rise in a warm place over night. In the morning add to it a small teacup of molasses or brown sugar, and stir in enough Graham flour to make as stiff a batter as is possible to stir with a spoon. Put the batter into two bread tins to rise, and let them stand about an hour, or until the sponge is well risen. If there is any danger of its becoming acid, a small teaspoonful of soda dissolved in hot water could be added with the molasses. Graham flour requires a thinner or softer sponge than wheat flour, and it cannot be moulded with the hands; it also needs baking a little longer than loaves made of bolted flour. It is well to stir the yeast into the milk warm water, and then turn that upon the Graham and bolted flour. The latter is added to give more gluten or consistency to the dough.

BUTTERMILK GRAHAM CAKES.—Take three cups of rich buttermilk; add to it one teaspoontul of soda, dissolve in hot water; mix with one large handful of bolted flour, and enough Graham flour to make it as stiff as griddle cakes; put in a pinch of salt, and one egg thoroughly beaten. Put a "gem" pan on the stove and heat it very hot; butter the apertures, and turn in the batter. Let it stand on the stove until the bubbles rise in the batter; then bake in a hot oven for twenty minutes. These are more delicious than cake raised with yeast.

RICE PUDDING WITHOUT EGGS.—One gallon milk, one large teacup of rice, one teacup of sugar, raisins in quantity to suit; bake three hours in a moderate oven, stir after the first hour.

A Preventive of Small-Pox.

The Atlantic Medical and Surgical Journal of last April published the following: Dr. G. D. Norris, at a recent meeting of the Alabama State Medical Association, stated that during the prevalence of the small-pox in Huntsville, certain families, at the instance of some one unknown, had resorted to the free use of the tea of the *cimicifuga racemose*, or black-snake root of the United States Pharmacopœia (black cohosh), as a preventive of small-pox. In the families using the *cimifuga* there occurred no case of the small-pox, though some were exposed to the disease. In the same families Dr. Norris vaccinated the members, but without effect so long as they continued the use of cohosh; after ceasing the use of the tea as a prophylactic he again vaccinated them, when the specific effects of the vaccine virus were produced. He submitted the results in these cases as new, and not without interest to the profession.

A Revolting Story.

From the New Albany (Ind.) Ledger, Dec. 13.

The particulars of the death and burial of a small-pox patient in this city has just been reported to us, which contains some revolting details, and which, if true, demands more than mere mention. Some three weeks or more ago a colored man named Brutus Smith, living on Upper Fourth street, was taken down with this terrible disease, and died on Monday, the 25th of last month. After his death the notorious Bill Watkins was employed to bury his body. It is said that he went to the bed, seized the dead man by the legs, dragged him ont of bed on to the floor, and thence down the stairway, where he placed the body in a rough box, hauled it to West Union, and kept it for nearly a week before it was interred.

It is also rumored that Watkins never interred the body in any burial grounds, but conveyed it to a swamp and there covered it from sight.

LIVER COMPLAINT, LIVER DISEASE, I. E. BILIOUSNESS.—Bilious complaints—by somr termed liver disease—are very common in this country. The ordinary indications, such as yellowness of the skin and whites of the eyes, pain in the right side under the inferior ribs, with sometimes difficulty of respiration and troublesome cough—are familiar to a host of sufferers; but the liver, sometimes, is in a very unsatisfactory state without the presence of such symptoms. When we reflect that the liver is the largest gland of the body, that it secretes the bile which lubricates the bowels and keeps them in order, is the great blood purifier or cleansing machine of our system, it may truly be called the *Housekeeper of our Health*. Sudden transitions of climatic temperature, or impure *air* or *water* are disturbing elements which arrest the functions of the liver, and render it torpid producing, *diarrhœa, dysentery, bilious, remittent, intermittent fevers*, and a general prostration, and unhealthy state of the whole organization.

It is not surprising that a medicine which can restore the healthy operations of the liver, should command general attention. Such a medicine is CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS. The Housekeeper's Towel and Broom.—Com.

THE distinguished comedian, Joseph Jefferson, is at present in Boston, the guest of Mr. William Warren, of the Boston Museum. Mr. Jefferson's eyesight has greatly improved since last accounts, and he is in the enjoyment of better health. He will soon leave for his place in Louisiana, where he intends to spend the winter. By May of next year he expects to go upon the stage again.

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SAID A PARENT TO A CHILD.—"Just look at those Shoes, only bought last week; good as new, all but the toes, which are worn through. Money thrown away, feet wet, stockings soiled, all because they were not Metal Tipped." Parents, take your choice, neat, genteel, Silver Tipped shoes, which never wear out at the toe, or shoes without Tips, with ragged holes and protruding toes. Which looks the best? Which is the cheapest?—Com.

The Chicago Tribune

Now occupies its rebuilt premises with greatly improved facilities, and appears in a new quarto form of fifty-six columns, the largest, handsomest and best newspaper published west of New York. Its distinguishing features are: the earliest and fullest news from all quarters, at whatever cost; full and accurate commercial, real estate and general market reports, and great ability in its editorial, literary and agricultural departments. It is independent and outspoken in its views, with full faith that Time, which sooner or later gives to right the victory, will vindicate its principles. It has been the most powerful agency in the Northwest in inspiring and moulding that strong, free public sentiment which, at last, has united all parties in maintaining the equal rights of all, irrespective of race, creed or color. The advocate of Progress, the friend of Virtue, the fosterer of Art, Education and general culture, its great success is largely due to its high character as the best representative of the Industrial and Business interests; and the marvelous enterprise, of the West. Its advertising columns reveal the *great fact*—more convincing than words—that, whoever wishes to know, or to make known anything patronizes the *Tribune*. It is emphatically the *people's Tribune*, which no Western man of business or culture can afford to be without.

The Tri-Weekly contains, in each issue, the substance of two Dailies.

The Weekly will contain the cream of the Dailies, the unrivaled articles of Rural on "The Farm and Garden," so eagerly looked for by Western readers, and original and selected sketches, tales and articles of special interest to the Home and the Fireside. In the copiousness and freshness of its news, literary excellence and adaptation to the wants of Western people, it has no equal.—Com.

LIGHTNING CURE.—The prompt relief afforded in numerous cases by the use of Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment has not only persuaded people that it contains Magnetism, but they call it the Lightning Cure.

In Rheumatism, Wandering Pains, Neuralgia and Irritability, one application gives instant relief, and continued use will usually accomplish a permanent cure.

See advertisement in this paper.—Com.

IF your horse is lame, sore or galled, you should use *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*, wash the part with castile soap and warm water, rub dry, with a clean cloth, then apply the Liniment, rub in well with hand.

HAVE the readers of this paper ever used any of *Parson's Purgative Pills*? if not, why not? they are the best family physic, besides being the greatest anti-bilious remedy there is in this country.—Com.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, of Boston, is a thoroughly wide-awake paper, having among its contributors such writers as Prof. De Mille, Louisa M. Alcott, Sophie May, Mrs. Rebecca Harding Davis and Mrs. Louisa Chandler Moulton. No writers more attractive in the country, and no publication for young people more enterprising and useful.—Com.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, rough skin, pimples, ring-worm, salt-rheum, and other cutaneous affections, cured, and the skin made soft and smooth, by using the JUNIPER TAR SOAP, made by CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York. It is more convenient and easily applied than other remedies, avoiding the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use.—Com.

THE American Agriculturist, speaking of the great merits of CABLE SCREW WIRE Boots and Shoes, says: "A trial of these goods for several months past, and the testimony we have from dealers, prove this method of fastening soles to be a good improvement; there is no ripping, the wire holds until the sole of the shoe is fairly worn out.—Com.

A NEGLECTED COUGH, Cold, or Sore, Throat, which might be checked by a simple remedy, like "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," if allowed to progress may terminate seriously.—Com.

NO QUESTION about the management and resources of the WASHINGTON LIFE Insurance it without delay.—Com.

MORMON SECRETS sent free. Address Andrew Henley, Omaha, Nebraska.—Com.

DIO LEWIS says the neck should be dressed lightly. From the many movements which are made by the larynx in speaking, it is inferred that it is a matter of great importance that the neck in health, should be always loosely dressed. Tight cravats are sure to obstruct the proper function of this organ, and bring an irritation which may lead to bronchitis or consumption.

MADISON'S old Virginia home, "Sunnyside," was lately sold for $5,600.

A Manual of Health.

An edition of between nine and ten millions of copies of a very useful work is now ready for gratuitous distribution, and can be had for the asking at any drug store in the United States, the British Colonies, Spanish America or Brazil. The work referred to is Hostetter's Almanac for 1873. The medical portion of it treats of the various ailments to which the human system is subject, and sets forth the peculiar properties of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters—the purest and best tonic at present known—as a preservative of health and strength, and as a remedy for debility and disease. The Almanac is printed in all the principal languages of the civilized world, and reaches a larger number of families and individuals than any other medical treatise that ever issued from the press. No man or woman who has a due regard for the choicest of heaven's blessings, bodily vigor, should fail to read the plain, simple and convincing articles which this truly practical publication contains. The miscellaneous matter is varied, instructive and amusing, and the calendar department copious and comprehensive. Hostetter's Almanac is, in short, a household convenience, adapted for the use of all classes and callings. The farmer, the planter, the miner, the merchant, the mechanic, the laborer, the professional man, all need it; and to invalids of both sexes it is literally an article of prime necessity. The medical technicalities which render so many medical treatises intended for popular use unintelligible to the general reader, have been carefully avoided in this pamphlet. All is clear, explicit, forcible, and reconcilable with reason and common sense.

The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburg, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEEF CATTLE—Fair to prime	$ 8 00	@13 50
HOGS—Live	4 50	@ 4 25
SHEEP—Fair to prime	5 75	@ 8 00
COTTON—Middling		@ 19⅞
FLOUR—Spring Extra	7 25	@ 7 85
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	1 44	@ 1 54
CORN—Western Mixed	66	@ 67
OATS—Western	46	@ 49
RYE—Western		@ 93
BARLEY	87	@ 88
PORK—Mess		@13 25
LARD	7¾	@ 8⅛
CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Choice to extra prime	$ 5 25	@ 6 00
Medium to choice	5 00	@ 5 90
Common to fair	4 10	@ 4 40
HOGS—Live	3 50	@ 3 80
SHEEP—Live, good to choice	4 00	@ 5 00
BUTTER—Choice	26	@ 30
EGGS—Fresh	26	@ 28
FLOUR—White Winter Extra	8 50	@10 00
Spring Extra	5 75	@ 8 50
WHEAT—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 10
Spring, No. 2		@ 1 14⅝
CORN—No. 2		@ 30¾
OATS—No. 2		@ 24
RYE—No. 2		@ 65
BARLEY—No. 2		@ 65
PORK—Mess, New		@11 85
LARD	7¾	@ 7⅞
CINCINNATI.		
BEEF CATTLE	$ 4 50	@ 6 00
HOGS—Live	3 60	@ 3 75
SHEEP—Live	4 00	@ 4 75
FLOUR—Family	7 35	@ 7 50
WHEAT—Red		@ 1 60
CORN	27	@ 38
OATS	27	@ 28
RYE	68	@ 70
BARLEY	65	@ 70
PORK—Mess		@12 00
LARD	7	@ 7¾
ST. LOUIS.		
BEEF CATTLE—Choice	$ 5 50	@ 6 00
Good to Prime	3 25	@ 3 50
HOGS—Live	3 70	@ 3 80
SHEEP—Good to Choice	4 20	@ 4 70
FLOUR—Spring XX	6 50	@ 6 75
WHEAT—No. 3 Fall		@ 1 05
CORN		@ 31
OATS	23	@ 25½
RYE	68	@ 70
BARLEY	75	@ 90
PORK—Mess		@13 00
LARD	7	@ 7¾
MILWAUKEE.		
CATTLE—Choice to extra prime	$ 5 00	@ 5 00
Medium to choice	4 70	@ 5 00
Common to fair	3 00	@ 3 50
HOGS—Live	3 66	@ 3 80
SHEEP—Live—Good to Choice	3 50	@ 4 25
BUTTER—Choice	20	@ 24
EGGS—Fresh	24	@ 26
FLOUR—White Winter Extra	7 65	@ 8 00
Spring Extra	6 00	@ 6 50
WHEAT—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 20½
No. 2		@ 1 15⅜
CORN—No. 2		@ 35
OATS—No. 2		@ 26
RYE—No. 2		@ 67
BARLEY—No. 2		@ 72
PORK—Mess		@11 75
LARD	7¼	@ 7¾

A FRENCH surgeon has now inserted successfully into the skulls of his dogs watch crystals, through which he can observe the processes of the canine brain during sleep, in digestion, when influenced by rage or other emotion, and in its normal movements. The pack seem to show no aversion to having an eye set on their inmost thoughts, nor to contributing to science through their skylights, and the savan expects to show, as clear as crystal, that the theory that blood tends to the head in sleep is an error.

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Is extended to the *world* to place before the public a better *cough* or *lung* remedy than ALLENS LUNG BALSAM.

VERILY IT HATH NO EQUAL.

CONSUMPTIVES, READ!

Would you cure that distressing cough, and bring back that healthy vigor till lately planted in your cheek? If you would, do not delay; for, ere you are aware, it will be too late.

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Is your hope. It has been tried by thousands such as you, who have been cured; many, in their gratitude, have lent their names to us, that suffering humanity can read their evidence and believe. Don't experiment with new and untried mixtures—you cannot afford it—but try at once this invaluable article. It is warranted to break up the most troublesome cough in a few hours, if not of too long standing. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction in all cases of lung and throat difficulties.

UNSOLICITED EVIDENCE OF ITS MERITS.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

WHAT WELL KNOWN DRUGGISTS SAY ABOUT ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

SPRINGFIELD, TENN., Sept. 11, 1872.

GENTLEMEN: Ship us six dozen Allen's Lung Balsam at once. We have not a bottle left in our Store. It has more reputation than any cough medicine we have ever sold, and we have been in the drug business twenty-seven years; we mean just what we say about the Balsam.

Very truly yours,
HURT & TANNER.

AGAIN READ THE EVIDENCE from a Druggist who was cured by use of the Balsam, and now sells it largely.

L. Cottrell, Druggist at Marine City, Michigan, writes, Sept. 12, 1872: "I am out of Allen's Lung Balsam; send me half a gross as soon as you can: I would rather be out of any other medicine in my store. The Lung Balsam never fails to do good for those afflicted with a cough."

It is harmless to the most delicate child.
It contains no opium in any form.
It is sold by Medicine dealers generally.

CAUTION.

Be not deceived. Call for ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM, and take no other.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.

PROPRIETORS.

☞ Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

VEGETINE is nourishing and strengthening; purifies the blood; regulates the bowels; quiets the nervous system; acts directly upon the secretions, and arouses the whole system to action.

ATTEND TO THE FIRST SYMPTOMS OF CONSUMPTION, and that disease may be checked in its incipiency, use at once Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, a safe remedy for all affections of the Lungs and Bronchia.

TO

CONSUMPTIVES!

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, and all Throat or Lung difficulties.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
191 Penn street, Williamsburgh, N. Y.

THE WEEKLY WISCONSIN FREE!

To any one who will send us Three Dollars, we will send two copies of the WEEKLY WISCONSIN for one year, and one of the beautiful Oleographs entitled "THE FIRST STEP," size 11x15 inches, printed from twenty different stones. This is the finest Chromo ever offered as a premium, the retail price of this picture being $3.00. The subscriptions can be sent to different parties. Postage on Chromo, 10 cents.

The WEEKLY WISCONSIN is a large eight-page paper, filled with interesting matter for every one. No merchant, farmer or household can afford to be without it.

Terms of the Wisconsin.

WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

1 copy one year	$ 1.50
2 copies one year, and Chromo	3.00
10 copies one year	15.00
One copy to getter up of club, and Chromo.	
20 copies one year	25.00
One copy to getter up of club.	
50 copies one year	50.00
Additional copies at rate of the Club.	
Sample copies sent free.	

EVENING WISCONSIN.

1 copy one year	$10.00

SEMI-WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

1 copy one year	$3.00

All letters should be carefully addressed to CRAMER, AIKENS & CRAMER, Milwaukee, Wis.

THEA-NECTAR IS A PURE BLACK TEA with the Green Tea Flavor. Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale every where. And for sale wholesale only by the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., No. 191 Fulton St., and 2 and 4 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5643. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular.

Write for Large Illustrated Descriptive Price List to GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS PITTSBURGH PA

Double, Single, Muzzle and Breech Loading Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, &c., of every kind, for men or boys, at very low prices. Guns, $3 to $300; Pistols, $1 to $20.

CASH PREMIUMS FREE!

OVER

Twenty-One Thousand Dollars

Distributed next April, Free, among the $2.00 subscribers of the

WEEKLY ENQUIRER.

Inclose $2.00 for a year's subscription, or send for full particulars. Extra premiums for agents. Address FARAN & McLEAN, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Longest engaged, and most successful physician of the age. Consultation or pamphlet free. Call or write. Just published for the benefit of young men who suffer from Nervousness, Debility, &c., a treatise of 26 pages, for 2 stamps; a book 250 pages, illustrated, for 50 cents.

ASTONISHING! Mme La Rue produces a true picture of your future Husband or Wife, with name and date of marriage. Send your age, color of hair and eyes, with $1 cents, and receive picture, written destiny and P. O. address, so you can correspond. MME LA RUE, Box 538, Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED for the New Illustrated Book, IN WILD LIFE THE FAR WEST.

20 years of adventures among the Indians, &c. *Thrillingly interesting and fast selling.* For terms, address F. A. HUTCHINSON, Chicago, Ills., or St. Louis.

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

263 RECEIPTS WHICH COST $135

Sent on receipt of 10 cents. Address H. Y. BENJAMIN, St. Louis Mo.

ANY ESTATE IN FRANCE,

Belgium or Holland, promptly collected by J. F. FRUEAUFF, Attorney at Law, Columbia, Lancaster Co., Pa.

$10 to $20 per day. Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. BLAIR & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

SEND LOCK OF HAIR to Dr. A. DODGE, Red Oak, Ia.

For Family Use.

THE

HALFORD

LEICESTERSHIRE

TABLE SAUCE,

The Best Sauce and Relish

MADE IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD FOR

FAMILY USE.

Pints, - - - 50 Cents.
Half Pints, - - 30 Cents.

For Sale by all Grocers.

GIFT ENTERPRISE

The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the Country!

$60,000.00

IN VALUABLE GIFTS!

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN

L. D. SINE'S

159th REGULAR MONTHLY

Gift Enterprise

To be Drawn Monday, Feb. 17, 1873.

TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF

$5,000 each in Greenbacks!

Two Prizes $1,000 each
Five Prizes $500 each
Ten Prizes $100 each

GREENBACKS

One Horse and Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $800; One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $500; Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each; Five Gold Watches and Chains, worth $300 each; Five Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each; Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $75 each; 50 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all), worth from $20 to $200 each; Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c., &c.

Whole number Gifts, 6,500. Tickets limited to 60,000.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.

Single Tickets, $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to MAIN DEPOT,
101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 880, CINCINNATI, O.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!!

DON'T fail to procure MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

This valuable preparation has been used with NEVER-FAILING SUCCESS IN THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will also instantly relieve

Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic.

We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether arising from teething or any other cause.

Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to Your Infants.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

$300,000.

MISSOURI STATE LOTTERY!

Legalized by State Authority and Drawn in Public in St. Louis.

GRAND SINGLE NUMBER SCHEME!

50,000 NUMBERS!

Class M, to be Drawn December 31, 1872

5,880 Prizes Amounting to $300,000.

1 prize of	$50,000	503 prizes of	$100
1 prize of	15,000	9 prizes of	1,000
1 prize of	10,000	3 prizes of	500
1 prize of	7,500	3 prizes of	300
1 prize of	5,000	5 prizes of	250
4 prizes of	2,500	36 prizes of	200
20 prizes of	1,000	36 prizes of	150
20 prizes of	500	180 prizes of	100
10 prizes of	250	5000 prizes of	10

Tickets, $10. Half Tickets, $5. Qrts. 2.50.

☞ Our lotteries are chartered by the state, are always drawn at the time named, and all drawings are under the supervision of sworn commissioners.

☞ The official drawing will be published in the St. Louis papers, and a copy of Drawing sent to purchasers of tickets.

☞ We will draw a similar scheme the last day of every month during the year 1873.

☞ Remit at our risk by POSTOFFICE MONEY ORDERS, REGISTERED LETTER, DRAFT or EXPRESS. Send for circular.

Address MURRAY, MILLER & CO.,
Postoffice Box 2430. ST. LOUIS, Mo.

THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER.

THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER.

REV. JOHN HALL, D. D.,
JAMES ANTHONY FROUDE,
T. ADOLPHUS TROLLOPE, and others,
write for

THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER.

THE BEST Religious Newspaper. Evangelical, Able and Candid. It should find a place in every family. $3.00 per annum in advance, with "THE GLEANERS," a beautiful Chromo 17x23½ inches.)

Specimen copies sent free. Send for one.

Office, No. 8 New Church St., New York.

THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER.

THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!

On the line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD 12,000,000 acres of the best Farming and Mineral Lands in America.

3,000,000 acres in Nebraska, in the Platte Valley, now for sale.

Mild Climate, Fertile Soil,

for Grain Growing and Stock Raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER in PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

Free Homesteads for Actual Settlers.

The best location for Colonies—Soldiers entitled to a Homestead of 160 Acres

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere.

Address O. F. DAVIS,
Land Com'r U. P. R. R. Co., Omaha, Neb.

AMERICAN OLEOGRAPH CO.,

108, 110, 112, 114, 116 and 118

Spring Street,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

HUGO BROICH & LOUIS KURZ,

MANUFACTURERS OF

OLEOGRAPHS AND CHROMOS

☞ Show Cards and Music Titles made to order.

BOOK AGENTS and other Canvassers now at work, can learn how to increase their income $18 a week (sure) without interfering with their regular Canvassing by addressing F. N. REED, 139 Eighth St., N. Y.

$72.00 EACH WEEK—AGENTS WANTED. Business legitimate. Particulars free. J. WORTH, St. Louis, Mo. Box 2881.

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL

PURELY — CALIFORNIA

D. WALKER'S

EUREKA

VINEGAR BITTERS

GL

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the native roots and herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants.

TAX NOTICE.

The Tax Duplicate for the year A. D 1872 is now placed in my hands for collection and I will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting said Taxes for the year 1872

In Hollywood Town at the election poll on Monday the 6th day of Jan. A. D. 1873.

In Watertown at the Drug Store on Tuesday and Wednesday the 7th and 8th of January A. D. 1873.

In Waconia, at Maetzolds Hotel on Thursday the 9th day of January A. D. 1873.

In Laketown at the house of Henry Wenzig on Friday the 10th day of January A. D. 1873.

In Chanhassen, at the house of Geo. M Powers, on Saturday the 11th day of January A. D. 1873

In Camden at the house of C O Woodruff, on Monday the 13th day of January A. D. 1873

In Young America, at Fred Spieses Hotel on Tuesday and Wednesday the 14th and 15th day of January A. D. 1873.

In Benton at the house of Herman Bongards, on Thursday the 16th day of January A. D. 1873

In Benton, at the house of Mathias Ertz on Friday the 17th day of January A. D. 1873.

In Dahlgreen, at John Lorfeld on Saturday the 18th day of Jan. 1873.

In Hancock Town, at the Saw Mill on Tuesday the 21st day of Jan. 1873.

In Santrancisco, at J. A Hillstrom on Wednesday the 22d day Jan. 1873.

In Carver, at Blomquist Hotel on Thursday the 23d day of Jan 1873.

In Chaska, at my office on Friday the 24th day of Jan. 1873

Afterwards I will attend at the County Seat, to receive taxes from those wishing to pay the same.

The amount of Taxes levied on the Dollar valuation are as follows for 1872:

State Tax,	5	Mills.
Common School Tax,	2	"
County Revenue Fund,	9	"
County Special Fund,	1	"
County Poor Fund,	3	"

TOWN TAXES.

Benton Town Tax,	2	Mills.
Road and Bridge Tax,	3	"
Camden Town Tax,	1½	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	2	"
Chaska Town & Village, Town Tax	5	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	3	"
Int. on Court House Bonds	5	"
Chaska Village Tax,		
Chanhassen Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	2	"
Carver Town Tax,	12	"
Int. on Rail Road Bonds,	14½	"
Dahlgreen Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	4	"
Hollywood Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	3	"
Hancock Town Tax,	4	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	2	"
Laketown, Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	5	"
San Francisco Town Tax,	9	"
Waconia Town Tax.	4	"
Watertown Town Tax,	5	"
Young America Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	3½	"

School District Taxes.

No.	1	8	Mills.
No.	2	7	do
do	3	5	do
do	5	7	do
do	6	6	do
do	7	10	do
do	8	1½	do
do	9	10	do
do	10	10	do
do	11	2	do
do	12	14	do
do	14	5	do
do	16	7	do
do	17	29½	do
do	18	18	do
do	19	18	do
do	20	16½	do
do	22	3	do
do	24	3	do
do	28	11	do
do	31	5½	do
do	32	24	do
do	33	5½	do
do	34	4	do
do	35	3½	do
do	37	13½	do
do	38	16½	do
do	39	32½	do
do	40	2	do
do	41	2	do
do	42	5	do
do	43	10	do
do	44	15	do
do	46	5	do
do	47	11½	do
do	48	10	do
do	49	7	do
do	50	16½	do
do	51	6	do
do	52	4	do
do	53	14	do
do	54	10	do
do	55	6	do
do	56	6½	do
do	57	5	do
do	58	1½	do
do	59	27	do

All tax payers are earnestly requested to pay their taxes on peraenal property before the first day of February A. D. 1873

Chaska Dec. 5th 1872.

FRANK HASSENSTAB, Treasurer of Carver Co.

INSURANCE

GEO. MIX. AGENT

of the following Insurance Co's,

ÆTNA

Hartford, Con,—Assets 5,052, 000,00

UNDERWRITER'S AG'Y

New York City,—Assets 3,555,000,00

CHARTER OAK LIFE INS CO

OF

Hartford, Conn.—Assets, 4,000,000,00

Policies of Insurance issued against loss or damage by fire and perils of Inland transportation.

Losses Adjusted and Paid promptly at the place where the *Policy* is *Issued*.

Will attend promptly, to collections Paying of Taxes, &c.

OFFICE, AT THE "HERALD" OFFICE CHASKA MINNESOTA

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver, }
In Probate Court. } S. S.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Basler deceased.

Whereas, There was deposited in the Probate Court of Carver County Minn. September 30th 1872 an instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Charles Basler late of said County deceased, and whereas Barbara Basler has filed her petition that she may be appointed the executrix named in said instrument and by said Will, and praying that said instrument may be admitted to probate and letters testamentary to her issued thereon.

Now therefore that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court on monday the 18th day of November 1872 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the Probate Court room in said County of Carver when and where all persons concerned may appear and contest the probate of said will. It is further ordered, that public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication under these orders of a copy of said orders in the Valley Herald a paper published in Chaska in said County for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Given under my hand this 22d day of October 1872.

J. A. SARGENT, Judge of Probate.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF SUPT. OF SCHOOLS, }
For Carver Co. Minn. }

Notice is hereby given that the following School District clerks of Carver County have failed to forward to me the annual school report for 1872 as follows to-wit:

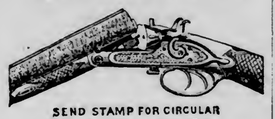
Mr I J. Coons Clerk of Dist. No.		10
Mr. G. M. Powers	do	12
Mr. V. Landgrof	do	16
Mr. Gerhard Kimpel	do	40
Mr. C. O. Woodruff	do	47
Mr. John Etzell	do	54
Mr. Dietrich Kuhlmann	do	59

Now therefore, if the above named clerks will not forward to me the said report within ten days after date, it will be my duty to notify the County Attorney of this County of such failure, who will proceed against them according to law.

Given under my hand this 25th day of October A. D. 1872.

J. T. KERKER,
Supt of schools for Carver Co.

THE PARKER GUN.



SEND STAMP FOR CIRCULAR

PARKER BRO'S
WEST MERIDEN, CT.

THE DISCOVERER
Discovered!

The Adventures of a Most Adventurous Life.

THE STANLEY LIVINGSTONE

Expedition to Equatorial Africa.

Is the title of a large octavo volume just issued to supply the demand for information in regard to Africa, with Incidents and the wonderful Career of both Stanley and Livingstone in their remarkable expeditions to this most interesting part of the Globe

WANTED—In every town in the United States and Canada. First Class men and women as Agents to canvass for this work. Everybody wants it. Anybody can sell it Address us for the most liberal terms ever offered. The Union Publishing Company, 65 Twenty-Second St., Chicago, Ill.

If you desire to secure territory at once send $2 50 for sample copy and Canvassing Book, or $1 00 to vassing Booky alone.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

On or about the 28th day of September, came into my inclosure one Red cow about nine years old, no marks. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away.

SWAND A. HOLM.
Dahlgreen Carver County, Minn.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION!

Marriage Guide.

A private Counselor to the Married or those about to marry on the physiological errors and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in producing and preventing offspring, how to preserve the complexion, &c.

This is an Interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage. Still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not laid carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world-wide, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.

Sent to any one (free of postage) for Fifty Cents.

Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 128 S. Eighth street St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the notorious quacks who advertise in public papers, or being any quack remedies peruse Dr. Butts' work on matter what your disease is, or how copperbottomed your reputation is.

Dr. Butts' office is a public house of twenty-seven rooms, conducted by owner of the most celebrated medical establishment in the West, and he can be consulted personally or by letter in this case, as usual in his practice, No. 128 S. Eighth street, between Olive street and Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo.

DR. A. TRASK'S
MAGNETIC OINTMENT

FOR THE CURE OF

INFLAMMATORY DISEASES.

Dr. Trask was engaged for twenty years in a course of experiments upon the medical properties and power of vegetables, separate and combined. At the age of seventy years he succeeded in presenting to the world, as the result of his experiments, a combination of Vegetable extracts the power of which in removing diseases is unequaled in the annals of Medicine.

His discovery consists in a combination of these powerful Vegetable Extracts with Electricity or Magnetism in the form of an Ointment

Certain, it is, that the remarkable and unprecedented success which has attended its application in the cure of diseases, stamps it at once as the greatest discovery of the age, and calls for a trial and close investigation of its properties.

It never fails, while there remains sufficient life to restore a natural and healthy action to the capillary vessels of the body, and equalize the circulation of the Blood. By this means a controlling power is gained over the most malignant forms of disease, which cannot be obtained from any other remedy.

Such is the power of this combination, that it penetrates to every portion of the human frame; every bone and muscle, vein, nerve and ligament is reached and made sensible of its purifying and healing influence. Hence it copes as readily with internal as external disease.

Numerous instances are on record where this remedy has restored health to patients so near the grave that the most powerful internal remedies failed to produce any effect. Such has frequently been the case in Inflammation of the Bowels.

No patient ever need die with this disease where the Magnetic Ointment can be obtained.

For Inflammatory Rheumatism this Ointment is the most complete remedy ever prepared. For Diphtheria or Putrid Sore Throat it is unrivaled.

In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, it will afford entire relief to the worst cases of Nervous Headache in thirty minutes.

For Nervous Diseases this medicine is of immense value.

Affections of the Spine, Rheumatism, Lameness, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Croup, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Agues in the Face or Breast, Burns, Scald Head, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Inflamed Eyes, Fever Sores, Sores, etc., will be immediately relieved by the use of Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment.

D. RANSOM, Son & Co., Prop'rs, Buffalo, N. Y.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The public is hereby notified that my wife Hedwig Kunze, left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, on or about the 1st day of June last and that they are hereby further notified not to trust or harbor her on my account as I will pay no debts of her contracting on and after this date.

Benton, July 27th 1872.

JOHN KUNZE.

DEATH TO BED-BUGS.

The undersigned has manufactured a preparation, easily used, that he guarantees, will rid every household of bedbugs. The preparation only costs $1. Give me a call at my barber shop

GOTTLIEB SCHUBIGER
Chaska Minn.

FERD. THIES.

Dealer in

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS
AND
TOYS AND NOTIONS.

Also keeps on hand and sells by the barrel and otherwise, APPLES!

Store on 2nd Street.

CHASKA, - - - - - MINN.

Chas. B. Newcomb & Co.

Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS!

Particular Attention Given To The Purchase and Shipment of Minnesota Wheat.

MILWAUKEE PRICES!

Paid at Duluth for all wheat offered them upon that market, and no charge for Commission.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON WHEAT STORED IN DULUTH ELEVATOR!

Winter Storage 4 cts.

OFFICES—St. Paul, Duluth, Stillwater, and Hastings Nov. 15.—3 mths

Dr. C. B. AMES

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

WATERTOWN . . . MINN.

Office at Lewis Drug Store. Offers his service to the citizens of Watertown and vicinity, and can always be found day or night ready to attend calls

F. W. HENNING
NOTARY PUBLIC.

CHASKA, ... MINN.

MILLINERY.
Mrs. F Salter.

Is constantly in receipt of, and at all times supplied, with a full assortment of

Fashionable Millinery Goods.

ALSO

DRESS TRIMMINGS, ORNETS, NETS &c., &c., &c.,

Dress-Making promptly attended to.

She therefore invite the patronage of the ladies of Chaska and surrounding country, confident that they can render ample satisfaction pecially as to STYLES AND PRICES.

Notice to the Public.

I hereby notify the public that my wife Wilhelmina Vollroth left my bed and board on Thursday, Oct 3d 1872, without any cause or provocation on my part, and they are cautioned and notified not to trust or harbor her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting from and after this date.

Watertown, Oct 10th 1872

AUGUST VOLLROTH.

CARVER BREWERY.
BERTHOLD HERTZ, Proprietor.

A large supply of Beer constantly kept on hand. All orders promptly attended to.

UNION HOTEL.

CHASKA. - - - - - - - MINN

A good bar in connection with the House Also good Stabling.

WM. OCHS, Propr.

Bride And Bridegroom.

Essays for Young Men on the interesting relation of Bridegroom to Bride, on the institution of Marriage—a Guide to matrimonial felicity, and true happiness. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, Howard Association, No. 2, Philadelphia, Pa.

Mortgage Sale.

Names of Mortgagors.—C. H. Lienau and Mathilda Lienau his wife.

Name of Mortgagee.—Wilhelm Dressler

Date of Mortgage.—November 30th A. D 1869.

Mortgage recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Carver and State of Minnesota on the 8th day of June A. D. 1871 at four o'clock P. M, of that day, in Book "F" of Mortgages on pages 174, 175 17- and 177

Description of mortgaged premises—The undivided one half interest in and to the following described real estate situate, lying and being in the County of Carver and State of Minnesota, viz: Beginning at the south west corner of lot No. five (5) in Block No Fifty (50) in the Village of Watertown, thence running south thirty two (32) degrees west on the east line of Lewis Street two hundred and thirty-two (232) feet, thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, one hundred and fifty (150) feet, thence south thirty two (32) degrees west one hundred sixty four (164) feet, thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, seventy two (72) feet, thence north seventy four and one tenth (74¼) degrees east, a number of feet to a point even with and where it would intersect with the west line of Mill's tract, thence to the thirty-two (32) degrees east to the water's edge on the west shore of Crow River, thence down said river with the course thereof, to a point intersecting with the south line of Block fifty (50), thence north fifty eight (58 degrees west to the place of beginning containing two (2) acres of land more or less including Steam Grist and Saw Mill, all in said Village as surveyed by R. H. Blanding as appears by plat thereof in the office of Register of Deeds of said County, excepting and reserving from the foregoing description Parcels lots or parcels of land described as follows:

First. Commencing at the south west corner of lot No five (5) in Block No fifty (50) and in a southwesterly direction on the line of said Lewis Street twenty seven (27) feet thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, eighty five (85) feet thence north thirty two (32) degrees east, twenty seven (27) feet, to the south line of said lot five (5) in said Block fifty 50, thence north fifty eight (58 degrees west on the line of said lot No. five 5, eighty five (85) feet to the place of beg nning, with a right of way ten (10) feet wide from the rear or east end of said tract or lot to a public highway or lot above described.

Second Commencing at a point on Lewis street, twenty seven, 27, feet in a south westerly direction from the south west corner of lot No. five 5 in said block No. fifty 50, on the east line of said Lewis street, and run south fifty eight 58 degrees east eighty five 85 feet, thence south thirty two 32 degrees west, thirty one 31 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 degrees west eighty five 85 feet, to the east line of Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 degrees east thirty one feet to place of beginning.

Third. Beginning at a point on the east line of Lewis street, one hundred and thirty three 133 feet, south thirty two 32 deg west from the south west corner of Lot No. five 5 in block No. fifty 50, thence running south thirty two 32 degrees west, two 20 feet thence south fifty eight 58 degrees east sixty 60 feet, thence north thirty two, 32 deg east twenty 20 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, sixty 60 feet, to the east line of Lewis street, the place of beginning being a part of a certain piece of land known a Mill Reserve.

Also the undivided one half ½ interest of the following in said village viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of said Lewis street, one hundred and thirty two 232 feet south from the south west corner of said Lot No. five 5, in block fifty 50, being a certain point described in a deed made by Georgianna Lewis and Isaac L Lewis her husband to Lienau and Dressler on date May 1st 1865, from thence running south fifty eight 58 deg east, one hundred and fifty, 150 feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg west, seventy 70 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, one hundred and fifty 150 feet, to the east line of said Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 deg. east seventy 70 feet to the place of beginning as appears by plat of B. H. Blanding hereto fore referred to, excepting and reserving, from the foregoing a lot sold to B K Ide set July 23d 1866 described as follows: Beginning at the north west corner of William Schroeder's property on said Lewis street, ninety (90) 94 feet from the south east corner of Lewis and Madisons streets and running north thirty two deg east, on the line of Lewis street twenty four 24 feet, thence south fifty eight 58 deg east, one hundred feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg, west twenty four 24 feet to William Schroeder's north east corner, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, one hundred 100 feet, to place of beginning. Also the undivided one half of the following property in said village of Watertown, viz: Beginning on the north line of Madison street aforesaid, at a point one hundred and fifty 150 feet easterly from said Lewis street, thence run easterly on said north line of Madison street, one hundred and eighty feet to a point where a line would intersect a line parallel with the west line of Mill street, thence north thirty two 32 deg. east to a point as described in a certain deed made to Lienau and Dressler of date May 1st A. D. 1865, and also, and also being a triangular piece of land adjoining the said property deeded to Lienau and Dressler May 1st 1865, by Georgianna Lewis and husband, also the following: beginning at a point in the north line of said Madison street on a certain tract known as the Mill Reserve one hundred 100 feet east of said Lewis street, said point of beginning being the south east corner of a certain tract or parcel of land heretofore first deeded by Geo. Lewis and husband to John Bayer and running north thirty two 32 deg east, ninety four 94 feet, thence south fifty eight 58 deg east fifty 50 feet, thence south two 32 deg west ninety four 94 feet thence north fifty eight 58 deg west fifty 50 feet to place of beginning, also lots No one 1 two 2, three 3, four 4 five 5 and 6 in Block No five 5 in G. Lewis' Mill reserve addition to the town of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office of register of Deeds of said county, also lots No. three 3, four 4 five 5, six 6 seven 7 and eight in block Six, 6 in said Village of Watertown, also lots numbered from one 1 to ten 10, inclusive in block No. seventy one 71, being the whole of said block No seventy one 71, also lots No one 1 two 2 three 3, four 4, nine 9 and ten 10, in Block seventy two 72, lot four 4 in Block seventy eight 78, also out Lots No seven 7 and eight 8 in said town as surveyed and platted said village, also Block No seventy 70, excepting lots numbered from one 1 to nine 9, inclusive, excepting therefrom lots No ten 10 in said Block seventy 70 also all of that part of Lot No twelve 1, in block No. 66 eight 68, and also No four 4 of block one in Block No. forty 40 also lots No four 4 of block one in Block No. forty one 41, also lots No. five 5 in Blocs No. Forty one 41, and also the hereinbefore described property being in the village of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office the Register of Deeds of said County of Carver.

The amount which is claimed to be due, and which is due on the note secured by the above described mortgage at the date of this notice is one thousand two hundred and eighty six dollars and sixty seven cents, 1286 67-100.

Default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage and no suit or proceedings at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and therewith recorded which by reason of said default has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the hereinbefore described mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder therefor by the sheriff of the said County of Carver at the front door of the Court House in the Village of Chaska in said County on Saturday the 26th day of January A. D. 1873 at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day to satisfy the amount that shall then be due on the debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage together with interest and all costs of foreclosure and sale.

Dated at Watertown Minnesota this 4th day of December A. D 1872

WILHELM DRESSLER.
Mortgagee.

ERNEST HAINLIN, Att'y. for Mortgagee. Watertown Minn.

Notice.

Dr E. H. Lewis, would respectfully inform the citizens of Chaska and vicinity, that he will be found in his office at E. G. Halle & Co's., new Drug Store, Chaska, every day between the hours of 10 a. m. and 12 m. Any orders left will be promptly attended to.

Fresh vaccine virus constantly kept on hand.

NOTICE.

As I have made arrangements to enter into a co-partnership in carrying on my business on or about New year, and as the incoming partner will not accept old out standing accounts, I therefore request all those knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned to pay up within the next three weeks and thereby save themselves costs of collection.

Chaska, Dec. 11th 1872.

FRED WOMMER.

NEW STORE!

New Goods!!

And

Reasonable Prices.

Call at

HENRY YOUNGS
NEW STORE.

And examine his large and elegant assortment of Dry goods, Groceries and Provisions, Hats & Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clothing Yankee Notions &c.

Produce taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Store Corner 2d & Chestnut Sts.

Chaska, Minn.

Legals.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, Dist Court. }
Eighth Judicial Dist. }
County of Carver. }

H. P. Manning against A. R Manning.

The State of Minnesota. To the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Chaska, Dec. 16, A. D. 1872.

BAXTER & TRUE, Plff's Att'y Chaska Minn.

Minneapolis Marble Works

N. HERRICK & SON.

MANUFACTURERS OF
MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES &c.

Shop on Nicollet St. Between 5th & 6th Sts.

Work delivered and set up by one of the firm in Chaska or Carver when desired.

Continental Fire Insurance Company, New York.

Cash Assets, $2,509,326.27.

WESTERN DEPARTMENT, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

A. J. Taylor, Superintendent.

This Company insures the insurance of check-taking and farm property a specialty.

Its policy is very short, simple and easily understood. It is good both at home and abroad. In all cases all fair losses promptly adjusted and paid on the spot without trouble or expense to the insured. The Continental Company has the unlimited confidence of the community in which it is represented, and its agents are men of character and standing.

H. J. CHEVRE, Agent.
Office, at the Co Surveyor office, Chaska.
Carver County Minnesota.

A Fortune in Any State.

Rights for Sale—New patent article for every family. Sample 25c. Address INVENTOR, P. O. Box 5488, New York.

Historical Society

The Weekly Valley Herald.

F. E. DU TOIT Proprietor.

TERMS, $1 50, Per Annum.

VOLUME 11 — CHASKA, MINNESOTA, THURSDAY, JAN. 9 1872 — NUMBER 21

Advertisements

DR. S. D. GRANT

Physician & Surgeon,

And Dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

[illegible] OF GLASS, PUTTY.

BOOKS & STATIONERY

Everything belonging to a first class stock.

PHYSICIANS'

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

Also a choice stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

WATERTOWN, ... MINN.

JOHN SNELL

DEALER IN

Furniture!!

Looking Glass, Chairs, tables, Bed steads &c.

ALSO

PHOTOGRAPHING

CARVER, - - MINN.

PAINTING

W. C. GATES,

HOUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,

SHAKOPEE.

☞ All orders left at E. G. Halle & Co's Drug Store, Chaska Minn. will be promptly attended to.

Hardware!

—:0:—

Iron. Steel. Nails. Cuttlery. Tin and Jappaned Ware. Agricultural Implements

AND

Stoves,

Pumps, Cloth Wringers, Window Sash and Doors, Glass, Carpenters Tools, Putty &c.

.....:0:.....

FARMING TOOLS

And everything usually kept in a first class

FARLWARE STORE.

ALSO

Oils. Paints, Varnishes &c.

Produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Store on 2d Street in HERALD Block.

F. WOMMER.

Chaska, Carver County Minn.

DR. J. S. RICHARDSON.

ECLECTIC,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

CHASKA .. .. MINN.

[OFFICE OPPOSITE THE OLD CATH CHURCH.]

Offers his services to the surrounding country, and is prepared to treat thoroughly all Chronic Diseases—Especially Liver and Lung diseases.

The Valley Herald

Official County Paper.

BY F. E. DU TOIT.

CHASKA THURSDAY JAN. 9 1872.

Chaska.

Chaska, the County seat of Carver County is situated on the north bank of the Minnesota River, 32 miles west of St Paul and 23 miles west of Minneapolis and has a population of about 1,200 inhabitants, and has for its principal merchants in Dry Goods and General merchandise, Daniel Stone, Henry Young, Linenfelser & Faber and Lucien Warner. Groceries and Variety Store, Ferdinad Theis. Furniture and Variety Store, Thomas Kerker. Hardware, F. Wommer and P. Henk. Drugs & Medicines, Lord & Halle. Messrs. Lord & Halle have one of the finest Drug Stores in the Minnesota Valley. 5 Hotels! Union House, Wm. Ochs Propr. Garden City House, Wm. Brinkhouse, Propr. National Hotel, Peter Iltis Propr. Chaska House. Thomas Schunz, Propr. Minneapolis House. Herman Brinkhouse Propr. 4 blcksmith shops. P. Henk, Joseph Ess, Jos. Winninghoff and Franz Delsing. proprs. 2 Butcher shops, Anton Rossler and John Neusinger. Propts 4 Physicians M. M. earl J. S Richardson, Jacob Haas and E. J. Lewis. 3 Lawyers. L. L. Baxter. H J Peck and J A Sargent. 4 Boot and shoe makers. G Schreiers, F Eisler, T Bruhen and W Weineger 2 Barbers, Nicholas Schoenborn and G. Schubiger and wife. 2 water and 1 steam Flour Mills. The steam mill is doing a good business, manufacturing about 100 bbls per day of the very best flour. Mr. Bernartz is doing a thriving business, and has one of the neatest little mills in the State. Mr. Reiderlee, proprietor of the first water mill in Chaska, has been successful in making flour of the best quality.

We have 2 splendid halls, the Concordia and Cecilia. The Cecilia Hall is owned by John Kerker and the Concordia Hall by the Concordia Singing Society—the concordia is putting up a large addition to their Hall preparatory to the State Singer Festival which is to be held here June next. We have 2 of the most extensive brick manufacturing establishments in the state, some six million was manufactured last season and will probably reach ten million the coming season. J. W. Gregg & Co. of Mankato has bought out Howe & Sons brick yard and steam power brick machine for the small sum of twenty five thousand dollars—this machine is capable of making thirty five thousand brick per day, and we understand that Mr. J. Warner has formed a co-partnership wit the Minnesota Brick Co. for the manufacture of brick with the United States Machine which will turn out about thirty thousand brick per day.

We have 2 schools, the Moravian Academy and district school 2 Churches, the Moravian and Catholic, and we predict a bright future for our thriving little village of Chaska.

FISK—STOKES TRIAL ENDED

The great sensation murder trial of New York is at last finished. It has occupied the attention of the whole country since its commencement, owing to the wealth and situation of the parties. The jury have at last found Stokes guilty of murder in the first degree—The last telegram announces the fact that Stokes was astonished. We do not wonder, out of five hundred first class murders in New York during the past two years, and one conviction, that we know of; every body is astonished. But there is hope yet. New York has redeemed itself.

—William Clark, the wife murderer who was to have been hung at Indianapolis Friday, but who committed suicide Tuesday, publishes a card, in which he kindly forgives all those unchristian people who may have, through mistaken zeal, as it were, contributed to my unfortunate, and, as I firmly believe, to my unjust end, and may they, when their time comes, be as well prepared as I am to say, 'Not my will, but Thine, O Lord.

Subscribe for the Valley Herald.

A Precious Export.

From St. Cloud Journal.

The St. Paul Journal makes the startling statement that: "Last year there were shipped from this State 27,000 dear." And then proceeds to speak of the article in this unfeeling and ungentlemanly manner: "Minnesota probably furnishes the market more of that animal than any other State in the Union." And then further predicts that, "This season the shipments are likely to be much greater." This is all wrong—Minnesota needs all the "dear" it has, and many more besides. In the name of a good many uncared for and unprotected young men we protest against this ruinous export, and call upon the Legislature to enact some sort of a tariff which will prevent heartless speculators from taking those "dear" out of the State where they are not so much needed.

Danger from Hot Air and Steam Pipes.

The following hypothesis in regard to iron rust as a cause of fires has been suggested:

When oxide of iron is placed in contact with timber, excluded from the atmosphere, and aided bo a slightly increased temperature, the oxide parts with its oxygen, and is converted into very finely divided particles of metallic iron, having such an affinity for oxygen that, when afterward exposed to the action of the atmosphere from any cause, oxygen is absorbed so rapidly that these particles become suddenly red hot, if in sufficient quantity will produce a temperature far beyond the ignitably point of dry timber. Wherever iron pipes are employed for the circulation of and heated medium (whether hot water, hot air, or steam) and these pipes are allowed to become rusty, and are also in close contact with timber it is only necessary to suppose that under these circumstances the finely divided particles of metallic iron become exposed to the action of the atmosphere (and this may occur from the more expansion or contraction of the pipes), in order to account for many of the fires which periodically take place at the commencement of the winter season.

A Wife Murderer Suicides.

William Gluck, convicted of the murder of his wife, and sentenced to be hung on Friday next, at Indianapolis, committed suicide Tuesday. He complained of feeling ill Tuesday morning, and remained in bed, but nothing strange was noticed till about 1 o'clock. A physician was called to see him, when it was discovered that he had taken morphine. The morphine had been concealed in a piece of foolscap paper, and enclosed in a piece of newspaper.—A stomach pump was applied immediately, without effect. He died at 2 o'clock. It is not known from what source he obtained the poison.

The Ice Gorges in the Ohio and Mississippi.

The ice gorges in the Ohio river have caused great damage at Cincinnati.—The steamer Kate Putnam was struck by the ice on Tuesday and sunk; she is valued at $150,000. The Daniel Boone was crowded ashore and her cabin smashed to splinters by the upper guards of another boat. About one hundred coal barges mostly empty, have been sunk and swept away. Their average value is $1,500 each. The fear of an overfl[illegible] of the Licking river is increasing. [illegible] are [illegible] flooded, [illegible] Lower [illegible] and [illegible] Many eight [illegible] have [illegible] boats, boats, [illegible] have been [illegible] boats, four steamboat boats, four tugs, two submarine wreckers, about twenty barges, two section docks, and one marine ways. Should the ice break up suddenly and a big rise take place, there would be great destruction of property.

About 70 of the most distinguished members of the bar of the supreme court of the United States have addressed a letter to Ex-Associate Justice Nelson, expressive of deep regret that they are compelled to part with him, paying a high compliment to his learning, sagacity, impartiality and integrity as a jurist, and assuring him that he carries with him into private life the universal respect of the people of the United States.

It will be something to record in Grant's favor, if he appoints the great lawyer—William M. Evarts—Who so successfully defended Andrew Johnson on the impeachment trial, as the successor of Mr. Fish. Evarts beat the whole radical party on that occasion, and by his abilities, and the plain justice of his cause, forced unwilling applause even from enemies. He is eminently fit person for a cabinet position and this is the only reason that makes us doubt the selection. It is due Mr. Fish to say that he has borne his great office well, as a whole, which cannot be said of any of his associates. If succeeded by the person indicated it will give great satisfaction to the whole liberal party at least, and add confidence in the stability of our peaceful relation with mankind at large.

HOME ITEMS

HERALD AGENT CARVER—G. A. DuToit

Lake Superior & M R R.

Trains arrive and depart from the Chaska depot as follows:

GOING NORTH.....6:20 A. M.

GOING SOUTH.....8:00 P. M.

S. W. LUSK, Agent.

Shakopee, Chaska & Carver accommodation Trains.

CONNECTING WITH ALL TRAINS ON SIOUX CITY R.

GOING WEST,	GOING EAST.
8:30 A. M.	8:45 A. M.
3:30 P. M.	5:10 P. M.

H & D. TRAINS,

Going West, 10:45 A. M. Going East, 2:50 P. M.

NOTICE.

Payments for back subscription to the HERALD must be made at once. We are very much in need of money and are consequently obliged to call on all those indebted to pay up.

NEW FIRM.—The Messrs. Howe for a long time heretofore extensively engaged in the manufacture of brick in Chaska have finally completed the sale of their yard including some personal property and machinery for the sum of $25 000. The purchasers are John W. Gregg, Charles Slafin and Wm. B. Griswold all of Mankato. We learn they are intending to largely increase the facilities for manufacturing the coming summer and will put in considerable new machinery.

The business will be under the immediate charge of Mr. Gregg.

PERSONAL.—H. A. Child the member elect from Welcott, called upon us on his way to St. Paul on Monday, we gave him good advice. We warned him of the temptation and snares in wait for him in the Saintly City. We cautioned him against too much familiarity with the "Heathen Chinees" their ways that are dark and tricks that are vain." Henry, remember our admonition, if not,——not.

FOOT RACE.—We are informed that there was an exciting foot race in Benton, between Geo. Bleichner and L. Hochausen, the two celebrated pedestrian of that burgh, on Christmas last, Mr. Bleichner wore moccasins and Mr H. wooden-shoes, the distance 100 yards. Every inch of the ground was stoutly contested, but the wooden shoes were too much for the light footed mocasins. Mr. B. had to furnish the beer for the crowd.

INSTALLATION.

The Watertown Lodge of Free Masons at their last installation, December 31, 1872, installed as officers for the ensuing year:

Ernest Hainlin, W. M.
Thomas Moore, S. W.
Charles Halgren, J. W.
Wm Blacketter Treas.
H H McClenahan Secy.
John T. Wills, S. D
Wm Bleckmann, J. D
O H. Mapes, S. S.
Louis Rausch J. S
A. J Garvin, Tyler

This Lodge was organized in February 1865, and was presided over by Isaac Lewis for three years, and has since then, regularly elected and re-elected Ernest Hainlin as Worthy Master.

The Installation ceremonies were public.

CO. COMMRS.—The Board of County Commrs are in session. M H. Iltis took his seat up on the board as the successor of Mr. Barthel. It is organized as follows: Chairman, A. J. Carlson M. H Iltis, Robert Patterson Jos. Wessbecher and Mathew Kelly.

☞ The entire Carver County delegation to the Legislature get their *hash* at Gruibers.

NEW HOTEL.—We understand that parties are negotiating with Mr. Howe for the purchase of his lots where his house was burned and intend erecting thereon a large first class hotel. The enterprise will pay. We need better hotel accommodations.

☞ We call attention to the advertisement of Dr. S. D. Grant of Watertown in another column. The Dr keeps a full stock of Drugs, Medicines and Groceries. All orders or prescription sent to his store will receive careful and prompt attention.

☞ The present Legislature stands as now organized, House 79 Republicans. 27 Democrats, Senate 31 Republicans, 10 Democrats. On joint ballot 110 to 37.

—The floating ice in the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers last week destroyed property of the value of over $1,000,000.

NEW YEARS BALL.—At the Concordia Hall was in all respects a grand success. The attendance was large and the best of feeling prevailed. Chaska Band furnished the music which was entirely satisfactory.

If you want a fine set of furniture or your PHIZ taken in the most approved style, call upon John Snell, Carver.—See adv.

—W C Gates of Shakopee is prepared to do all kinds of painting, from life size portrait to a house sign at moderate prices. Mr. Gates has no superior in his line in the Minnesota Valley.

—St. Paul has a divorce case in high life. Mrs Ossian E. Dodge vs Dodge Charge, adultery, caught, *flagrante delicto*.

Important to Horsemen.—Inflammation cannot exist where Prof "Anderson's Dermador" is applied. Fresh wounds, Galls, Caulks, Bruises, are dried down and healed without inflammation, Scratches, Sand Cracks, Swellings and Sprains, cured by a few applications. A thorough use will also cure Sweeney, Poll Evil, Windgalls and Lameness, from whatever cause.

See advertisement in another column

COTILLION PARTY.—Charley Ramdill gives a cotillion party at Peter Iltis new hall on Tuesday evening the 14th. All those wishing a quiet and sociable time are invited to attend.

George Francis Train, was arrested last week in New York, and placed in the Toombs of that city, charged with publishing obscene literature in the shape of a paper called the Train Expe. originally started at Omaha. He was brought up for trial pleaded not guilty, and again remanded.

Susan B. Anthony, and fourteen other females, who cast their ballots at the late Presidential election, have been arrested for illegal voting, and held to bail for the sum of $500. There will be enough talk about 'Womans' Rights,' at that trial, certainly to satisfy the most eager hunter after nonsence.

Cider and Pickles for Fever.

Some two months ago, a resident of Detroit, named Broef, was taken ill with some sort of a fever, and for two weeks there was little pope of saying his life. He continued to sink, in spite of all the physicians could do, and they finally gave him up. All through his sickness the man had continually asked for pickles and cider, and when he had got so low that his death was considered only a question of a few hours. Mrs Broef decided to gratify his wishes. A glass of sweet cider was given him, and he declared himself much better for it. More was given him through the night, in place of medicine, and the next morning the doctor declared that a most favorable change had taken place. Some strong pickles were procured and given him, and he began to call for gruel and broth. To be brief, he is now able to move around the house, and everybody in the neighborhood, as well as the physicians, gives the cider and pickles the credit of performing the cure.

Taxing Railroad Lands.

[From the Winona Republican, 30th.]

The movement begun last winter to tax the lands of the Winona & St. Peter Railroad Company, it is stated, will be revived at the approaching session of the Legislature. It is understood that the Railroad Commissioner is gathering evidence to prove the legality of the proposed measures—which assumed legality has hitherto been successfully refuted.

—When gentlemen in Salt Lake City pick themselves up with broken noses, caused by tripping over small boys' marbles, they are greeted with: "Look out there, dam yer," and beat a hasty retreat.

—A good thing for the elevation of women—thick soled boots.

Summons.

State of Minnesota, Dist. Court. Eigth Judical Dist. County of Carver.

Eliza A. Wakeman, against Gilbert L. Wakeman.

The State of Minnesota, To the above named defendant

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Chaska in the County of Carver in the State of Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint

Dated Chaska September 23d A. D. 1872.

CAXTER & PECK.
Pltf's. Att'y's Chaska Minn.

FURNITURE

AND

VARIETY STORE!

AT

Young's Old Stand, 2d St.

Consisting of a new and select stock of

BUREAUS,
STANDS,
CHAIRS,
BED-STEADS

And upholstery of every description

ALSO

TOYS,
FRAMES,
PICTURES, &c.

The public is invited to call at my storeroom and examine my stock and prices, feeling confident of being able to sell as cheap as any store this side of St. Paul.

THOS. KERKER.

WE GUARANTEE THAT

EVERY HOUSEKEEPER

Who has ever had one of the

CELEBRATED

CHARTER OAK STOVES

WILL CHEERFULLY RECOMMEND IT AS THE MOST

Durable, Practical, Simple & Perfect

COCKING APPARATUS

THEY HAVE EVER USED.

ADAPTED TO ALL LOCALITIES AND *EVERY KIND OF FUEL.*

SOLD BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

SAINT LOUIS,

AND BY ALL

LIVE STOVE DEALERS

—LIKE—

FRITZ WOMMER.

City Meat Market.

The best of meats, sausages, poultry &c., constantly kept on hand. Market 3d Street, Chaska.

ANTON ROSSLER, Propr.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by the undersigned in the town of Dahlgreen, County of Carver, one black cow, 8 or 9 years of age, with one horn broken off a little. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take the same away.

Dahlgreen, Nov. 15th 1872.

FRED'K. MEYER.

Cutters And Sleighs.

Those in want of an extra good Cutter or Bob-sled should call upon John Bloedel at Carver. He is manufacturing extensively and sells cheap.

KENNING & BROS.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

—:0:—

Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Fronts, Flooring, Siding and all kinds of mouldings and plaining and sawing done to order.

Also

Carpenters and Builders.

Doors and window frames made to order.

Those wanting buildings erected, or any work done enumerated above, had better give us a call before going elsewhere. Work done cheap and guaranteed to be of first class quality.

H. J. KENNING & BROS.

EDWARD H. HALLE. CHAS. H. LORD.

HALLE & CO.

New Drug STORE.

CHASKA. .. .. .. MINN.

Have just opened a new Drug Store and offer for sale a complete stock of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Perfumery,

Fancy,

And

Toilet Articles.

Glass, Oils,

Paints

And Varnishes.

Stationery,

AND

All Kinds of Books,

Patent Medicines.

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE

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Harper's Bazar.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a contribution of taste and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by its droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matrons by its patterns for the children's clothes, to provident families by its tasteful designs for embroideries slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1872

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Notice Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated and made executed and delivered by John Jackson and Clara S. Jackson mortgagors on the 8th day of July A. D. 1872 to Charles J. Kindellom mortgagee and duly recorded on the 6th day of August A. D. 1872 at 10 o'clock A. M. in the office of the Register of Deeds of Carver County, Minnesota in Book "G" of mortgages on page 688, mortgaging the following described property situated in Carver County Minnesota, to wit:

The south east quarter (¼) of section No Twenty three (23) in township No. one hundred and seventeen (117) of Range No twenty six (26) containing one hundred and sixty [160] acres of land according to Government survey.

Upon which said mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of five hundred, seventeen and 18-100 dollars ($517.-18-100) and no proceedings at law having been had to collect the same or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and of the statute in such cases made and provided the aforesaid mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction by the Sheriff of Carver County Minnesota, to the high est bidder for cash on Monday the 30th day of December A. D. 1872 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Chaska in said County to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage and the costs and expenses of foreclosure and sale, and also twenty-five dollars ($25.-, attorneys fees, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure thereof.

Dated Carver, Minn. Nov. 12th 1872

CHARLES J KINDELOM, Mortgagee
FRANK WARNER, Att'y for Mortgagee

THE NEWS.

At Home.

A COAL miner named Thomas Gally was killed by the explosion of a blast of powder in a shaft at La Salle, on Friday.

THE Washington Republican states that a project for the annexation of Santo Domingo will be brought forward in the House soon after the recess, and that it will originate on the Democratic side.

THREE persons were badly frozen in Brooklyn Thursday night, two fatally.

PEG HOGAN, a pugilist, bought an interest some months ago in the drilling well near Parker's Landing, for $1,000, which proved a good strike, a few days ago, and now speculative fun has been offered $16,000 for his bargain.

THE murderer of Charles Kendall, who was found dead in the woods near New Jefferson, Iowa, on Monday last, was arrested at Scranton on Thursday. His name is Alva Chambers. He confesses the crime. It seems that a couple of years ago between $2,000 and $3,000 were stolen from the county, and young Kendall, who is only 18 or 19 years old, undertook to ferret the thing out, and accomplished it. The thieves were arrested and convicted, and afterward made a threat to shoot this young man.

JOHN CLARK, an Englishman, was arrested in Fort Wayne on Friday, for forgery committed at Hightstown, N. J., nearly two years ago. After the forgery, Clark was traced to England by a New Jersey state detective, Thomas C. Porter, and from thence to Fort Wayne, who obtained a requisition for his arrest from Gov. Baker.

IT is expected that the law prohibiting promotions in the staff corps of the army will be modified so far as the medical department is concerned. There are now fifty-nine vacancies, and even if these are filled the services of 150 contract surgeons will still be required to properly care for the troops as now distributed.

THE New York Board of Apportionment has authorized the issue of five million dollars' worth of city bonds for public improvements.

GEN. BUTLER has greatly offended some of his Republican colleagues by inspiring certain published statements reflecting upon Messrs. Dawes, Colfax and Wilson, in connection with the Credit Mobilier scandal, and he will probably be called to account when the House assembles. Butler is very bitter against Dawes, and declares his intention to spare no pains to defeat him for the Senatorship and bring him into disgrace with the people of Massachusetts.

SMALL POX is spreading in different parts of Utah territory.

EDWARD C. PATES, a well-known Boston merchant, died of heart disease Friday.

THE President on Tuesday signed the bill to reduce the expenses and offices of the Internal Revenue Bureau which passed Congress a few days ago, and the work of putting the new law into practical operation commences immediately. There are about seventeen different kinds of stamps to be prepared before the new law goes into effect, but work upon them will be commenced without delay.

ALEXANDER A. SEMMES, U. S. N., sentenced in January last to three years suspension from rank and duty for unlawful punishment of persons under his command, and other misdemeanors, has been pardoned by the President.

LEWIS HERMANN, a wealthy resident of Kingston, N. Y., was mortally wounded by an accident on the Erie Railroad, near Suffern.

THE old Gazette building in Cleveland, a wooden structure, was burned on Wednesday.

A FIRE at Owensboro, Ky., destroyed three business houses.

THE tobacco establishments of Leggett & Dunsman and J. C. Teemeyer, in St. Louis, were burned on Thursday evening. Loss on buildings, stocks, machinery, etc., nearly $200,000.

THE St. Lawrence River is bridged with ice between Cape Vincent, N. Y., and Kingston, Ontario, a distance of 12 miles, and teams cross in safety.

A WOMAN named Eliza Catlin suicided in Cleveland the other day. Cause, domestic infelicity.

A BALTIMORE telegram states that the harbor is closed to the mouth of the Patapsco to sailing craft.

A PASSENGER sleigh, with five or six men and a boy in it, got lost in a storm while crossing the Hudson river at Rhinebeck, and was overturned into a ferry track. The passengers were all rescued, some of them seriously frostbitten.

"BUFFALO BUNTLINE," who, with "Buffalo Bill" and "Texas Jack," is playing a sensational drama at the Grand Opera House, in St. Louis, was arrested Thursday on a *capias* issued at the instance of prosecuting Attorney Normile, for alleged complicity in a riot which occurred in the southern part of the city in 1852. He gave bail in the sum of $1,000. The proceedings are regarded as a farce.

PHILADELPHIA newspaper men are excited over the conviction for libel of Cathcart Taylor, city editor of Forney's Press. Taylor printed an article stating that David H. Lane, a local politician in Philadelphia, had been bagged with a certain ring of distillers. The Press published a most ample and labored apology, but Lane brought the suit, and a Philadelphia jury found a verdict of guilty. Colonel Forney says editorially that this suit is a blow aimed by the politicians at the freedom of the press. He also insists that he should have been arraigned, and not his employe.

JAMES MCCRORY shot and killed Charles Alcott at Visalia, California, on Tuesday, and was hung by a mob soon after the tragedy.

A MAN and woman were picked up on the Illinois bridge, at Ottawa, Monday evening, very nearly frozen to death.

A COLORED man was frozen to death at Cairo, on Monday night.

A MRS. FARRARS, a widow occupying a tenement house on Tenth street, Cairo, was burned to death on Tuesday evening.

A LARGE wooden manufactory in Pawtucket, owned by Army Bros., was nearly destroyed by fire Tuesday afternoon.

A FIRE in Hiberna, Iowa, at 4 o'clock Tuesday morning, destroyed the pork packing establishment of George Boeck. The loss is $28,000; insurance, $16,000.

A FIRE at Fontana, Kansas, Monday morning, destroyed fourteen houses in the southern part of the town. No insurance.

ROBERT HILL, a colored cook, and John Anderson, colored waiter, had a set to at the Avenue House, Chicago, on Wednesday. Hill was the aggressor, and attempted to take Anderson's life with a cleaver. He came off second best, however, his opponent cutting him so badly in the back and head with a razor that his life is despaired of.

WASHAKATIE, the celebrated Shoshone chief, lately reported dead, is alive and well.

JIM MASSEY, a notorious character, murdered a laborer on the Cairo and Fulton Railroad opposite, Little Rock, at Argenta, Saturday night. The laborer had just been paid off. Massey is now in jail.

PIERRE BERTEN, whose extradition is sought on the allegation that he committed murder at Rouen, has been discharged from custody, in New York, proving to be the wrong person.

THE transfer of real estate by Jay Gould to the Erie Company is still progressing, and will likely last a whole week.

BOWERY THEATRE, N. Y., was damaged by fire Wednesday evening. The scenery of the Canterbury Theatre caught fire, causing great excitement among the audience, who rushed into the street pell mell. No lives were lost.

IT is rumored that the Hannibal and Central Missouri, Hannibal and St. Joseph, and St. Joseph and Denver Railroads, will in a short time pass under the control of the Toledo, Wabash and Western Company.

IMMEDIATE steps will be taken by the Treasury Department to put into operation the new internal revenue law abolishing the office of assessor, and these offices will be dispensed with as fast as their office work can be transferred to the collectors and their accounts adjusted.

E. Y. EASTMAN, a prominent private banker of Chicago, and Vice-President of the City Savings Bank, died at his residence on Monday evening, from the effects of a dose of arsenic taken on Saturday night. Mr. Eastman came to Chicago from Maine shortly after the great fire, and commenced business as a banker on Canal street. He was United States Consul to Dublin.

A FIRE in East Concord, N. H., on Sunday, destroyed property to the value of $50,000; insured for about half.

THIRTEEN business houses in Helena, Arkansas, were burned on Sunday night. Loss $87,000—partially insured.

NEAR Mechanicsville, Iowa, Monday morning, eight freight cars were thrown from the track by a broken rail.

A GORGE in the Mississippi has caused a suspension of navigation at Cairo.

THOS. FARRELL, keeper in Ward's Island Lunatic Asylum, near New York city, who is held on two indictments for homicide of patients under his charge, is suffered to go on his own recognizance, the principal witness against him having died.

PAYMASTER Henry B. Reese, U. S. A., who was charged with irregularities in his accounts, and sentenced to be reprimanded in general orders, and to be suspended from rank and duty for four months, has had the latter portion of his sentence remitted by the President, and will be reinstated to duty.

OHIO railroads killed 192 and injured 358 persons during the year ending June last.

THE Oil Producers and Refiners' Association have ratified the agreement to maintain the price of crude oil at $4 per bbl., and upwards.

THE sixty-seventh annual dinner of the New England Society at New York was held at Delmonico's Monday evening.

THE mail-carrier between Fort Sully and Grand river, named Robbins, was fired upon Monday by a party of Indians, when near the latter place, but escaped unhurt. A party afterward went in pursuit of the Indians, when they took to the bluffs, and were soon lost in the ravines. The Indians are becoming very troublesome in that vicinity.

MINNIE MYRTLE MILLER, wife of the Poet of the Sierras, is in Chicago.

THE old American Hotel block, on Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, was badly damaged by fire and water on Monday night.

IN Green Bay, Wis., on Monday, a house belonging to Mrs. Tank, and occupied by Mr. J. J. Dagneau, was destroyed by fire, together with all its contents, including a quantity of grain, crops, provisions, etc. Mr. Cod, the son-in-law of Mr. Dagneau, was living in the house, and lost all his effects, besides a small amount of money. The loss is about $1,500 no insurance.

AN engineer and fireman were reported frozen to death on Saturday night, on the Cincinnati, Wabash and Michigan railroad. It is now reported that they are safe, having been heard from at Warsaw, Ind.

Abroad.

A CONSISTORY was held at Rome on Monday. Twenty-two cardinals were present. The Pope delivered an allocution, in the course of which he said the Church was still sorely persecuted. The purpose to destroy her was shown in the acts of the Italian government, which compelled the clergy to serve in the army, and imposed heavy taxes on church property.

GEN. SICKLES telegraphs from Madrid that both houses of Congress have adopted by decisive majorities the Colonial policy of the Ministry for Porto Rico, which involves the separation of the civil from the military government; the extension to Porto Rico of the same provincial form of government which exists in Spain, with municipal government and town and local officers.

WM. BENTLEY, a London stock broker, short 44,000 shares Erie, has suspended.

DIPLOMATIC relations between Switzerland and the Vatican are broken off.

THE Prussian Cross Gazette publishes the following imperial rescript, addressed to Bismarck:

"I relieve you of the presidency of the Council of Ministers. You retain the Ministry for Foreign Affairs for the Empire, and are empowered to vote in the State Ministry through the President of the Council, Herr Delbruck. The Premiership devolves upon Senor Mauster."

POITEVIN, a member of the Garde Champetre, tried by court martial and found guilty of betraying the Mayor and another inhabitant of Soissons to the Prussians, by whom they were shot, was executed on Monday at Vincennes.

A DIAMOND weighing 288 carats has been found in the African diggings. There is much complaint yet of the manner in which justice is administered at the diamond fields.

ADVICES from St. Petersburg announce that the Czarowitch is suffering from typhus fever and an affection of the abdomen. His recovery is doubtful

THE prefect at Pau, France, has issued an order forbidding Spaniards to sojourn in the department of Basses Epyrences, without written permission.

ADVICES from New Zealand state that the ship City of Newcastle was wrecked in Cook's Inlet on the 19th of November, and sixteen persons drowned. Also that a fire has destroyed the Pacific Insurance building, several stores, and a magnificent pile of buildings known as the Post and Telegraph offices and provincial government offices. Important discoveries of coal have been made in Gippsland.

The Spanish government again announces that reforms in Cuba are postponed in consequence of the insurrection in that island.

PRESIDENT THIERS received the Japanese embassadors on Wednesday at the Palace of the Elysees. The members of the embassy wore the usual diplomatic uniform.

ADVICES from the Cape of Good Hope to the 28th of November have been received. Heavy gales had occurred on the sea coast, and several vessels were wrecked.

AT Matamoras, on Sunday night, some of Cortina's men had an encounter with a troop of the Twenty-second battalion. The result was one sergeant killed and several citizens wounded.

IT is stated that a large number of English and some Continental capitalists are making arrangements to visit the Western States next Spring. Among those mentioned in the English papers there will be representatives of the Barings, Rothschilds, and other London capitalists; a Mr. Griffin, banker, of Wolverhampton; Mr. Grankoger, a large cotton spinner and manufacturer, of Lancashire; Mr. Gillespie, a lace manufacturer, of Nottingham; and Mr. Losert, a representative of Belgian capitalists.

QUEEN VICTORIA has a favorite called Sharp, a shepherd's dog, which plays the watch dog for Her Majesty with the most fierce jealousy. He appropriates his mistress' chair and keeps it at pleasure. If she takes it in his absence he springs up and makes room for himself as best he can, when he sleeps with one eye open in virtue of his responsible position. He has a great aversion to cats and strangers, and is the reverse of another of the Queen's favorites, being dishonest and addicted to stealing.

FORGIVENESS: a kiss of the lips to heal a stab at the heart.

Bennie.

I had told him Christmas morning,
As he sat upon my knee,
Holding fast his little stockings
Stuffed as full as full could be,
And attentive listening to me
With a face demure and mild,
That old Santa Claus, who filled them,
Did not love a naughty child.

"But me'll be dood, won't me, mother?"
And from off my lap he slid,
Digging deep among the goodies
In his crimson stocking hid;
While I turned me to my table,
Where a tempting goblet stood
Brimming high with dainty egg-nogg
Sent me by a neighbor good.

But the kitten then before me,
With his white paw, nothing loth,
Sat, by way of entertainment,
Lapping off the shining froth;
And, in not the gentlest humor
At the loss of such a treat,
I confess, I rather rudely
Thrust him out into the street.

Then how Bennie's blue eyes kindled!
Gathering up the precious store
He had busily been pouring
In his tiny pinafore,—
With a generous look that shamed me,
Sprang up from the carpet bright,
Showing by his mien indignant
All a baby's sense of right.

"Come back, Hawey!" called he loudly,
As he held his apron wide;
"You shall have my candy wabbit,"
But the door was fastened tight,
So he stood abashed and silent
In the centre of the floor,
With defeated look alternate
Bent on me and on the door.

Then, as by some sudden impulse,
Quickly ran he to the fire,
And, while eagerly his bright eyes
Watched the flames go high and higher,
In a brave, clear key he shouted,
"Santa Claus, come down de chimney,
Make my moder 'have herself!"

"I will be a good girl, Bonny,"
Said I, feeling the reproof,
And straightyway recalled poor Hawey,
Mewing on the gallery roof.
Soon the anger was forgotten;
Laughter chased away the frown,
And they gamboled 'neath the live oaks
Till the dusky night came down.

In my dim fire-lighted chamber,
Hawey purred beneath my chair,
And my play-worn boy beside me
Knelt to say his evening prayer,—
"God bess fader, God bess moder,
God bess sister," then a pause—
And the sweet young lips devoutly
Murmured, "God bess Santa Claus!"

He is sleeping; brown and silken
Lie the lashes, long and meek,
Like caressing, clinging shadows,
On the plump and peachy cheek;
And I bend above him, weeping
Thankful tears,—oh! unbelieved,
For a woman's crown of glory,
For the blessing of a *child*.

Anonymous.

ABDUCTED BY A STEAMBOAT CAPTAIN.

A Reminiscence of Thirty Years ago.

From the New York Weekly News.

The actors in the drama which I am about to relate, says a correspondent, have for the most part passed from the busy stage of life: hence no one's feelings can be lacerated by the recital of the tale by the actors in the play.

In 1838, having reached my home in New York city, after one of the most perilous and tedious passages of seventy-five days duration, having lost nearly all our sails, with a crew most of them frost-bitten and used up by excessive hardships and unusual labors, I heard from the lips of a Western friend such glowing accounts of the magnitude and beauty of our inland seas and the great and increasing demand for sailors there, that I determined to abandon my ocean life and try the fresh water again.

I resigned my position on the crack New York liner, and with many letters of introduction and recommendations from my employers to their friends in Buffalo, I reached the latter place in the month of March, 1838. As the opening of navigation drew near, while casting about for employment, I met one day at the house of Joy & Webster, Captain R. C. Bristol, who offered me a situation on the steamship James Madison, then lying at Erie. I accepted the position, as second officer, and reaching Erie, I commenced getting the ship in readiness for sea.

While engaged in the details of "fitting out," I took up my quarters at he old Mansion House, then kept by the "widow Chaplain," and noted as one of the best hotels, in those days when good "substantial," and clean beds had not given place to the show and glitter of our present public houses, with a corresponding loss of many of the "creature comforts."

One afternoon, while engineers, carpenters and sailors were unusually busy in their several departments, Captain B. approached me and asked if everything would be in readiness for a short *trial* trip that evening, in my department, saying that the carpenters would have the requisite floats or buckets on the wheel. I replied in the affirmative, and he then requested me to call upon him at the Eagle Hotel, where he stopped, after I had been to tea.

I noticed that he seemed a little nervous and excited, but I attributed it to his anxiety as to the perfect working of the machinery and the "behavior" of the ship, on a trial trip in the spring.

Accordingly, after tea I called on Captain B., at his room at the Eagle, and he then asked me if I had heard of his Erie "love affair." I told him I had not; that I had made but few acquaintances in town, and that my leisure time had been occupied in reading and writing letters to friends and relatives.

He then proceeded thus: "Some time ago I was an accepted suitor of Miss Josephine Hamot, a lovely daughter of a rich old French gentleman, whose lordly residence on the bluff you must have noticed in your walks to the pier. Matters had progressed so far that last fall everything was in readiness for the full consummation of the cherished hopes of the beautiful girl and myself.

But on the evening of the wedding, on visiting the house of my intended's father, I was rudely rebuffed, and forbidden to hold any further communication with the one I dearly loved.

The facts connected with the wooing were generally known and understood, and after a short time, finding all my endeavors to change the old man's determination vain, I left Erie to pass the winter with my Eastern friends.

Returning a short time since, I learned that my affianced bride was to be married to Mr. Walker, an old room-mate of mine, to whom my discomforture was easily traceable, for he had written an anonymous note to old Mr. H. stating that I had a wife at the East, and other stories worse in character and equally untrue.

I learn that this unholy wedding is to be duly solemnized to-morrow evening, while I know from mutual friends that Josephine's affection for me is unchanged, and she only requires to be drawn from her father's pernicious influence to become mine.

"This I want you to assist me in carrying to a successful result, and to this end I have been hurrying up the work on the Madison.

Prominent and influential citizens aware of the justice al my cause, have volunteered their services for to-night; and I will give you my plan of operations.

My lady love will attend the last ball of the season to-night at the American, she will leave the festive scene at half-past eleven, in company with James Fitz. Christy, her father's clerk and ward. They will pass along that side of the street, crossing here at the Eagle, and when they reach you vacant lot you and I will come up and accost them. A coach containing two friends of mine, which is now in readiness in the barn opposite, will wheel into the road, we will jump into it, drive to the Madison, embark for Dunkirk, and there we will have the merriest wedding that you ever saw.

We desire for your companionship here that you may prevent the lady's attendant from giving the alarm and frustrating the success of my operations.

"My old sailors, you know, are cognizant of three sorts of men—those who are always willing, but never ready, those who are ever ready, but never willing, and those who are always both ready and willing. May I class you among the latter number, and claim your hearty co-operation to-night?"

I replied that if everything was "on the square" and "level;" if all that was necessary to be done was to give the young lady a fair chance to obey the dictates of her heart; it she was agreeable to this arrangement, I would go with him heart and hand. This assurance was readily and solemnly given, and I listened to a long and enthusiastic dissertation from the gallant Captain on the young lady's beauty and accomplishments. It appears that she was an heiress in her own right; her mother, at her death, bequeathing to her quite a snug fortune for those peaceful days.

This looks like a mutual understanding so far. The parties came as Bristol had foretold, crossed where he had indicated hours before, and as they reached the vacant lot, we stepped up to them. The Captain laid his hand on the lady's shoulder, who, turning her beautiful face towards us, exclaimed, "Captain Bristol, is hat you?" He replied, "Yes, Josephine, and I want you to come with me."

Her companion turned with raised arms and threatening gesture, and exclaimed, "No, Captain Bristol, by G—d."

I had my hand upon his shoulder, saying, "My good friend, there is no need of any force here."

"Oh no," said he, "I didn't intendany. Let me get my pumps, won't you?" He had dropped them in the street.

At this moment the promised coach wheeled into the road, the gallant Captain and his "lady" sprang into it, and away they went at a "rattling pace," and my hands upon a strange gentleman's collar, on a public highway.

Holding him only so long as I thought expedient, I at last relinquished my grasp and put off after the disappearing coach, at a 2.40 pace. Down past old Hamot's mansion, down the almost precipitous hillside, down the long pier, I rushed with constantly accelerating speed—the cold air from the ice-fields in the lake cutting my very lungs.

I reached the steamer almost as soon as the matrimonial candidates, sprang over the rail, ordered my men to slip the moorings, while pilot McFadden at the wheel guided the steamer through the channel of the bay, and out into the lake, where large and heavy ice fields seemed to bar our course toward the New York ports, where licenses for marriage were not needed nor required.

Finding Dunkirk a blockaded port, it was deemed advisable to head the steamer up the lake, and thus boring through masses of floating ice, the long night at last gave place to the daylight of a dark, gloomy, lowering March morning, which found us off Ashtabula, short of fuel, and with our small complement of seamen and firemen utterly exhausted with excessive labor.

Bristol, McFadden and myself were standing around the pilot-house in earnest consultation, and this plan was decided upon—to land at Ashtabula, take on a supply of fuel, and if the wedding ceremonies could not be accomplished there to steer to Detroit.

We made fast to the dock, and while the crew were busily engaged in wooding, Captain B. went up to the town to see "how the land lay." He had not been absent many minutes before McFadden called my attention to a large steamer in the offing, her deck black with people, evidently bent on mischief. This was the Jefferson, the sister ship of the Madison, both owned by old Col. Seth Reed of Erie.

I hastened up to town to acquaint Captain B. with the fact, but I met him coming down, and he then said he had dispatched a boy on a fast horse to Jefferson, to get a license—that he would take Miss H. on shore, and we must put off up the lake and deceive the "Jefferson party," who, if they followed us would give him time to get his license, be spliced and then all would be well.

We tried the ruse, but the Jefferson ran under our stern, and Captain Dobbins, of the revenue cutter, ordered us to put back to Erie at once, or he should seize the ship; which he could have done, as we had no ship's papers on board.

We accordingly retraced our steps, and reaching Erie we found all the inhabitants on the dock, waiting the denouement of the exciting "love chase," with breathless interest.

As soon as we reached the dock scores of Bristol's friends jumped on board and eagerly asked how the wedding had progressed.

I told them that it was all right, that we had landed Bristol and Josephine at Ashtabula, an hour or more before the Jefferson arrived—that the license had been sent for, and that in all probability "everything was lovely."

But while we were talking thus, the Jefferson came around the point of the Peninsula, and a cutter's boat was soon alongside, while a lady was seen descending the steps into it.

The matter now looked blue to me, and what had bidden fair to be a very romantic affair, seemed suddenly to assume very matter-of-fact proportions.

In a very short time all of the officers of the Madison were arrested, except myself; but I had taken a state room in the ladies' cabin, determined to wait the further development of the enemy. The town seemed divided into two adverse fractions, the Bristol party numbering four to one of the opposition. The ladies to a man were sympathizers with the gallant Capt. Bristol, whose sterling good qualities have since been fully developed.

The disappointment of the eloping parties was soon revealed. It seems that the pursuing party, headed by Captain Dobbins, had seen the whole movement of the captain and his lady companion, and after the Madison had left the scene of operations, they rushed up the Ashtabula pier, found Bristol and Miss Hamot at the hotel, and by dint of forcible persuasion they induced the lady to return with them to Erie.

There, the young lady assured many of her friends that Captain B. had treated her with all due respect and consideration, but her vindictive father completel terrified her to assent to an immediate marriage with Mr. Walker.

The gentleman, however, was currently reported to have refused such an arrangement, until the rich old Frenchman agreed to increase the lady's dowry some thousands of dollars.

On the evening of our return to Erie, I sent for Mr. Fitz Christy and it transpired that he knew me already, having sailed under me in one of the Liverpool liners, several years before.

He told me that Mr. Hamot censured him for abbetting the elopement of his daughter, and if I would go to the old gentleman's house, and there assure him that he (Fitz C.) had done all he could to prevent the "spiriting away" of his daughter, he would see to it that I should be held harmless in the matter.

That evening, however, one of the scouts of the Bristol faction came to me with the intelligence that my quondam sailor boy was to play me false, and had the officers prepared to arrest me, after I had exculpated him before Mr. Harmot.

Old Colonel Seth Reed sent word to me to come to his house, and after receiving the explanation of the whole affair, he had me carefully bestowed until the next Sunday night, when, in the midst of a heavy rainstorm, a horse was brought to the door, and disguised as an English drover I sprang into saddle, and I never drew bridle until I crossed the state-line.

Soon after—much of the excitement having subsided after the lady's hasty wedding—I resumed my berth on the Madison; and in the early summer Captain Bristol also returned to his command, when P. S. V. Hamot had him arrested for abduction upon the high seas, and he was sent to Pittsburg to await his trial.

Early in the ensuing fall I was notified by Captain B. of his approaching trial, and he earnestly begged me to be on hand as the only one of the Madison crew that had not been arrested.

Accordingly I joined a large number of Bristol's friends—a cloud of witnesses—at Erie, bound in four horse post coaches to the Iron City.

Thither also went the Hamot faction in great haste.

The trial soon commenced with an array of talent seldom combined in any court.

There was the venerable and talented Judge Wilkins, Mr. Riddel, and Messrs. Forward and Shaler.

Miss Ellen Tree was then starring it at Pitsburg in the "Love Chase," and the Hamots *pere et fille*, with their witnesses, were nightly attendants at the theatre. The actors visited the court during the day, and as the case progressed it was so evidently ridiculous on the part of the prosecution that many things said on the boards at night, not contained in the original drama, reflected on the haughty and vindictive old Frenchman.

The merits of the case for the prosecution hinged upon the question whether the lakes were "high seas" or low ones.

To bring it under the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, it was said that the alleged crime had been committed upon a small triangular space of water between Pennsylvania and Ohio, of thirty miles area, which had not been laid down in the surveys, and which, consequently, would have made an offence committed thereon amenable to the laws of the United States.

After several days of most able and exhaustive argument on both sides, it was decreed that the United States Court had no jurisdiction in the matter, and Capt. R. C. Bristol was released from custody, amid the cheers and welcome shouts of satisfaction, while hisses and groans followed the carriage of the defeated parties in a suit that had few backers and fewer friends.

General Charles M. Reed, the Erie millionaire, stood upon the stoop of the principal hotel, his hand well filled with rolls of bank bills, which he freely dispensed to many witnesses to defray the expenses of their merry trip to Pittsburg, and their merrier journey home.

Thus ended one of the most exciting incidents of those early days in the history of Lake Erie; and throughout the Far West and among the Mississippi captains the affair excited the most intense and absorbing interest. Capt. Bristol was soon afterwards married, and under the patronage of his good friend Capt. Reed, became one of the wealthiest and most successful wheat dealers in Chicago. A few years ago, however, he met with some serious reverses, and is now taking out a patent, I believe, for a new cut-off which he invented some years ago, and has since been perfecting.

Anecdotes of Daniel Webster.

Mr. Webster was full of fun and humor at times, and when in company with a few intimate friends he unbent, and exhibited his wonderful versatility of talent, to the delight of all listeners. He had marvelous narrative powers, and was a capital mimic, and imitated a broken dialect to perfection. He was not an unamiable man, and never said a malicious thing in all his life; but when perturbed or uncomfortable, either from indisposition or to the effect of conviviality, he was as unapproachable as a porcupine, and often indulged in peevish exclamations and satirical remarks.

I once heard him describe a visit that he made to the elder Adams, at Quincy, a few months before his death. The venerable sage, then ninety years of age, received him with cordiality, thanking him for his civility in coming to see him. He was lying in bed, supported by pillows, a heavy, plethoric man, inclining to dropsy, and drawing his breath with much difficulty. He seemed to pump up his words, Mr. Webster said, from a great depth, and spoke in short sentences.

"How are you, Mr. Adams?" inquired his visitor.

"Feeble and clearly worn out," was the reply. "The old tenement is in a state of dilapidation, and from what I can judge of the intention of the landlord, he is not likely to lay anything more out in repairs."

Meeting him at the Astor House in 184-, I mentioned that Nathaniel P. Tallmadge, lately Governor of Wisconsin, was dead. "Ah! is Tallmadge dead? Well, all the tears that will be shed on the occasion lie in an onion."

Managing politicians who assumed to control the movements of the people were his aversion. Mr. Webster went down to his grave with the firm conviction that he had been defrauded of the Presidency by the jealousy and intrigues of his rivals. He entertained no doubt that the great mass of his countrymen were anxious to make him President, but was overruled and thwarted by party leaders.

He accosted me one day on Pennsylvania avenue: "How long have you been in town?"

"A couple of days."

"Why have you not been to see me?"

"I don't know where you live."

"At the old place, on Louisiana avenue."

"Near the church on Sixth street."

"Yes; directly under the droppings of the sanctuary."

Rejoining rather irrelevantly, I said, "I did not know there was much sanctity in the droppings from a Unitarian Church."

"I used the phrase as descriptive merely. Have you seen Uncle Truman since you arrived?"

I answered in the affirmative.

"Is he now, as usual, responsible for all mankind?"

I said there seemed to be a heap of trouble on the old man's mind.

"The last time I saw him," said he, "he fairly staggered under the weight of empire."

GUILT FRAMES—Prison windows.

GREAT POLAR CONTINENT.

A Valley of Mastodons—Exploring a Mine of Ivory—A Mountain of Ice One Thousand Feet High.

From the Courrier des Etats Unis.

The ship Cadmus has arrived at San Francisco on its return voyage from the Arctic Ocean, whither it had gone to collect the remnants of the ship-wrecked whaling fleet. On the 28th of September the Cadmus received from the captain of the whaler, George Robbins, certain dispatches addressed to the French Geographical Society by our countryman, M. Pavy, now on an expedition to the North Pole. The dispatches are dated the 25th of August, on the eastern coast of Wrangel Land. We present an analysis of the interesting documents which have been brought by the Cadmus:

An expedition composed of M. Octave Pavy, commander, Profs. Thomas Newcomb and Henry Edwards, of San Francisco, M. Jean Bruil and four seamen, landed on the 18th of June on the eastern cast of Holyuchin Bay. On the 22d of June the explorers, reinforced by eleven natives, started in the direction of the east, along the north bank of the Siberia, having provided themselves with sleds and dogs. On the 17th of July they reached the mouth of the Petrolitz. Near the mouth of the river they encountered immense fields of ice moving in a northern direction. They traversed one single plain of ice sixty miles in extent. Their bearing indicated a deviation of eighteen miles from their intended course. This was caused by the movement of the ice, this fact going to confirm the theory of M. Pavy concerning the concentration and augmentation of the great Japanese current, known as the Ku-Ra-Sirod, which flows through Behring Strait on the right, and thence toward the east off the coast of Siberia.

The explorers reached the shores of Wrangel Land near the mouth of a great river, running from the northwest, and which is not set down on any chart. This M. Pavy considered as confirming another of his theories that there exists a great polar continent, and of which the temperature is sufficiently warm to melt the snow. The current of this hitherto unknown stream flows in an easterly direction along the coast with a rapidity of six knots an hour.

M. Pavy and his party followed the plain of this river toward the north for about 250 miles. The plain is uniformly level, its width varies from fifty to sixty miles, and it is bordered by mountains of great height, with many perpendicular peaks. About 80 miles from the mouth of the river the travelers found upon the plain the remains of mastodons, and on clearing away the snow in a place where tusks were visible they brought to light the enormous body of one of the animals of an extinct race, in a perfect state of preservation. The skin was covered with black and streaked hair, very long and thick on the back. The tusks measured eleven feet eight inches in length, and were curved up so a level with the monster's eyes. The animal was in a kneeling posture, the front legs being bent, while the hind parts were deeply imbedded in the snow, indicating that the mastodon had perished in struggling to get out of a mire hole or snow drift.

Prof. Newcomb could not find any special characteristics distinguishing the extinct mastodon from the elephant of to-day. He took from the stomach some specimens of bark and herbs, the nature of which he could not analyze on the spot. For the space of many miles the plain was covered with the remains of many mastodons, indicating that a numerous drove of these gigantic animals had there perished, owing to some sudden change or convulsion of nature. This region abounds in Polar bears, which devour the remains of the mastodons.

About 120 miles from the coast, and a half league from the river, rises an ice mountain about 1,000 feet in height, the base of which is surrounded by gravel and rocks deeply imbedded in the soil. The smoothness of the rocks and their rounded form prove that they were at one time in the bed of a river, from which they have been cast up by some strange phenomenon. Arctic animals are numerous in the valley, and myriads of arctic birds fly about the river and its banks.

At the date of these dispatches M. Pavy was preparing to winter under the seventy-fifth degree of latitude, in the valley of the great river polar continent. Both he and his companions were in good health and courage, and were confident of arriving, during the coming season, at a great polar sea of moderate temperature, at the extreme north of the continent.

A Horrible Story.

A dreadful accident occurred in Providence, R. I., Saturday. Two men, named Smith and Drew, were in Johnston as wood-choppers. Last Saturday was a cold, blowy day, and the men, while at work, kept up a hot fire under a large overhanging rock. By keeping a brisk fire they warmed the rock itself, and thus, by radiation, secured a really warm place. After work, as it is supposed, they went to the fire to warm themselves and have a smoke before going home. While they were seated there the rock cracked and fell over on them, and they were found under it Monday. Smith was evidently killed on the instant, but Drew had struggled to free himself. He had reached his axe and chopped his own foot off, but his body was still held fast, and after vain efforts to get away he had ended his struggles by cutting his own throat with an axe. The rock was probably as hot as it was heavy, and the suffering of the poor man must have been beyond description. Smith, the one first killed, had been in the army at various times, had both legs and three ribs broken, and had a bullet in his body. He was thrown out of employment in Boston by the fire, and seems all his life to have been one of fortune's victims. The whole story is as horrible as can well be imagined.

Russian Man-of-War.

The new Russian sea-going turret-ship Peter the Great, recently launched at St. Petersburg, is 329 feet 8 inches long, and has an outside breadth of 63 feet. The builder's measurement is 5,352 tons, and the displacement with coals, stores, and water in boilers will be 9,665 tons, at a mean draft of 23 feet 9 inches. The ship differs in many respects from the English and American turret-ships. She will be able to make a long voyage of 17 days at a high rate of speed in any kind of weather. There are two large turrets, which are plated with 16 inches of iron, and each of the four guns she is to carry is of steel, breech-loading, with a 12-inch bore. The projectiles will weigh 700 pounds.

EDWARD S. POLLARD, of the "Lost Cause," is now so seriously ill that no hopes of his recovery are entertained.

The Poison Flower.

BY J. BOYLE O'REILLY.

In the evergreen shade of an Austral wood,
Where the long branches laced above,
Through which all day it seemed
That the sun-beams down-gloamed
Like the rays of a young mother's love
When she hides her glad face with her hands and peeps
At the youngling that crows on her knee:
'Neath such ray-shivered shade,
In a banksia glade,
Was this flower first shown to me.

A rich pansy it was, with a small white lip
And a wonderful purple hood;
And your eye caught the sheen
Of its leaves, parrot-green,
Down the dim Gothic aisles of the wood.
And its foliage rich on the moistureless sand
Made you long for its odorous breath;
But ah! 'twas to take
To your bosom a snake,
For its pestilent fragrance was death.

And I saw it again, in a far northern land—
Not a pansy, purple and white;
Yet in beauteous guise
Did this poison-plant rise
Fair and fatal to my sight.
And men longed for her kiss and odorous breath
When no friend was beside them to tell
That to kiss was to die,
That her truth was a lie,
And her beauty a soul-killing spell.

—The Independent.

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

AN Italian maestro, Michelis, has written an opera bouffe for ladies only.

MR. FROUDE is accredited with this remark: "I have not made much mention of Irish saints, my lecture being simply historical."

A BOY born on the Union Pacific Railroad's western bound train, near a little town in Utah Territory, has been named "Ulysses Pacific."

ONE style of bonnet is called the "Mansard," because it takes a great deal of "man's-hard" earnings to pay for one of 'em.—*Boston Post.*

A PHILADELPHIA man belongs to 342 different lodges, circles, etc, and is the custodian of 1,377 signs, grips, passwords, etc.

Two valuable horses belonging to George H. Cramer, died recently of the epizootic at Mr. C.'s country seat, Lake George.

A MEMORIAL cross has been erected in the grounds of Sir Percy Shelly, son of the poet, at Boscombe Place, Sussex County, England, to mark the intended burial ground of the family.

ALL of Sir Walter Scott's race are gone now but a great-granddaughter, a girl of 19.

WRONG IN THE HEAD.—Mrs. Malaprop, whose acquaintance with surgical terms is evidently somewhat imperfect, persists in saying that she once knew a man who was successfully japanned.

A BLOCK of ten ice-houses in Woburn, Mass., containing 25,000 tons of ice, belonging to the Boston Ice Company, was burned Sunday night. The loss is $25,000—insurance $15,000.

THE New York Independent will double up on the 1st of January into the form of Harper's Weekly, and contain thirty-two pages.

AARON ANDERSTATT, a laborer, fell off the roof of the new Rogers, locomotive shops, at Paterson, N. J., last week, and was fatally injured. This is the fifth accident of the kind at the same shop within the last month.

PUBLIC sentiment would not allow Mullett, the government architect, to put another story on the top of the Washington Postoffice, and so he had discretely decided to raise the building up and insert another story on the bottom.

THE seventy-three Chinemen who first came to North Adams, Mass., have laid up $37,000 above all expenses since they began work for Mr. Sampson. Twenty-two more of the Celestials are expected in a few days.

THE Marquette Journal states that Peter McTasny, while charging a hole with nitro-glycerine, let fall a pound cartridge on the top of three others. All exploded, blowing one of his hands off, putting out both eyes, and tearing much of his flesh off his face.

THE Portland (Oregon) Herald says that the loss to Oregon City by the burning of the woolen mills at that place was comparatively as great as the losses of Chicago or Boston in their great fires. It foots up about $225,000, with an insurance of $100,000.

THERE are constantly making discoveries of new marl resources in the Mississippi. Professor Hilgard considers this marl superior to the commercial fertilizers, and he thinks the supply can never be exhausted.

There are at present three European inmates of the harem of the Shah, or King of Persia, at Ispahaun—one a Parisian and the other two English blondes. Though very handsome, they are not the favorites.

FREQUENTLY occurring matinal conversations between servantless couples who have been married for several years: "I won't get up and light the fire." "I'm sure I won't; I did it yesterday."

A SHOEMAKER with one eye, who work in this neighborhood, complained that one of his lamps did not burn. One of his

Poetical Brevities.

AUTUMN SINGS.

Bright, yellow, red, and orange,
The leaves come down in hosts;
The trees are Indian princes,
But soon they'll turn to ghosts:
The leathery pears and apples
Hang russet on the bough;
It's Autumn, Autumn, Autumn late
—William Allingham.

TO A CONCORD.

When Phiby's mighty fame, they say,
This nether world o'erran,
A slave addressed him every day,
"Remember you're a man!"
Your pride to truth we should take
Far different means, alas!
For day and night the slave should shriek,
"Remember you're an ass!"

HEARTS.

The soul of music slumbers in the shell
Till waked and kindled by the master's spell;
And feeling hearts—touch them but lightly—pour
A thousand melodies unheard before!
—Rogers.

A WALK.

Like a new-born spirit did he pass
Through the green evening quiet, in the sun
O'er many a heath, through many a woodland dun,
Through buried paths, where sleepy twilight dreams
The summer time away.
—Keats.

BARGAIN.

We barter life for pottage; sell true-buss
For wealth or power, for pleasure or renown:
Thus, Esau-like, our Father's blessing muss,
Then wash with fruitless tears our faded crown.
—Kemble.

PASSION.

Strong passions, like to storms,
Soon rage themselves to rest,
Or leave a desolated calm,
A worn and wasted breast.
—Bailey.

VIRTUE.

Virtue
Stands like the sun, and all which rolls around
Drinks life and light and glory from her aspect.
—Byron.

TO A JILT.

So fair thou art, I hardly deem'd thee human,
But thou hast left me, so I know thou'rt woman.

THE FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

To Fatten Chickens.

It is hopeless to attempt to fatten chickens while they are at liberty; they must be put into a proper coop; and this, like most other poultry appurtenances, need not be expensive. To fatten twelve fowls, a coop may be three feet long, eighteen inches high and eighteen inches deep, made entirely of bars. No part solid, neither top, sides, nor bottom. Discretion must be used according to the size of the chickens put up. Care must be taken to put such as have been accustomed to be together, or they will fight. If one is quarrelsome, it is better to remove it at once, as, like other bad examples, it soon finds imitators. A diseased chicken should not be put up.

The food should be ground oats, and may either be put up in a trough or on a flat board running along the front of the coop. It may be mixed with water or milk—the latter is the better. It should be well soaked, forming a pulp as loose as can be, provided it does not run off the board. They must be well fed three or four times a day, the first time as soon as daybreak as may be possible or convenient, and then at intervals of four hours. Each meal should be as much and no more than they can eat up clean. When they have done feeding, the board should be wiped and some gravel may be spread; it causes them to feed and thrive.

After a fortnight of this treatment you will have good fat fowls. As soon as the fowl is sufficently fatted it must be killed; otherwise it will not get fatted, but will lose flesh. If fowls are intended for market, of course they are or may be all fatted at once; but if for home consumption it is better to put them up at such intervals as will suit the time when they will be required for the table. When the time arrives for killing, whether they are for market or otherwise, they should be fasted without food or water for twelve or fifteen hours. This enables them to be kept for some time after being killed, even in hot weather.

Kidney Worm in Hogs Cured by Carbolic Acid.

On the 10th of February last I noticed that one of my hogs—a large Chester white sow—was a little weak in the back. On examining her I found that it was with great difficulty that she raised her fore feet in trying to walk. As I have had very little experience in raising hogs, I at once consulted a number of my neighbors.

They all pronounced it kidney worm, and, of course, each had a remedy. Some prescribed soapsuds, others weak lye, coperas, blue vitriol, turpentine, etc. I gave each a fair trial, with no good result, and on the 20th of March she lay flat on her side, unable to turn over, and had not been on her feet for ten days, when my father, Dr. Brown, handed me a bottle of carbolic acid, and told me to use it as follows:

"Ten drops once a day in drink, then put thirty drops in one gill of hot vinegar and bathe the back over the kidneys once a week.

I gave her the first dose on Thursday, March 21.

On Sunday, the 25th, when I went out to feed she rose to her feet and took two or three steps to meet me. By Saturday, the 30th, she was well and sound as ever.

The same remedy is qually good in treating the mange. First, wash the hog well with soap-suds, then to one pint of lard, while hot, add one ounce of carbolic acid, stirring until it is cool. Rub the hog two or three times with this and give yourself no uneasiness about the mange.

Helpful Hints for Housewives.

THE juice of bean pods is a cure for warts.

TO PREVENT GLUE BECOMING SOUR AND MOULDY.—The addition of a quantity of carbonate of soda, just sufficient to give a strong smell to the glue, will accomplish the desired result.

TO MEND RUBBER OR OTHER HOSE.—Cut the hose apart where it is defective, obtain a piece of iron pipe ten or twelve inches long; twist the hose over it until the ends meet, and wrap with strong twine, well waxed.

CREAM-OF-TARTAR CAKE.—To one pound and a half of flour take two ounces of butter; rub it well into the flour. Add one teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, one quart of sweet milk and sugar. Bake in a quick oven.

DRIED VEAL.—Dried veal can be made in hot just as well as in cool weather. Salt the usual way, then put the pieces on a dripping-pan and dry them in an open stove oven. Care must be taken not to get the oven too hot, else it may scorch. Turn from side to side several times during the day. It takes but a short time to dry, and it is much better than dried beef.

DRIED HAM.—Take small hams (if too salt, soak in warm water for twelve hours), partially bake in an oven just enough to cook the fat, remove to a tin oven and dry for several days. Cut in thin slices for the table. Ham prepared after this method can be kept for several months in hot weather, and makes a very convenient dish for unexpected guests. By many preferred to dried beef.

HOUSEHOLD MEASURES.—The following are the household weights and measures: Wheat flour—one pound is one quart. Indian meal—one pound two ounces is one quart. Butter—when soft one pound one ounce is one quart. White sugar, powdered—one pound one ounce is one quart. Best brown sugar—one pound two ounces is one pnart. Eggs, average size—ten are one pound. Liquid measures—fifteen tablespoonfuls are half a pint.

ECONOMICAL DISH.—Take the remnant of a cold boiled leg of mutton, or of a roast of beef; shave it into thin slices; season, and add, if you like it, an onion chopped fine, or a pinch of sweet herbs. Put this on a baking dish, and pour over the gravy, if you have any; if not, a little water, butter, and flour. Then take hot boiled potatoes; mash fine; add a little milk and salt, or butter, to soften them into a smooth paste, which lay over the meat. Then put the dish in the oven, and bake a nice brown.

APPLE CREAM.—Boil twelve apples of rich flavor, until quite soft; then rub the pulp through a wire or hair sieve; add half a pint of white sugar, the yolks of three eggs well beaten; whip up the whites of three eggs to a stiff froth, and mix two tablespoonfuls of sugar with them. Put the apples and yolks into a pudding dish and heap the beaten froth upon it higher in the centre. Bake it in a hot oven for ten or fifteen minutes—just long enough to brown the white nicely.

HOW TO MAKE TEA PROPERLY.—The proper way to make a good cup of tea is a matter of some importance. The plan which I have practiced for these twelve months is this: The teapot is at once filled up with boiling water, then the tea is put into the pot, and is allowed to stand five minutes before it is used, the leaves gradually absorb the water, and as gradually sink to the bottom. The result is, that the tea leaves are not scalded, as they are when boiling water is poured upon them, and you get all the true flavor of the tea. In truth, much less tea is required in this way than under the old common practice.—*James Cuthill, London.*

APPLE TAPIOCA PUDDING.—One coffee-cup tapioca, covered with three pints of cold water, and soak over night. In the morning set it on the side of range or stove, stirring it often, till it becomes transparent. If too thick, add more water, till it is as thin as good clear starch. Stir in a small teaspoonful of salt. Pare and core, without breaking, as many good apples as will set close on the bottom of a medium sized pudding dish. Fill the holes full of sugar and a very little nutmeg and cinnamon; then pour over the tapioca, and bake slowly till the apples are soft and well done. To be eaten with hard sauce, which is made as follows: One cup sugar, two-thirds of a cup of butter, beaten together until perfectly smooth and white.

The Pearl Fisheries.

A correspondent, writing to the London Times from Colombo, says: "The pearl fishery of Ceylon is not to be depended upon in future in aid of our revenue. I should explain my reason for the statement. It is true that at the last official examination of the pearl banks off Aripo, on the northwest coast of the island, they were found well stocked with young oysters, which should, in due course, yield a valuable fishery; but it is impossible to avoid a fear that the disappointment which attended the last expected fishery will equally destroy all chances of pearls from the deep in the year of promise, 1874. An enemy known only of late years, and against whose ravages there is no recognized protection, swept away every oyster a few years ago, and the same foe, whose name is legion, is known to be lying in ambush against the maturity of our present oyster beds, when, doubtless, he will again sweep over them, and play havoc with our mine of wealth. This enemy is the skate—a fish frequently attaining the length of a dozen feet, and armed with a jaw of tremendous power and peculiar construction, resembling the jaws of a stone-crushing machine, with which it is able to crush the oysters, abstracting in the process the fish, and with it also our precious pearls, on which it feeds. The divers who on the last occasion descended to the oyster banks described the destroying race as an army of monsters, so thickly covering the ground that it was impossible to see the oysters, and eventually they went down armed with sticks, with which they succeeded in driving off many of them. The scene of the encounter, fathoms deep, must have been remarkable, but it is unfortunately fraught with direful forebodings as regards our prospects of a fishery."

The Romance of a Brigand.

Brigands of the good old fashioned type are fast dying out, but some very fine specimens of the romantic sort are still to be found in Corsica. A correspondent of the Temps mentions that, besides some thirty-four very doubtful characters, who systematically elude the police of the island, there are three individuals, named Germani, Suzzoni and Alberti, about whom very sensational legends are told. The exploits of these brigands are, however, but child's play compared to those of Suzzoni's predecessor, the famous Santaluccia. He was perhaps the last of the old race, and was a power in Corsica some thirty years ago. He took to the woods in consequence of a misfortune which happened to one of his brothers, who was convicted on the evidence of false witnesses, and sent to the hulks. Santaluccia gave himself no rest until he had got these men into his power. The first of these he tied to a tree and addressed as follows: "Yours is a lying tongue; you are about to lose it," which assertion he made good. To the next he said: "You have declared that your eyes beheld that which they have not seen; you are going to lose your eyes." To the third he said: "You have sworn that your ears have heard what they had not heard; you will lose your ears." He then tore out the eyes of the one and cut off the ears of the other.

THE Rev. Frederick Howlett, an English astronomer of some distinction, announces his discovery of some more little spots on the sun which have easily escaped the notice of other observers, as they only cover about a thousand million square miles.

Foreign Notes.

THERE are said to be two hundred railway directors in the British Parliament.

THE subject of Rosa Bonheur's last painting is a combat between a tiger and a hyena.

ONE of the London newspapers announces that Mr. Charles Dickens, Jr., will sail for the United States next spring.

A MONUMENTAL tomb to Baudin, the deputy who was killed on a barricade by the troops at the time of the *coup d'etat* in 1851, has just been erected in Paris and the corpse transferred to it. The Republicans propose to celebrate the next anniversary of Baudin's death by a grand commemoration.

A LETTER from Jerusalem says: Laborers working under the direction of a distinguished French lady, the Princess de la Tour d'Auvergne, have discovered on the Mount of Olives, near the Church of the Pater, a splendid specimen of ancient mosaic in four colors—white, red, black and yellow. It is 16 feet long, but as yet only 6 feet of its width have been uncovered.

THERE are in Austria twelve prisons for men and six for women. The number of prisoners at the end of last year was 10,422 of both sexes. The number of persons who died in prison during the year was 552. Every prisoner is obliged to attend school regularly, and popular lectures are delivered to the prisoners on Sundays and holidays.

A FLOCK of guranacos have arrived at the Jardin d'Acclimatation, Paris, being a present from Don Pedro, Emperor of Brazil. The animal is a variety of the llama, and its fleece, which is in much request, is also scarce, so that the acclimatization of the animal in France would be an advantage to trade. The Brazilians call it "Soit in your eye," by reason of its singular habit of showing its anger to visitors by darting forth at them the grass which it is constantly chewing.

THE French journals have a waggish tale concerning the pleasantry of a Dublin audience, whose habit, it seems, is to throw from the gallery to the stage a large bouquet attached to a string. Just as the prima donna stoops to pick up the nosegay, it is flipped away from her, amid roars of laughter from all parts of the house. We have no doubt the joke will prove as new to Dublin audiences as it is to us.

CHARLES BONDEVILLE, formerly a poor actor, and more recently a professor of declamation, is dead. For many years he read the papers aloud to Baron James Rothschild each morning. The Baron was often heard to say that his reader was the talma of the *faits divers*, and that when the suicides were being read he was always afraid that his valet would cut his throat from enthusiasm.

THE late Baron James de Rothschild, in his last moments, expressed a desire to devote the interest of 1,000,000 francs to the foundation of charity in aid of indigent families of Paris, without distinction of religion, for the payment of their rents. The heirs of the deceased, with the view of not delaying the execution of their father's intentions, have just placed the revenue in question at the disposal of the Bureaux de Bienfaisance.

A LAD of fifteen has just committed suicide at Porcheres, Basse-Alps, under strange circumstances. He was out driving a cart, drawn by a donkey, and, owing to the late heavy rains, the roads were so cut up that the vehicle stuck in the heavy soil. As the animal was unable to extricate it, the boy in despair took a cord off the harness and hanged himself to an adjoining mulberry tree. He was discovered shortly after, but the ancient ridiculous notion that a corpse must not be touched until the agents of justice are present, prevented any attempt at saving him, and he hung there all the afternoon. In fact, the country people were in the act of lighting fires to watch the body all night, when a proprietor of the neighborhood, somewhat more enlightened, arrived and cut the body down, and had the corpse removed.

About Flowers.

TEA ROSES, carnations and violets, with trailing sprays of smilax, are the flowers in favor for ornamenting the person.

ORANGE flowers, of course, are the standard exeties: they will always remain the most delicate in perfume and the most costly in price.

ROMAN hyacinths are among the newy imported plants displayed in greenhouses. They are natives of France, are both white and blue and very fragrant.

A BEAUTIFUL double scarlet geranium is the latest novelty in the hothouse. It blossoms in bunches of four or five flowers which are like full carnations.

LILIES are to be raised in profusion by horticulturists the coming season, and will no doubt be greatly sought, as for color, grace and odor they are incomparable.

ROSES of all varieties fill the hot houses. The Marchiel Neil, a large yellow rose, is a most gorgeous flower. The blondin, raised in great perfection in Boston, is a deliciate pink rose and very fragrant.

WEALTHY people invest largely in flowers on all occasions of festivities. Large floral bells, which cost from $160 to $200, are ordered for weddings: then the brackets and vases must be trimmed and filled, and trailing baskets of rare flowers must ornament every table and tripod.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS.—An advertisement is, as a general rule, an elaborate eulogium on the merits of something which the advertiser desires to sell. The editors and publishers of the paper in which it appears are not responsible for its statements; sometimes, however, highly important discoveries or inventions announced to the world through the business department of the press, seem to *demand* a few words of editorial commendation. We have no hesitation in saying that the excellent medicine introduced by Dr. Joseph Walker, of California, under the name of VINEGAR BITTERS, belongs to this category, and has a just claim to a favorable notice. There can be no doubt as to its utility as a tonic, stomachic and alterative. We are cognizant of many instances in which it has cured cases of chronic dyspepsia, supposed to be incurable, and know that the estimation in which it is held as a remedy for bilious and nervous disorders, intermittent and remittent fevers, rheumatism and general debility, is founded on experience and well deserved. The testimony of "a cloud of witnesses" goes to show that it is eminently useful in a large majority of the disorders to which the human family are subject. The fact that it contains no alcohol commends it to the confidence of that large and increasing class of the community who insist that all spirituous stimulants are active poisons.—*Com.*

PRUSSIA is hereafter to use American paper for her bank notes.

The German Emperor Gives a French Cannon to an American Church.

From the Titusville (Penn.) Herald, Dec. 17.

At a meeting of the Building Committee of St. Paul's Reformed Church it was resolved to ask of King William one of the French cannon taken by him in the late war, to be cast as a bell for the new edifice. The following letter, from Charles H. Meyer, the German Consul at Philadelphia, tells the result:

PHILADELPHIA, December 12, 1872.
C. M. Brausch, Esq.:

I am happy to state to you that His Majesty, the Emperor William, in reply to the petition of St. Paul's Reformed Church, at Titusville, has presented one of the captured French canon to them, weighing about 2,000 pounds. You will please communicate the fact to the congregation, and also state to them that this piece of artillery is now awaiting transportation at the depot in Berlin. I am ready to forward it at your convenience. I have the honor to be your obedient servant,

CHAS. H. MEYER.

The Chicago Tribune

Now occupies its rebuilt premises with greatly improved facilities, and appears in a new quarto form of fifty-six columns, the largest, handsomest and best newspaper published west of New York. Its distinguishing features are: the earliest and fullest news from all quarters, at whatever cost; full and accurate commercial, real estate and general market reports, and great ability in its editorial, literary and agricultural departments. It is independent and outspoken in its views, with full faith that Time, which sooner or later gives to right the victory, will vindicate its principles. It has been the most powerful agency in the Northwest in inspiring and upholding that strong, free public sentiment which, at last, has united all parties in maintaining the equal rights of all, irrespective of race, creed or color. The advocate of Progress, the friend of Virtue, the fosterer of Art, Education and general culture, its great success is largely due to its high character as the best representative of the Industrial and business interests; and the marvelous enterprise, of the West. Its advertising columns reveal the *great fact*—more convincing than words—that, whoever wishes to know, or to make known anything patronizes the *Tribune*. It is emphatically the *people's Tribune*, which no Western man of business or culture can afford to be without.

The Tri-Weekly contains, in each issue, the substance of two Dailies.

The Weekly will contain the cream of the Dailies, the unrivaled articles of Rural on "The Farm and Garden," so eagerly looked for by Western readers, and original and selected sketches, tales and articles of special interest to the Home and the Fireside. In the copiousness and freshness of its news, literary excellence and adaptation to the wants of Western people, it has no equal.—*Com.*

THE WEEKLY SUN.

Only $1 a Year. 8 Pages

THE BEST FAMILY PAPER.—The Weekly N. Y. Sun. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

THE BEST AGRICULTURAL PAPER.—The Weekly N. Y. Sun. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

THE BEST POLITICAL PAPER.—The Weekly N. Y. Sun. Independent and Faithful. Against Public Plunder. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

THE BEST NEWSPAPER.—The Weekly New York Sun. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

HAS ALL THE NEWS.—The Weekly New York Sun. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

THE BEST STORY PAPER.—The Weekly N. Y. Sun. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

THE BEST FASHION REPORTS in the Weekly N. Y. Sun. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

THE BEST MARKET REPORTS in the Weekly N. Y. Sun. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

THE BEST CATTLE REPORTS in the Weekly N. Y. Sun. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

THE BEST PAPER IN EVERY RESPECT.—The Weekly N. Y. Sun. 8 pages. $1 a year. Send your Dollar.

Address THE SUN, New York City.

THE Swiss Times gives a melancholy statement as to the condition of the poor in the Canton of Berne; which has been compiled from the reports of the Statistical Society and data furnished by sixty local physicians. At the end of last year, out of a total population of 506,475, there were 1,502 idiots and cretins, and 1,292 persons suffering from mental aberration, of whom, by the way, scarcely a third could be received into the Asylums. These figures show that in the canton the ratio of idiots and insane to the population is as 1 to 180, while in England the proportion is 1 to 300.

MANY persons suffer with sick headache and nervous headache, usually induced by costiveness, indigestion, &c. Such persons will find relief, if not cure, by keeping the bowels open with small doses of *Parsons' Purgative Pills.*

HAVE you inflammatory sore throat, stiff joints or lameness, from any cause whatever? Have you rheumatic or any other pains in any part of the body? If so, use *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.* Our word for it, it is the best pain killer in this country.—Com.

THE purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world is HAZARD & CASWELL'S, made on the sea shore, from fresh, selected livers, by CASWELL HAZARD & Co., New York. It is absolutely *pure* and *sweet*. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in the market.—Com.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, FOR Pulmonary and Asthmatic Disorders, have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years, and have received testimonia's from eminent men who have used them.—Com.

BEST AND OLDEST FAMILY MEDICINE.—*Stafford's Liver Invigorator.*—A purely vegetable *Cathartic* and *Tonic*—for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Debility, Sick-headache, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Ask your Druggist for it. *Beware of imitations.*—Com.

TO HAVE elegant light Biscuits, Rolls, Buckwheat Cakes, Fruit Dumplings, &c., you should use Dooley's Yeast Powder. Ask your grocer for it. It is a pure Baking Powder.—Com.

OUR best and shrewdest business men are insuring every day in the Washington Life of New York.—Com.

MORMON SECRETS sent free. Address Andrew Henley, Omaha, Nebraska.—Com.

THE London Spectator says there is "probably more flagrant perjury committed in the English Divorce Court in one year than in any other Court in five."

"Cheer Up, and Stand By!"

This advice, given by bluff Captain Cuttle to the forlorn Mr. Toots is cordially tendered to all who are laboring under that cloud of depression and melancholy which usually accompanies chronic indigestion, biliousness, habitual constipation and nervous debility. "Cheer up!" woe-begone invalids. The causes of your gloomy feelings, though they may be chronic and of long standing, are not incurable. A course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the purest and most genial of all vegetable stimulants and correctives, and especially adapted to cases like yours, will relieve you of your bodily ailments and consequent mental misery, speedily, certainly, and without pain. The chills and damps of the present season, in fact, all its atmospheric conditions, are unfavorable to dyspeptic, bilious and nervous sufferers. They need a stimulant, as well as a tonic and alterative. This wholesome vegetable preparation combines the three. While it increases the digestive capacity of the stomach, and changes and regulates the condition of the liver and the bowels, it gives an agreeable impulse to the mental faculties and steadies the nerves. Unmedicated stimulants are never advisable; they are too exciting, and often react disastrously. On the other hand, the sham bonfire which contains no diffusive stimulant, and are surcharged with drastic evacuants that almost turn a man inside out, are dangerous. The system needs more vitality, and they penetrate it entirely. Hostetter's Bitters has no affinity either with the dangerous excitant or the still more dangerous depletant. It simply strengthens and regulates the body and clears the mind. This is the whole secret of its cures.

HARD LUCK.

Nine Thousand Bushels of Corn Wanting a Purchaser.

From the Hannibal Courier, 18th.

A gentleman arrived in this city this morning from Leroy, Kansas, and visited the T., W. and W. Railway office, to obtain rates for the shipment here of 9,000 bushels of corn. He was referred for rates to the H. and St. J. Railroad, as the other road gives no rates from Leroy. In a subsequent conversation with him, we ascertained that he had offered the whole crop in his native village at five cents per bushel, but could not find a purchaser. He next went to Kansas City, but found the market glutted. Then he inquired the rates to St. Louis, and ascertained that he would lose just 10 cents on the bushel by shipping there. Now he is trying to get rates to this point, which will enable him to sell his crop at 10 cents per bushel.

We asked him why he did not raise hogs and feed the corn to them, but he assured us in order to do that he must keep his hogs up, as there is a State law there that they shall not run at large. The poor fellow is in a sad dilemma as to what course to pursue now, and talks of making fuel of his corn. At present prices he cannot expect a sufficient remuneration from the sale of his crop to pay for the time employed in gathering it. Don't go West, young man, don't!

A Strange Phenomenon.

The Pall Mall Gazette says there has been an extraordinary, and, it may be added, singular unpleasant atmospheric phenomenon near Banbury. About one o'clock in the afternoon "something in the shape of a haycock and of great size," was seen revolving through the air. It was accompanied by fire and smoke, and sometimes was high up in the air and at other times close to the ground. Its noise was terrible, and resembled that of an express train running with extreme rapidity. It tore up no fewer than seventeen trees, injured thirty-six more, and threw down 116 yards of stone wall, besides frightening everybody out of their wits. For a mile and a half this disagreeable thing, whatever it was, pursued its destructive career, and was accompanied in its progress by a whirlwind almost as mischievous as itself, for this latter nuisance, it is stated, swept everything before it—dried up a pond over which it passed, carried stones for a distance of forty yards, and knocked down hosts of railings. Altogether, a more troublesome couple than the thing like a haycock and its attendant whirlwind have rarely visited a quiet neighborhood, nor are we surprised to hear that the inhabitants thought "the earth was about to open and swallow them up." It is a touching trait in the character of this simple folk that in the hour of peril they were fully prepared to share the fate of the Banbury cakes which have made their district so famous.

Chemical and Physiological Effects of Tobacco Smoke.

M. Gustave Lebon, of Paris, has just issued a treatise upon the chemical and physiological effects of tobacco smoke upon the system, the author having first constructed a variety of apparatus by which he has been enabled, he says, to collect and show with exactness the various elements of the smoke which condense and deposit themselves on the organs of the smoker. One hundred grammes—1,500 grains English troy—of French tobacco furnish, says M. Lebon, 0.550 grains of nicotine and 0.490 grains of ammonia, able to act upon the coatings of the mouth, the windpipe, or the pulmonary ducts. Tobaccos of the Levant are the least dangerous some of them possess but a small trace of nicotine. In small doses, tobacco smoke instantaneously excites cerebral activity and the intellectual forces, and facilitates digestion. In excessive and frequently repeated doses, it produces difficulty of digestion, benumbed intelligence, and cloudy memory.

Union College.

An important movement has been developed at Schenectady, which contemplates the consolidation of Union College at Schenectady, the Medical College, Law School, and the Dudley Observatory at Albany, under the name of the "Union University of the State of New York." The Trustees of the Medical College, Law School, and Observatory have already ratified the proposition, and the Trustees of Union College are considering it favorably. It is expected that the new organization will be formally consummated at the Medical College, Albany, during the commencement exercises this month. Union College, as of old, will remain at Schenectady; and the other institutions at Albany.

ARTHUR HALIBURTON, son of the famous "Sam Slick," has just been appointed Assistant Account General in India, at a salary of $10,000 per year.

A CHALLENGE

Is extended to the world to place before the public a better *cough* or *lung* remedy than ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

VERILY IT HATH NO EQUAL.

CONSUMPTIVES, READ!

Would you cure that distressing cough, and bring back that healthy vigor till lately planted in your cheek? If you would do not delay for, ere bad are aware, it will be too late.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

is your hope. It has been tried by thousands such as you, who have been cured, many, in their gratitude, have lent their names to us, that suffering humanity can read their evidence and believe. Don't experiment with new and untried mixtures—you cannot afford it—but try at once this invaluable article. It is warranted to break up the most troublesome cough in a few hours, if not of too long standing. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction in all cases of lung and throat difficulties.

UNSOLICITED EVIDENCE OF ITS MERITS

READ THE FOLLOWING:

WHAT WELL KNOWN DRUGGISTS SAY ABOUT ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

SPRINGFIELD, TENN., Sept. 11, 1872.

GENTLEMEN.—Ship us six dozen Allen's Lung Balsam at once. We have not a bottle left in our Store. It has more reputation than any cough medicine we have ever sold, and we have been in the drug business twenty-seven years; we mean just what we say about the Balsam.

Very truly yours,
HURT & TANNER.

AGAIN READ THE EVIDENCE from a Druggist who was cured by use of the Balsam, and now sells it largely:

L. C. Cottrell, Druggist at Marine City, Michigan, writes, Sept. 13, 1872: "I am out of Allen's Lung Balsam; send me half a gross as soon as you can: I would rather be out of any other medicine in my store. The Lung Balsam never fails to do good for those afflicted with a cough."

It is harmless to the most delicate child.
It contains no opium in any form.
It is sold by Medicine-dealers generally.

CAUTION.

Be not deceived. Call for ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM, and take no other.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.
PROPRIETORS.

☞ Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

IT IS WELL TO GET CLEAR of a Bad Cough of Cold the first week, but it is safer to rid yourself of it the first forty-eight hours—the proper remedy for the purpose being Dr. Jayne's Expectorant.

YOUNG BENNETT receives between $600,000 and $700,000 yearly profits from the New York Herald. A nice little pin money income for the coming Mrs. Herald.

A STATUE of Lord Holland has been set up at Holland Park, Kensington, near London.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

BEEF CATTLE—Fair to prime	$ 8 00	@13 50
HOGS—Live		@ 4 75
SHEEP—Fair to prime	5 75	@ 6 00
COTTON—Middling		@ 20½
FLOUR—Spring Extra	7 25	@ 7 85
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	1 51	@ 1 60
CORN—Western Mixed	63	@ 65½
OATS—Western	46	@ 48½
RYE—Western		@ 95
BARLEY	87	@ 89
PORK—Mess		@13 75
LARD	7¾	@8 8¼

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Choice to extra prime	$ 5 25	@ 6 00
Medium to choice	5 00	@ 5 20
Common to fair	4 10	@ 4 40
HOGS—Live	3 50	@ 3 80
SHEEP—Lambs, good to choice	4 00	@ 5 00
BUTTER—Choice	20	@ 25
EGGS—Fresh	26	@ 28
FLOUR—White Winter Extra	8 50	@10 00
Spring Extra	5 75	@ 6 50
WHEAT—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 24
Spring, No. 2		@ 1 18½
CORN—No. 1		@ 30½
OATS—No. 2		@ 24½
RYE—No. 2		@ 69
BARLEY—No. 2		@ 66
PORK—Mess, new		@11 85
LARD	7 @	@ 7¾

CINCINNATI.

BEEF CATTLE	$ 4 00	@ 6 00
HOGS—Live	3 75	@ 4 00
SHEEP—Live	4 50	@ 4 75
FLOUR—Family	7 00	@ 7 50
WHEAT—Red		@ 1 60
CORN	27	@ 38
OATS	27	@ 38
RYE	68	@ 70
BARLEY	65	@ 70
PORK—Mess		@12 00
LARD	7	@ 7¾

ST. LOUIS.

BEEF CATTLE—Choice	$ 5 50	@ 6 00
Good to Prime	5 50	@ 5 60
HOGS—Live	3 20	@ 3 80
SHEEP—Good to Choice	4 20	@ 4 70
FLOUR—Spring XX	6 50	@ 6 75
WHEAT—No. 2 Fall		@ 1 05
CORN		@ 33
OATS	25	@ 25½
RYE	68	@ 70
BARLEY	75	@ 90
PORK—Mess		@12 00
LARD	7	@ 7¾

MILWAUKEE.

CATTLE—Choice to extra prime	$ 5 00	@ 5 00
Medium to choice	4 70	@ 5 00
Common to fair	3 60	@ 3 80
HOGS—Live	3 66	@ 3 80
SHEEP—Live—Good to Choice	3 50	@ 4 25
BUTTER—Choice	20	@ 24
EGGS—Fresh	24	@ 25
FLOUR—White Winter Extra	7 65	@ 8 00
Spring Extra	6 00	@ 6 50
WHEAT—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 20
No. 2		@ 1 19½
CORN—No. 2		@ 37
OATS—No. 2		@ 27
RYE—No. 2		@ 71
BARLEY—No. 2		@ 72½
PORK—Mess		@11 75
LARD		@ 7¾

TO

CONSUMPTIVES!

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, and all Throat or Lung difficulties.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, 194 Penn street, Williamsburgh, N. Y.

THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER.

THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER,
"THE GLEANERS,"
A beautiful Chromo (15x22½)
To every Subscriber to
THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER,
$2.50 per Annum, in Advance. Send for Specimen copy. 4 New Church St., New York.
Rev. John Hall, D. D.,
Rev. Wm. Ormiston, D. D.,
JAMES ANTHONY FROUDE.
T. Adolphus Trollope, and others.
WRITE FOR
THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER,
THE CHRISTIAN INTELLIGENCER.

$75 to $250 per month, everywhere male and female, introducing the CELEBRATED IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, bind, braid and embroider in the most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully warranted and warranted five years. We will pay $500 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. Wanted: Agents from $75 to $250 per month and expenses—or commission given when preferred. Address for particulars, SECOMB & Co., Boston, Mass.; Pittsburg, Pa.; Chicago, Ill.; or St. Louis, Mo.

AMERICAN OLEOGRAPH CO.,
108, 110, 112, 114, 116 and 118
Spring Street,
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.
HUGO BROICH & LOUIS KURZ,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OLEOGRAPHS AND CHROMOS
☞ Show Cards and Music Titles made to order.

CASH PREMIUMS FREE!
OVER
Twenty-One Thousand Dollars
Distributed next April, Free, among the $2.00 subscribers of the
WEEKLY ENQUIRER.
Inclose $2.00 for a year's subscription, or send for full particulars. Extra premiums for agents. Address FARAN & McLEAN, Cincinnati, Ohio.

THEA-NECTAR
IS A PURE
BLACK TEA
With the Green Tea Flavor. Warranted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., No. 191 Fulton St., and 2 and 4 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5,643. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles Street ST. LOUIS, MO.
Largest engaged, and most successful physician of the age. Consultation or pamphlet free. Call or write. Just published for the benefit of young men who suffer from Nervousness, Debility, &c., a treatise of 36 pages, for 2 stamps; a book 200 pages, illustrated, for 50 cents.

PROCTER & GAMBLE'S
MOTTLED GERMAN
SOAP is made from the best materials, and will not waste. Sold at price of ordinary Soap. Grocers have it.
Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit, and Cincinnati Jobbers, Wholesale Agents.

ASTONISHING! Mme. LA RUE produces a true picture of your future Husband or Wife, with name and date of marriage. Send your age, color of hair and eyes, with 50 cents, and receive picture, written destiny and 50 Conundrums, so you can correspond. MME. LA RUE, Box 25, Chicago.

$5 to $20 per day: Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

$50 VALUABLE. Send three cent stamp for particulars. DOBSON, RAYNES & CO. St. Louis, Mo.

Great Medical Book & Secrets for Ladies & Gents, Sent free for 2 Stamps. Address Dr. Bonaparte & Co., Cincinnati, O.

BOOK AGENTS and other Canvassers now at work, can learn how to increase their income $15 a week (sure) without interfering with their regular Canvassing by addressing F. N. REED, 119 Eighth St., N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED for the New Illustrated Book WILD LIFE IN THE FAR WEST. 31 years of adventures among the Indians, &c. *Thrilling, highly interesting and fast selling.* For terms, address F. A. HUTCHINSON, Chicago, Ills., or St. Louis.

ALL KINDS OF COLLECTION
Or advisory Foreign Law Business promptly attended to by
J. F. PRUEAUFF,
Attorney at Law, Columbia, Lancaster Co., Pa.

263 RECEIPTS WHICH COST $135
Sent on receipt of 10 cents.
Address HY. BENJAMIN, 19, Louis Mo.

$72.00 EACH WEEK—AGENTS WANTED. Business legitimate. Particulars free. J. WORTH, St. Louis, Mo. Box 2080.

EVERGREENS, 6 to 15 inches, *transplanted*, $2 to $3 per 100. Send stamp for descriptive list to BARNES & C

TAX NOTICE.

The Tax Duplicate for the year A. D 1872 is now placed in my hands for collection and I will attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting said Taxes for the year 1872

In Hollywood Town at the election poll on Monday the 6th day of Jan. A. D. 1873.

In Watertown at the Drug Store on Tuesday and Wednesday the 7th and 8th of January A. D. 1873.

In Waconia, at Maetzolds Hotel on Thursday the 9th day of January A. D. 1873.

In Laketown at the house of Henry Wetzig on Friday the 10th day of January A D. 1873,

In Chanhassen, at the house of Geo M Powers on Saturday the 11th day of January A. D. 1873.

In Camden at the house of C O Woodruff, on Monday the 13th day of January A D. 1873

In Young America, at Fred Spieses Hotel on Tuesday and Wednesday the 14th and 15th day of January A. D. 1873.

In Benton, at the house of Herman Bongards, on Thursday the 16th day of January A D. 1873.

In Benton, at the house of Mathias Ertz on Friday the 17th day of January A D. 1873

In Dahlgreen, at John Lorfeld on Saturday the 18th day of Jan. 1873.

In Hancock Town, at the Saw Mill on Tuesday the 21st day of Jan. 1873.

In Sanfrancisco, at J. A. Hillstrom on Wednesday the 22d day Jan. 1873.

In Carver, at Blomquist Hotel on Thursday the 23d day of Jan. 1873.

In Chaska, at my office on Friday the 24th day of Jan. 1873

Afterwards I will attend at the County Seat, to receive taxes from those wishing to pay the same.

The amount of Taxes levied on the Dollar valuation are as follows for 1872 :

State Tax,	5	Mills.
Common School Tax,	2	"
County Revenue Fund,	9	"
County Special Fund,	1	"
County Poor Fund,	3	"

TOWN TAXES.

Benton Town Tax,	2	Mills.
Road and Bridge Tax,	3	"
Camden Town Tax,	1½	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	2	"
Chaska Town & Village, Town Tax	5	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	3	"
Int. on Court House Bonds	5	"
Chaska Village Tax,		
Chanhassen Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	2	"
Carver Town Tax,	12	"
Int. on Rail Road Bonds,	14½	"
Dahlgreen Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	4	"
Hollywood Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	3	"
Hancock Town Tax,	4	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	2	"
Laketown, Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	5	"
San Francisco Town Tax,	9	"
Waconia Town Tax.	4	"
Watertown Town Tax,	5	"
Young America Town Tax,	2	"
Road and Bridge Tax,	3½	"

School District Taxes.

No.	1	8	Mills.
No.	2	7	do
do	3	5	do
do	5	7	do
do	6	6	do
do	7	10	do
do	8	1½	do
do	9	10	do
do	10	10	do
do	11	2	do
do	12	14	do
do	14	5	do
do	16	7	do
do	17	29½	do
do	18	18	do
do	19	18	do
do	20	16½	do
do	22	3	do
do	24	3	do
do	28	11	do
do	31	5½	do
do	32	24	do
do	33	5½	do
do	34	4	do
do	36	3½	do
do	37	13½	do
do	38	16½	do
do	39	32½	do
do	40	2	do
do	41	2	do
do	42	5	do
do	43	10	do
do	44	15	do
do	46	5	do
do	47	11½	do
do	48	10	do
do	49	7	do
do	50	16½	do
do	51	6	do
do	52	4	do
do	53	14	do
do	54	10	do
do	55	6	do
do	56	6½	do
do	57	5	do
do	58	1½	do
do	59	27	do

All tax payers are earnestly requested to pay their taxes on peraenal property before the first day of February A. D. 1873.

Chaska Dec. 5th 1872.

FRANK HASSENSTAB, Treasurer of Carver Co.

Legals.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, Dist Court.
Eighth Judicial Dist.
County of Carver.

H. P. Manning against A. R. Manning.

The State of Minnesota, To the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Chaska Carver County Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon You, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Chaska, Dec. 16, A. D. 1872.

H. P. MANNING, Plaintiff.
BAKER & PECK, Plff's Atty's Chaska Minn.

Minneapolis Marble Works

Office, at the Co Surveyor office, Chaska Carver County Minnesota.

N. HERRICK & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF
MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES &c.

Shop on Nicollet St. Between 3d & 4th Sts.

Work delivered and set up by one of the firm in Chaska or Carver without extra charge.

INSURANCE

GEO. MIX.
AGENT

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Hartford, Con,—Assets 5,052, 000,00

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New York City,—Assets 3,555,000,00

YHARTER OAK LIFE INS CO

OF

Hartford, Conn.—Assets, 4,000,000.00

Policies of Insurance issued against loss or damage by fire and perils of Inland transportation.

Losses Adjusted and Paid promptly at the place where the *Policy is Issued.*

Will attend promptly, to collections Paying of Taxes, &c.

OFFICE, AT THE "HERALD" OFFICE
CHASKA MINNESOTA

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver, }
In Probate Court, } S. S.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Basler deceased.

Whereas, There was deposited in the Probate Court of Carver County Minn. September 24th 1872 an instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Charles Basler late of said County deceased, and whereas Barbara Basler has filed her petition, that she may be appointed the executrix named and appointed in and by said Will, and praying that said instrument may be admitted to probate and letters testamentary to her issued thereon

Now therefore that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court on Monday the 18th day of November 1872 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the Probate Court room in said County of Carver when and where all persons concerned may appear and contest the probate of said will. It is further ordered, That public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication under these orders of a copy of said orders in the Valley Herald a paper published in Chaska in said County for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Given under my hand this 22d day of October 1872.

J. A. SARGENT, Judge of Probate.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF SUPT. OF SCHOOLS, }
For Carver Co. Minn. }

Notice is hereby given that the following School District clerks of Carver County have failed to forward to me the annual school report for 1872 as follows to-wit :

Mr I J. Coons Clerk of Dist. No.		10.
Mr. G. M. Powers	do	12
Mr. V. Landgrof	do	16
Mr. Gerhard Kimpel	do	40
Mr. C. O. Woodruff	do	47
Mr John Etzell	do	54
Mr. Dietrich Kuhlmann	do	59

Now therefore, if the above named clerks will not forward to me the said report within ten days after date, it will be my duty to notify the County Attorney of this County of such failure, who will proceed against them according to law.

Given under my hand this 25th day of October A. D. 1872

J. T. KERKEB,
Supt of Schools for Carver Co.

THE PARKER GUN.

SEND STAMP FOR CIRCULAR

PARKER BRO'S
WEST MERIDEN, CT.

THE DISCOVERER

Discovered!

The Adventures of a Most Adventurous Life.

THE STANLEY LIVINGSTONE

Expedition to Equatorial Africa.

Is the title of a large octavo volume just issued to supply the demand for information in regard to Africa, with Incidents and the wonderful Career of both Stanley and Livingstone in their remarkable expeditions to this most interesting part of the Globe

WANTED —In every town in the United States and Canada. First Class men and women as Agents to canvass for this work Everybody wants it. Anybody can sell it Address us for the most liberal terms ever offered. The Union Publishing Company, 65 Twenty-Second St., Chicago, Ills.

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ESTRAY NOTICE.

On or about the 28th day of September, came into my inclosure one Red cow, about nine years old, no marks. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away.

SWAND A. HOLM.
Dahlgreen Carver County, Minn.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION!

Marriage Guide.

A private Counselor to the Married or those about to marry on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in professing and preventing offspring, how to preserve the complexion, &c.

This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married, or contemplate marriage. Still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not laid carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world-wide, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.

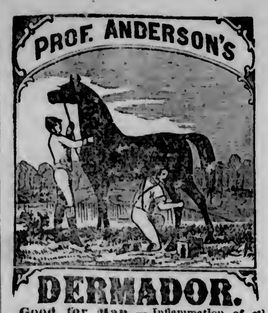
Sent to any one (free of postage) for Fifty Cents.

Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 128 Eighth street St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the notorious quacks who advertise in public papers, or using any quack remedies peruse Dr. Butts' work no matter what your distress, or how deplorable your condition.

Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms: is endorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases enclosed in his works. Office and parlors, No. 12 N. Eighth street, between Market and Chesnut, St. Louis, Mo.



Good for Man.—Inflammation of all kinds, Diphtheria, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Sprains, Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Swelling of the Glands, Inflammation of the Eyes, Broken Breast, Frost Bites, Chilblains, Piles, Bee Stings, and all Sores.

Good for Beast.—Fresh Wounds, Galls, Poll Evil, Sprains, Bruises, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Wind Galls, Spavins, Sweeney, Founder, Lameness, Sand Cracks, Scratches, or Grease, Mange, Horse Distemper.

This truly wonderful Liniment was discovered by HOMER ANDERSON, A.M., late Professor of Chemistry and Mathematics in the Clinton Liberal Institute, of Oneida County, N.Y. In experimenting for the purpose of making Prussic Acid, by uniting the independent gaseous bodies of which it is composed, a residuum was left, which, on being applied to bruises and inflamed parts, by the students of the Institute, was found to possess the remarkable property of cooling down and carrying off the inflammation and soreness at once, and restoring the parts to soundness and health in a few hours without pain or irritation.

It is not a heating Liniment, but acts by its peculiar specific or chemical qualities in dissolving and scattering the soreness and inflammation of the injured part. By a free application, the red surface soon becomes cool, moist and natural, and is restored to natural health without suppuration or destruction.

As a Liniment for Horse Flesh, for the cure of all the ailments named above, we challenge the world to find its equal.

Price 25 & 50 cents per bottle.

D. RANSOM, SON & CO., Propr's,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

See notice in local column.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The public is hereby notified that my wife Hedwig Kunze, left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, on the 1st day of June last and that I have hereby forbid her trusted or harbored on my account as I will pay no debts of her contracting on and after this date.

Benton, July 27th 1872. JOHN KUNZE.

DEATH TO BED-BUGS.

The undersigned has manufactured a preparation, easily used, that he guarantees, will rid every household of bedbugs. The preparation only costs $1. Give me a call at my barber shop

GOTTLIEB SCHUBIGER
Chaska Minn.

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Dealer in

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS
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LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON WHEAT STORED IN DULUTH ELEVATOR!

Winter Storage 4 cts.

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WATERTOWN . . . MINN.

Office at Lewis Drug Store. Offers his service to the citizens of Watertown and vicinity, and can always be found day or night ready to attend calls

F. W. KENNING.
NOTARY PUBLIC.
CHASKA, ... MINN.

MILLINERY.
Mrs. F Sutter.

is constantly in receipt of, and at all times supplied, with a full assortment of

Fashionable Millinery Goods.

ALSO

DRESS TRIMMINGS, ORNTS.
NETS &c., &c., &c.,

Dress-Making promptly attended to.

She therefore invite the patronage of the ladies of Chaska and surrounding country, confident that they can render ample satisfaction especially as to STYLES AND PRICES.

Notice to the Public.

I hereby notify the public that my wife Wilhelmenia Vollroth left my bed and board on Thursday, Oct 3d 1872, without any cause or provocation on my part, and they are cautioned and notified not to trust or harbor her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting from and after this date.

Watertown, Oct 10th 1872.
AUGUST VOLLROTH.

CARVER BREW RY.
BERTHOLD HERTZ, Proprietor.

A large supply of Beer constantly kept on hand. All orders promptly attended to.

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CHASKA. - - - - - - MINN

A good bar in connection with the house Also good Stabling.

WM. OCHS, Propr.

Bride And Bridegroom.

Essays for Young Men on the interesting relation of Bridegroom to Bride, in the institution of Marriage—A Guide to matrimonial felicity, and true happiness. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, Howard Association, Box P. Philadelphia, Pa.

Mortgage Sale.

Names of Mortgagors.—C. H. Lienau and Mathilda Lienau his wife.

Name of Mortgagee.—Wilhelm Dressler.

Date of Mortgage,—November 30th A. D. 1869.

Mortgage recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Carver and State of Minnesota on the 8th day of June A. D. 1870 at four o'clock P. M., of that day, in Book "F" of Mortgages on pages 174, 175 176 and 177

Description of mortgaged premises—The undivided one half interest in and to the following described land and real estate situate, lying and being in the County of Carver and State of Minnesota, viz: Beginning at the south west corner of lot No. five (5) in Block No. Fifty [50] in the Village of Watertown, thence running south thirty two (32) degrees west, on the east line of Lewis Street, two hundred and thirty-two (232) feet, thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, one hundred and fifty [150] feet, thence south thirty-two [32] degrees west one hundred sixty four (164) feet, thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, seventy two [72] feet, thence north seventy four and one fourth [74¼] degrees east, a number of feet to a point even with, and where it would intersect with the west line of Mill street, thence no th thirty-two [32] degrees east to the waters edge on the west shore of Crow River, thence down said river with the course thereof, to a point intersecting with the south line of Block No. fifty [50], thence north fifty-eight (58) degrees west to the place of beginning containing two (2) acres of land more or less including Steam Grist and Saw Mill, all in said Village as surveyed by R. H Blanding as appears by plat thereof in the office of Register of Deeds of said County, excepting and reserving from the foregoing description three lots or parcels of land described as follows;

Firs. Commencing at the south west corner of lot No. five (5) in Block No fifty (50) and run in a southwe terly direction on the line of said Lewis Street twenty seven [27] feet thence south fifty eight [58] degrees east, eighty five (85) feet thence north thirty two [32] degrees east, twenty seven (27+) feet, to the south line of said lot five [5] in said Block fifty 50, thence north fifty eight 58 degrees west on the line of said lot No. five, 5, eighty five 85 feet to the place of beginning, with a right of way ten 10 feet wide from the rear or east end of said tract or lot, to a public highway or lot above described.

Second Commencing at a point on Lewis street, twenty seven, 27, feet in a south westerly direction from the south west corner of Lot No. five 5, in said block No. fifty 50, on the east line of said Lewis street, and run south fifty eight 58 degrees east eighty five 85 feet, thence south thirty two 32 degrees west, thirty one 31 feet thence north fifty eight 58 degrees west eighty five 85 feet, to the east line of Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 degrees east thirty one feet to place of beginning.

Third Beginning at a point on the east line of Lewis street, one hundred and thirty three 133 feet, south thirty two 32 deg west from the south west corner of Lot No. five 5 in block No. fifty 50, thence running south, thirty two 32 degrees west, twenty 20 feet thence south fifty eight 58 degrees east, sixty 60 feet, thence north thirty two, 32 deg east, twenty 20 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg, west, sixty 60 feet, to the east line of Lewis Street, the place of beginning being a part of a certain piece of land known a Mill Reserve.

Also the undivided one half ½ interest of the following in said village viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of said Lewis street, two hundred and thirty two 232 feet southerly from the south west corner of said Lot No. five 5, in Block fifty 50, being a certain point described in a deed made by Georgianna Lewis and Isaac L. Lewis her husband to Lienau and Dressler of date May 1st 1865, from thence running south fifty eight 58 deg. east, one hundred and fifty 150 feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg west, seventy 70 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, one hundred and fifty 150 feet, to the east line of said Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 deg. east, seventy 70 feet to the place of beginning as appears by plat of B. H. Blanding hereto fore referred to, excepting and reserving, from the foregoing a lot sold to S. B. Keller July 23rd 1866 described as follows: Beginning at the north west corner of William Schroeders property on said Lewis street, ninety four 94 feet from the north east corner of Lewis and Madisons streets and running north thirty two deg east, on the line of Lewis street twenty four 24 feet, hence south fifty eight 58 deg east, one hundred feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg, west, twenty four 24 feet to William Schroeders north east corner, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, one hundred 100 feet, to place of beginning. Also the undivided one half of the following property in said village of Watertown, viz: Beginning on the north line of Madison street 66 feet, at a point one hundred and fifty feet easterly from said Lewis street, thence run easterly on said north line of Madison street, one hundred and eighty feet to a point where it would intersect a line parallel with the west line of Mill street, thence north thirty two 32 deg. east to a point described in a certain deed made by Lienau and Dressler of date May 1st A. D. 1865, and lying and embracing a triangular piece of land adjoining the Mill property deeded to Lienau and Dressler May 1st 1865, by Georgianna Lewis and husband, also the following: Beginning at a point on the north line of said Madison street on a certain tract known as the Mill Reserve one hundred feet east of said Lewis street, said point of beginning being the south east corner of a certain tract or parcel of land heretofore first deeded by Geo. Lewis and husband to John Boyer and running north thirty two 32 deg. east, ninety four 94 feet, thence south fifty eight 58 deg east fifty 50 feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg. west, ninety four 94 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, fifty 50 feet to place of beginning, also lots No one 1 two 2, three 3, four 4 five 5 and 6 in Block No five 5 in Geo. Lewis' Mill Reserve addition to the Town of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office of Register of Deeds of said county, also lots No. three 3, four 4, five 5, six 6 seven 7 and eight in block N. ten 10 in said village of Watertown, also lots numbered from one 1 to ten 10, inclusive in block No. seventy one 71, being the whole of said block No seventy one 71, also lots No one 1 two 2 three 3, four 4, nine 9 and ten 10, in Block seventy two 72, lot four 4, in Block seventy eight 78 also that lots No. seven 7 and eight 8 in said town as surveyed by said Blanding, also Block No seventy 70, containing lots numbered from one 1 to nine 9 inclusive, excepting therefrom lots No. ten 10, in said Block seventy 70 also all of that part of Lot No twelve 12, in Block No fifty eight 58, and Lots No. four 4 and five 5 in Block No. forty 40 also lots No. five 5 in Block No Forty one 41, all of the hereinbefore described property being in the village of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office the Register of Deeds of said County of Carver.

The amount which is claimed to be due, and which is due on the note secured by the above described mortgage at the date of this notice is one thousand two hundred and eighty six dollars and sixty seven cents, 1286 67-100.

Default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage and no suit or proceedings at Law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and therewith recorded which by reason of said default has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the hereinbefore described mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder therefor by the sheriff of the said County of Carver at the front door of the Court House in the Village of Chaska in said County on Saturday the 25th day of January A. D. 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day to satisfy the amount that shall then be due on the debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage together with interest and all costs of foreclosure and sale.

Dated at Watertown Minnesota this 4th day of December A. D 1872.

WILHELM DRESSLER,
Mortgagee.

ERNEST HAINLIN, Att'y. for Mortgagee, Watertown Minn.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver, } S. S.
In Probate Court, }

On reading and filing the petition of John Anderson praying among other things that he may be appointed the administrator of the estate of Anders Anderson late of said county deceased, ordered that the said petitioner be heard before this court Jany. 31st 1873, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and further ordered that said petitioner give notice to all persons interested in said deceased estate so appear before said court at the time aforementioned to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted

Given under my hand and seal this 4th day Jany. 1873.

J. A. SARGENT, Judge Probate.

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New Goods!!

And

Reasonable Prices.

Call at

HENRY YOUNGS NEW STORE.

And examine his large and elegant assertment of Dry goods, Groceries and Provisions, Hats & Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clothing Yankee Notions &c.

Produce taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Store Corner 2d & Chestnut Sts.

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Continental Fire Insurance Company New York

Cash Assets, $2,509,526.27.

A Fortune in Any State.

Rights for Sale—New patent article for every female. Sample $2. Address INVENTOR, P. O. Box 2488, New York.

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ISSUE

OR

PAGE

MISSING ISSUE

Place of Publication: (Chaska)

Title: weekly VALLEY HERALD

Date: Jan 16, 1873

Historical Society

The Weekly Valley Herald.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

F. E. DU TOIT Proprietor. TERMS, $1 50, Per Annum.

VOLUME II CHASKA, MINNESOTA. THURSDAY, JAN. 23 1872 NUMBER 23

DR. S. D. GRANT

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DEALER IN

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OUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,

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Hardware!

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Iron. Steel. Nails. Cuttlery. Tin and Jappaned Ware. Agricultural Implements

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Pumps, Cloth Wringers, Window Sash and Doors, Glass, Carpenters Tools, Putty &c.

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FARMING TOOLS

And everything usually kept in a first class

HARDWAR STORE.

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Oils, Paints, Varnishes &c.

Produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ Store on 2d Street in HERALD block.

F. WOMMER.

Chaska, Carver County Minn.

DR. J. S. RICHARDSON.

ECLECTIC,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

CHASKA .. .. MINN.

[OFFICE OPPOSITE THE OLD CATH CHURCH.]

Offers his services to the surrounding country, and is prepared to treat thoroughly all Chronic diseases—Especially Liver and Lung diseases.

The Valley Herald

Official County Paper.

BY F. E. DUTOIT.

CHASKA THURSDAY JAN. 23 1872.

Editorial Correspondence.

ST PAUL, Jan. 13th 1873.

DEAR HERALD.—I will attempt to keep my promise good, that is to keep the readers of the HERALD posted, upon Legislative matters and all news of general importance which may come under my observation.

Both the Senate and House have fully organized, the Senate with Lt. Gov. Yale in the chair, as presiding officer, and the House by the re election of A. R. Hall of Hennepin County as speaker.

Nothing of great importance has been done by either branch thus far, beyond the notice of the introduction of bills, several being of vital interest to the people of the State.

Mr Coggswell, of Steele County has given notice that he will shortly introduce a bill in the Senate providing for taxing certain Railroad land belonging to the Winona & St. Peter Railroad Company.

A bill looking to the regulating of freight and tariff rates, has also been introduced in the House.

Mr. Du Toit, of Chaska, has given notice of the introduction of a bill providing for Bi ennial sessions of the State Legislature and will press its passage with all his abilities.

Senator Baxter has introduced a bill incorporating the State Horticultural Society and providing for the printing and circulating their pamphlets.

The great sensation of the day is the Dodge divorce case, each developments are being made, concerning the moral character of both of the parties to the case. It is "six of one and half a dozen of the tother"

We shall hereafter keep you fully posted in regard to the doings of the Legislature.

FRED.

Proceedings County Board.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE Carver Co Minn. January 7th, 1873.

10 o'clock a. m. Board of County Commrs met in accordance with law. present, Commrs. Carlson, Patterson, Wessbecher and M. H. Iltis.

P. Weego County Auditor called the board to order.

On motion resolved that the Board of county commrs. proceed by ballot to elect a chairman for the present year.

The election of chairman resulted as follows on the third ballot, Carlson received three votes, Wessbecher one vote. Commr Carlson was therefore declared duly elected chairman of the board of county commrs.

On motion the proceedings of the last session were read and approved.

On motion Board adjourned until one o'clock p m.

One o'clock p. m Board of County Commrs. met pursuant to adjournment, members all present, board called to order by the chairman.

Resolved—That the petition of certain parties praying that section six and sh of nw qr and nh of sw qr Sect. 5 of T. 115, R. 26 be set off from school distr 29 and to be attached to school distr. No. 57 of McLeod County, be rejected.

Resolved—That the petition of certain parties, praying that west hf of section 31, T. 116, R. 26 be set off from school distr. No. 59, and to be attached to school Distr No. 57 in McLeod Co. be rejected.

Resolved—That the petition of John Klobe and others to be set off from school Distr. No 50 and attached to Distr. No. 47. be returned to the petitioners on account of illegality

Resolved—That the thanks of the Board of county commrs. are hereby tendered to W. A. Griffin County Physician for the prompt and faithful manner in which he has discharged his duties in the past year. also for the report received from him, just read to this Board.

Resolved—That the resolution passed at the December session, by which a committee of three was appointed to call on the Governor in relation to P. Woerz be and the same is hereby rescinded.

The County Att'y reported to the Board in relation to the 40 per cent added by the State Board of equalization to the val. of moneys, credits and Book accounts. Report on file.

Bill of L Prehe, for boarding Wm. Vineger and family, paupers, allowed as amended, 15.00

Whereas the committee on the petition of Paul Mohrbacher and others for a change of the Waconia and Belle Plaine Road, reported in favor of the petitioners, therefore Resolved that the report be accepted and the committee discharged and that the petition be laid over for final action until next session.

On motion Board adjourned until 9 o'clock a m. to morrow

January 8th 1873. 9 o'clock a. m. Board of County Commrs. met pursuant to adjournment, members all present, board called to order by the chairman

Application of John Anderson for aid from poor fund dismissed.

Resolved—That the Board proceed to select Grand & Petit jurors for the year 1873.

Grand and petit jurors were selected, lists signed sealed and delivered to the clerk of the court.

Resolved—That twenty dollars be issued from the County poor fund to Henry Saverkoul as a special relief. for which to procure clothing for himself and family.

On motion Board of County Commrs. adjourned until one o'clock p. m.

One o'clock p. m. Board of County Commrs. met pursuant to adjournment, members all present, board called to order by the chairman.

Application from the town of San Francisco for aid in repairing the Beavens creek hill. Rejected by the following vote. For granting, Patterson and Carlson. For rejection, Wessbecher, Kelly and Iltis.

A petition was presented by Heinrich Lenzen praying that the se qr of se qr 36½ acs in sw of se, se qr sw qr, ne qr sw qr, and 32 acs in se qr of nw qr of Sect. 9. T. 115, R. 24 be set off from school distr. No 7 and to be attached to the adjoining Distr. No 56, and whereas good and sufficient reasons appear for granting the same, therefore Resolved that the prayer of the petitioner be granted and that the territory be set off accordingly.

The committee on the petition of Chas Swanberg and others for a change of the Young America and Watertown road, reported. Committee discharged and on motion Resolved that the prayer of the petitioners be rejected by the following vote. Yes. Kelly and Wessbecher. No, Patterson. Iltis and Carlson

Resolved—That the committee appointed to examine the road petitioned for by Andr. Riederle and others be discharged.

Resolved—That the petition of Andr Riederle and others be dismissed on account of informality.

On motion Board adjourned until 9 o'clock a m. to morrow

Jany. 9th 1873 9 o'clock a m

Board of county commrs. met pursuant to adjournment, members all present, board called to order by the charm

A petition was presented by Andrew Riederle and others praying for the location of a high way, commencing in Chaska Townslip, running in Dahlgreen and ending in Laketown, accepted and referred to Commrs Patterson, Iltis & Wessbecher as committee to meet at Chaska on the 12th day of March 1873.

The following bills were allowed:

Bill of Chas. Schrimpf, for lumber for jail,	2,50
Bill of Henry Kenning for work on jail.	2,00
Bill of the Town of Carver, expenses in small pox case of John Lars m.	33,30

On motion Board adjourned until one o'clock p m.

One o'clock p. m. Board of County Commrs. met pursuant to adjournment, members all present, board called to order by the chairman.

Resolved—That the petition from school distr. No. 7, for a rehearing in the matter of the setting off of Fred Frank from said district at the December session last, be taken up for consideration.

Resolved—That the resolution by which Fred Frank was at the December session 1872, set off from school district No. 7 and attached to school distr. No. 56 be and the same is hereby reconsidered and that the territory described be reset to said Distr No. 7.

Resolved—That claim of F. W. Hutchinson by his Att'y J. M. Gilman, for rent for court house be and the same is hereby referred to the County Att'y for his opinion, to report thereon at the March session of this Board.

Resolved—That the road petition of Theodore Rudiger be dismissed on account of irregularity therein.

Resolved—By the Board of County Commrs. that we proceed to the election of a County Physician by ballot, said county physician is required to attend and furnish all medicine and perform all surgical, and post mortem operations to the County Poor for the same salary as heretofore.

Doctor E. H. Lewis having on the 3d ballot received a majority of the votes was declared duly elected County Physician for one year from date.

Dr. E H. Lewis was present and accepted the office.

January 10th 1873. 9 o'clock a. m.

Board of County Commrs. met pursuant to adjournment, members all present, board called to order by the chairman.

The petition presented by Carl Muller praying to be set off from school dist. No. 30 and be attached to Distr. No. 58 was on motion rejected.

Communication of Axel Jorgenson about road and damages, laid over until March session next, and to be referred to the County Attorney for his opinion.

[Concluded next week.]

HOME ITEMS

HERALD AGENT CARVER—G. A. DU TOIT

Lake Superior & M R R.

Trains arrive and depart from the Chaska depot as follows:

GOING NORTH.....6:20 A. M.

GOING SOUTH.....8:00 P. M.

S. W. LUSK, Agent.

Shakopee, Chaska & Carver accommodation Trains.

CONNECTING WITH ALL TRAINS ON SIOUX CITY R.

GOING WEST,	GOING EAST.
8:30 A. M.	8:45 A. M.
6:20 P. M.	5:10 P. M.

H & D TRAINS,

Going West, 10.45 A. M. Going East, 2.50 P. M.

NOTICE.

Payments for back subscription to the HERALD must be made at once. We are very much in need of money and are consequently obliged to call on all those indebted to pay up.

DIED.

In Chanhassen, Jan. 12th 1873 Caroline, Daughter of Mike and Elizabeth Ball. Age 4 Years.

The Court House Muddle.

At the last session of the Board of County Commrs, a bill was presented, by the Att'y for Hutchins of New York, for the rent of the Court House, for one year and over, prior to the purchase by Chaska, and deed to the County. We understand that some of the Commrs are trying to make the people believe that it is the fault of Chaska, and are attempting to make capital for themselves and others, in charging that for whatever neglect or dereliction in duty any body may be guilty of, the fault lies with the citizens of Chaska—Thereby making Chaska the "scape goat" for all the Commrs. greviances Now we do not know whether the claim for rent by the Hutchins is well or ill founded. It is the duty of the County Commrs to know that Chaska paid $4 000 cash for the Court House and gave it to the County. If there was base rent due for the use of it, while Mr Hutchins owned it, and the County was using it, it is a matter entirely between Hutchins and the County. We are not supposed to know what debts the County owes Hutchins or any body else.—And we submit that it comes with bad grace for any one of the Commrs. to charge, that because the county is called upon to pay its debts, (if it has any) that the citizens of Chaska are to blame for it. CITIZEN.

COUNTY PHYSICIAN.—The Board of County Commrs at their last session appointed Dr E. H. Lewis of Carver, County Physician and fixed the salary at $450 per year. the Dr. to furnish his own medicines &c Dr Grant of Watertown is selected to attend to all calls under order of the Commrs. in the two northern Commr Districts, comprising Waconia and Watertown Dists.

—D. Stone Sells 7 lbs. Best New York Dried apples For One Dollar.

CHANGED HANDS.—We are pleased to learn that our popular and gentlemanly townsman F. W. Henning has purchased and taken charge of the entire stock of Dry Goods and Merchandise of Lucien Warner, and will hereafter conduct the store in his own interests.

—D. Stone has a Fresh Supply of Soda Crackers 2 lbs in a box only 20 cts.

A GOOD THING—The new livery just opened in Chaska is being well patronized by our citizens. The proprietor Mr. John E. Hollepeter is deserving it. He gives us first class turnouts at reasonable terms He can be found at all reasonable hours at the Garden City House, first door east of Herald Block.

—D. Stone Sells Kerosene Oil at 35 Cents per Gallon.

THE VICTOR.—Fred Iltis has the agency of the Victor Sewing Machine with all the latest and most modern improvements. He challenges a trial with any and all others. Machines furnished to any parties wishing to purchase without expense, for trial and a full examination, call and examine, at his residence in Chaska.

THE number of Births and Deaths in the town of Chaska for the year 1872 are as follows.

Births 36. Deaths 23.

DANIEL STONE,
Town Clerk

COURT HOUSE WELL.—The contract for digging the well at the Court House, was let by the Commrs. to Peter Barthel, for the sum of $4. per foot in depth, all bricked up. He agrees to furnish at least four feet of water, after the well is completed.

HOMESTEADERS.—We are requested to give notice that all settlers under the U. S. Homestead Law whose claims lay in Town 115 north, in this county, can make their proof at the office of Judge L. M. Brown in Shakopee, at any time between this date and March 1st next. This matter should be attended to at once, as the time of many will expire before the traveling in the spring will be such as to enable the settlers to go to the Land Office, which is now at Red Wood Falls All Homestead claimants of foreign birth should remember that they must produce their second or full citizen papers in order to entitle them to perfect their titles.

Carver Items.

Correspondence.

BURNT OUT.—We notice by the papers that our old friend Jas Slocum Jr was unfortunate enough to loose his new store at Young America station last week. This is indeed hard luck, but all who know Mr. Slocum's driving energy, will know that it wont interfere with his business or plans in the least. He has a new store already under way and will soon be in as good condition as ever.—He isnt the kind to get discouraged.

COMING.—Treasurer Hassenstab will be in Carver this month. Get your "appendix" ready.

ENLARGING.—We hear it rumored that John Helgeson is about taking a partner to run his brick business the coming summer, and that the yard will be greatly enlarged and improved.—They will have ample capital and will push things with increasing energy.

Money to loan at the Bank of How Strait & Co., Carver

Sight Drafts sold on all the different countries of Europe, by How Strait & Co.

DIED.—The wife of Mr. John Gustavson of this place died on Friday morning

HAPPY.—John Habeisen & Thomas Newman are about the "happiest fellows" in town. Enquire of them for particulars.

HARNESS.—John Heckelrath is making up some splendid sets of light and heavy harnesses which he is selling at very low prices. Mr. H. is known to be an excellent workman and his work is known to be a No. 1 Give him a call.

PERSONAL.—C. A Blomquist and family were visiting friends in Minneapolis last week.

Judge Sargent, F Linenfelser, Henry Young, H J. Peck, Danl. Stone and others from the "seat of Justice" were in town on Friday, and honored us with a call

Hon. Chas Bachman, Representative from this Distr. has taken up his quarters at Grubers Hotel, St. Paul, where all communications to him should be addressed

X. S. Burk of Hastings spent the holidays among his friends in Carver—H B Willis and V. D. Simar of the H & D Road were also in town during the week.

Died Out—The horse disease.

WOOD.—Brings $4,40 per cord.

Patient—"Doctor, I have a terrible cough, and my children are all down sick with coughs, sore throats and colds. What shall we do?" Doctor—"Take Dr. Ransom's Hive Syrup and Tolu, or Honey Syrup. This will very soon relieve and cure you and all the children. It is an excellent family medicine.—Full directions are on the bottles. You can get it at any drug store for thirty-five cents."

Got the Sick Headache and Neuralgia? take Dr. Miller's Magnetic Balm and get well. It will cure as if by magic. Only 25 cts. per bottle.

See advertisement in this paper.

Harbor on Lake Superior.

On the 7th inst. Senator Howe, of Wisconsin, submitted the following resolution, which was considered by unanimous consent, and agreed to:

Resolved, That the Secretary of War be requested, when he responds to the resolution of the Senate calling for information in regard to the damage done by the recent storm at Duluth to the Government works there, also to furnish the opinion of the chief engineer of the Army, as to the best, cheapest, and safest method of securing a safe and commodious harbor that shall meet all the wants of commerce at the head of Lake Superior; and that he particularly state whether in his judgment a better and safer harbor may not be secured to the city of Duluth through the natural entrance to the bay of Superior, and at less expense than in any other manner, and without encroaching on the rights of any State.

FURNITURE

AND

VARIETY STORE!

AT

Young's Old Stand, 2d St.

Consisting of a new and select stock of

BUREAUS,
STANDS,
CHAIRS,
BED-STEADS

And upholstery of every description.

ALSO

TOYS,
FRAMES,
PICTURES, &c.

The public is invited to call at my storeroom and examine my stock and prices, feeling confident of being able to sell as cheap as any store this side of St. Paul.

THOS. KERKER.

WE GUARANTEE THAT

EVERY HOUSEKEEPER

Who has ever had one of the

CELEBRATED

CHARTER OAK STOVE CO.

WILL CHEERFULLY RECOMMEND IT AS THE MOST

Durable, Practical, Simple & Perfect

COCKING APPARATUS

THEY HAVE EVER USED.

ADAPTED TO ALL LOCALITIES AND *EVERY KIND OF FUEL.*

SOLD BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

SAINT LOUIS,

AND BY ALL

LIVE STOVE DEALERS

—LIKE—

FRITZ WOMMER.

KENNING & BROS.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA.

—:0:—

Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Fronts, Flooring, Siding and all kinds of mouldings and planing and sawing done to order.

Also

Carpenters and Builders.

Doors and window frames made to order.

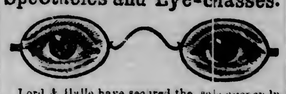
Those wanting buildings erected, or any work done enumerated above, had better give us a call before going elsewhere. Work done cheap and guaranteed to be of first class quality.

H. J. KENNING & BROS.

LAZARUS & MORRIS'

Perfected

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses.



Lord & Halle have secured the sole agency in this locality for the sale of Lazarus & Morris' celebrated perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses. They are very popular and have been a special manufacture of the above firm for many years. These spectacles will assist the sight most brilliantly strengthen and preserve the eyes, and are very easy and pleasant to wear. We solicit a call from those needing also a better sight.—Our full assortment in gold silver, steel and shell frames, will enable us to fit all conditions of the eye, and give great satisfaction to those who favor us with a call.

EDWARD H. HALLE. CHAS. H. LORD

HALLE & CO.

New Drug STORE.

CHASKA. .. .. .. MINN.

Have just opened a new Drug Store and offer for sale a complete stock of

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

Perfumery,

Fancy,

And

Toilet Articles.

Glass, Oils,

Paints

And Varnishes,

Stationery,

AND

All Kinds of Books,

Patent Medicines.

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE.

☞ Prescription carefully compounded at hours from the purest Medicines.

E. G. HALLE & CO.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.— Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to parterfamilias by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing gowns. But the reading-matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1873.

Terms:

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year. $4 00

An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE WEEKLY or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, Six Copies for $20 00, without extra copy.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10. 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address one year, $7 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The five volumes of Harper's Bazar, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

The postage on Harper's Bazar is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post office.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, N. Y.

Mortgage Sale.

Notice of mortgagor, John Myer.
Name of mortgagee, Theresa Schmidt.
Date of mortgage, march 17th 1871.
Where Recorded in the office of the Register of deeds of Carver County Minnesota, In Book "G" of mortgages, on page 416, at 10 oclock A. M, on the 18th day of march A. D. 1871.
Amount claimed to be due at the date of this Notice, Four hundred, and Two dollars, and thirty three cents.
Discription of mortgaged prem. The East one half (½) and the South west one fourth (¼) of the south East quarter (¼), of section thirteen (13), in Township one hundred, and sixteen (116) North, of Range twenty four (24) west, In the County of carver, and State of Minnesota.
Wherens, default having been made in the payment of the sum so secured by the mortgage aforesaid, and no proceeding at law or otherwise, for the recovery of said sum, so secured, having been instituted.
Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the provisions of the statute in such case made & provided, The said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the said mortgaged premises, to be made by the sheriff of the said County of Carver, at the front door of the Court house in Chaska, Minnesota, at Eleven Oclock in the forenoon of the Twenty eighth 28 h day of February A D. 1873. for the purpose of satisfying said mortgage debt & the lawful costs of foreclosure.

Dated Jan 8th 1873.

THERESA SCHMIDT, Mortgagee.
L. M. and D. A BROWN, Att'y for Mortgagee

A Fortune in Any State.

Rights for Sale—New patent article for every female. Sample $2. Address INVENTOR, P. O. Box 2488, New York.

THE NEWS.

At Home.

A GAS explosion occurred in the Western Union Telegraph office at Cincinnati, on Sunday evening, doing much damage to property but fortunately injuring no one.

CONGRESS is asked for thirty-eight pieces of discarded, unserviceable bronze cannon, for the Thomas monument proposed to be erected by the Society of the Army of the Cumberland.

THE Secretary of the Treasury, in a recent order, has decided that except in cases where the circumstances are peculiar it is inexpedient to commence suit for the recovery of duties on goods in bonded warehouses within the lines of the so-called Confederate States at the time the war opened, or for the recovery of duties on goods imported into said states while the jurisdiction of the United States over said states was interrupted. Several suits are now pending in the southern courts awaiting the decision.

THE Texas Frontier Commission have left Washington for the scene of their labors.

THE Executive Committee on Inauguration ceremonies intend inviting military organizations throughout the country to be present the 4th of March.

THE Senate Finance Committee has decided that Secretary Boutwell has no authority for issuing any portion of the $44,000,000 legal tenders, which he claims as reserved fund. This leaves the Treasury with but $4,500,000 available currency. The Secretary says that if Congress indorses the action of the Finance Committee, it will cause a contraction, as the Treasury will be compelled to keep a much larger currency balance on hand than at present.

The foundry and machine shop of A. A Moore, at Charlotte, Mich., was burned on Friday. Loss $10,000—no insurance.

THE mill of Fisher & Skinner, at Holley, in Lepeer county, Mich., was burned on Friday. Loss $7,000.

A CURIOUS fact, illustrative of the toleration of our institutions and the heterogeneous composition of the population, was shown in New York on Friday at the adjournment of the Tweed trial. Judge Davis enquired if any juror held Saturday as the Sabbath, and there being one Jew sworn, the court was adjourned over to Monday. The general impression is that the jury will disagree.

A COAL famine exists at Dixon, Ill., owing to a scarcity of cars on the Illinois Central Railroad wherewith to transport the article. Many of the principal stores have closed, and several mines and factories suspended work.

Two negroes were hung for rape at Jefferson, Georgia, on Friday.

IT is understood that all conductors of the Harlem Railroad have tendered their resignation, in consequence of an order requiring them to keep check-books of their receipts and give a punched ticket to each passenger having fare.

THE Policemen's Aid Association of New York paid $22,247 to heirs of deceased members last year.

THE Hudson river ice crop is estimated at a million and a half tons, and all will be gathered by the first of February.

PROFESSOR McAND has returned to Toronto from a tour to the Pacific coast. His discoveries are said to be of incalculable value to the government.

THE trial of ex-comptroller Connolly, of New York, for fraud, takes place this month.

AT the lead mines of Crawford, Mills & Co. in Hazel Green, Wis., on Thursday, Joseph Rogers, a man employed to handle the nitro-glycerine, took a can to a blacksmith's forge to thaw it out. There was a flash and a noise of many thunders. The blacksmith shop was scattered for many rods around, and the miners for miles about were terribly frightened. Rogers' body was found twenty rods from the forge. His face was but a mass of bloody flesh. One arm was torn from his body.

LAST Tuesday a man named Lee, with his son, left Sioux City in a wagon for home, some twelve miles southeast. They were overtaken by the terrible storm of that day, and both perished. The body of the boy was found on Friday, in the timber within a few miles of home. The team found its way home Tuesday evening with the empty wagon. Near Vermillion, Dakota, the same day, a Mr. Hempstead, on returning to his house during the storm, and finding his wife absent looking after their stock, left the children and went to her aid. The man and wife both perished. The children were found in the house the next morning, nearly frozen to death. Many narrow escapes are related, and it is feared that others must have perished.

B. H. SAFIN'S furniture store, in Oshkosh, was burned early Friday morning. Loss $3,000.

Two immigrant children have died of starvation in Detroit within a week.

THE report of the Treasuror of Maryland, just submitted, shows the total state debt to be $10,911,678. The reduction for the year just passed has been $2,090,990. The real amount of the state debt, with no reliable offset, is not over $4,500,000.

NEW YORK merchants interested in trade in the Pacific Ocean are circulating a memorial for signatures, praying Congress to annex the Sandwich Islands to the United States, and thereby advance American interests in that part of the world. A large number of whalers in the Pacific are owned in New York, and considerable capital from that city is invested in sugar plantations on the Sandwich Islands.

THE question which arose concerning the manner in which foreign representatives should enter the presence of the Emperor of China has been settled, the Chinese officials yielding to the demands of the foreigners. The diplomatic body at Pekin will be received by the Emperor on the first of the Chinese moon.

IT is now stated that the defalcations of Richard F. Clark, Treasurer of Columbia county, New York, extend from 1864 up to the present time, and that they will reach $150,000. The entire trust fund of the county is gone.

AT Wilmington, Del., on Thursday, Justices Strong and Bradford, of the United States Circuit Court, rendered a decision which affirms the constitutionality of the Enforcement act.

THE President has nominated William W. Mitchell Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Utah Territory, *vice* Strickland, resigned.

HON. WARD HUNT, the new Justice of the United States Supreme Court, qualified on Tuesday, and took his seat on the Supreme Bench.

GOV. BROWN, of Tennessee, in his annual message, estimates the taxable property of the state at $500,000,000.

THE legislatures of Nevada and Nebraska are in session.

THE second trial of Fanny Hyde for the murder of Geo. Watson, in Brooklyn, some time ago, takes place the 20th inst. She is now at large on bail, and is in very poor health.

GEO. TAYLOR BRADBURY and Henry P. Sturges have been arrested in New York on a charge of taking silks valued at $4,500 from the steamer Wyoming last summer. The stolen property was recovered.

GEO. MCCONAUGHTY, an old man living alone in Salem, Ohio, was found dead in his house Wednesday morning, with bullet holes through his breast. As fifteen dollars, which the deceased had in his possession the day before, are missing, it is supposed the murder was committed for the purpose of robbery.

MRS. CARR and three children were burned to death near Marton Station, Delaware county, Pa., on Wednesday evening, by an explosion of combination fluid.

HENRY WARD BEECHER advocates compulsory education and woman suffrage.

THE billiard match at New York between Cyrille Dion and Daly, for the championship of America and the diamond cue, was won by the former—1,500 points to 1,147.

WOODHULL and Blood have been arrested on a new indictment and locked up.

THREE men named D. J. Barker, E. Finney, and J. Waters were instantly killed, on Wednesday, by the explosion of a boiler two miles from the village of North Adams, Hillsdale county, Mich., Samuel E. Stevens was fatally injured, and L. P. Batchelder was seriously hurt. The mill was completely wrecked.

ONE of the worst snow storms ever known in western Michigan occurred on Wednesday and

Abroad.

A GREAT popular demonstration was mad in Madrid, Saturday, in favor of the proposed reforms in Porto Rico and the abolition of slavery.

SPANISH people are organizing home guards to fight the Carlists.

A CONCESSION has been granted for a telegraph cable from Cadiz to Cuba.

SEVERAL cotton spinners of Manchester have failed.

A SPECIAL dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Observer says Count Schowaluff has been sent abroad to negotiate a marriage between a Prince, whose name is not given, and a daughter of the Czar.

THE Paris Journal Official announces the appointment of Corrcelles as French Ambassador at the Vatican, in place of Bourgoing, resigned.

IT is said that the French Government will permit the final interment of Napoleon's remains in France if the funeral is made strictly private and deceased buried as an ex-Emperor and not as an Emperor. The ceremony must be simply of a religious character.

THE first subscription list for a monument to the Emperor Napoleon which was opened by the Perevesanza, of Milan, already exceeds $50,000, and that paper reports subscriptions pouring in from all quarters. A national subscription for the same object was opened at Vienna.

DISTURBANCES are feared in South Wales, in consequence of a strike of miners.

FIFTY-NINE fishermen of Yarmouth were drowned in the recent gale.

THE upper floors of the granary of the Lion Brewery at Lambeth fell on Thursday. The manager of the establishment, the clerks and other employes were buried in the ruins.

EDWIN JAMES has appealed to the court against the bench decree by which he was expelled from the bar while absent in America. He states that want of funds alone prevented him from making application years ago.

M. ROCHEFORT will soon return to Paris to serve out his term of sentence, his health having been partially restored by his residence at Versailles.

THE news of the ex-Emperor's death was received in Paris at a late hour Thursday afternoon. The Imperialists are profoundly affected, and appear to regard the event as a final blow to their hopes.

THE Bilboa Cable Company have obtained a concession for constructing a special line of telegraph from Bilboa to Madrid for the transmission exclusively of cable dispatches.

A BOAT went ashore on the Isle of Wight on Monday, and went to pieces. Nine persons were drowned.

SEVERAL persons belonging to the International Society have been arrested in Paris and the provinces. The police found Orsini bombs in the possession of some of the parties.

THE Carlists have torn up the rails on the roads between Mirande and Bolboa, and between Alsasa and Pampetona. They also set fire to a railroad station with petroleum, completely destroying it, and made prisoners of the railway officials. Employes of the North of Spain Railway struck work, and trains have temporarily ceased running in consequence.

THE Greek government, on the recommendation of the great powers, has consented to submit the question of the Laurium mines to arbitration.

Congressional Summary.

SENATE.—Among the bills introduced on January 7 was one amendatory of the national currency act of June 30, 1864. The bill provides for free banking; prohibits direct or indirect payment on deposit; allows United States bonds bearing coin interest to be counted, as well as lawful money in reserves, and provides that banks may redeem their circulating notes either in coin or legal tenders, or in United States bonds at par with accrued interest, at the option of the banks. Mr. Frelinghuysen offered a joint resolution proposing a constitutional amendment to provide that disputes arising with regard to persons chosen as electors of President and Vice-President in any state, shall be decided by the Supreme Court of the United States, and that Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation. A resolution directing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to inquire and report whether the recent elections have been conducted in Louisiana and Arkansas in accordance with the constitution and laws of the United States was passed. No other business of importance was transacted.

HOUSE.—Several bills were introduced and referred. C. Burnell, of Pennsylvania, took the oath and seat in place of Mercur, who resigned. Mr. Hale reported the naval appropriation bill, appropriating $18,884,993. It was made the special order for next Saturday. A bill was passed to enforce the stipulations of the convention with Venezuela, of April 25, 1866, and the payment of judicated claims. The fortification bill was introduced. The House then went into a Committee of the Whole on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. Upon rising, the Speaker announced the following select committee ordered yesterday on the Credit Mobilier and Union Pacific Railroad question. Messrs. Wilson, of Indiana, Shellabarger, Hoar, Swann, and Slocumn. The Speaker also presented the resignation of Beveridge as Congressman at large from Illinois.

Bills were introduced, on the 9th, raising the salaries of Bureau officers in executive departments at Washington. Authorizing the Secty of the Interior, with the consent of the Ute and Missouri Indian tribes, to survey and sell their reservation, lying in Nebraska and Kansas, and, with the consent of the Sacs and Foxes, to sell that portion of their reservation that lies within the state of Kansas. Extending the time of patent for settlers on land on the late Sioux Indian reservation. Referred. To incorporate the North Central Railroad Company and grant a right of way for the construction of its proposed road in Minnesota. Referred. To incorporate the European and American Immigration Company. It names as incorporators James Craig of Missouri, John Wilson of Illinois, Henry D. Cooke of the District of Columbia, Daniel Ruggles of Virginia, William Helmick of Ohio, C. C. Cox of Maryland, J. H. Emory of Kentucky, Thos. B. Bryan of Illinois. William Stone of Iowa Louis Dent of Mississippi, and D. W. Bliss of Michigan, and empowers the company to buy and sell and hold real estate, provided it shal not own more than one million acres at any one time, and to make and to enforce contracts for the emigration of foreigners and their transportation in the United States. Capital stock $1,000,000. Bills were passed to authorize certain postmasters to deposit public money in national banks; to authorize deputy collectors of customs to act as disbursing agents in certain cases; to repeal certain provisions of the law relating to advancement in the navy; to amend the act to establish a department of justice; to prevent certain officers of the United States from practicing as attorneys or solicitors in United States Courts in certain cases. The Senate resumed the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill, and the discussion of our Indian policy, and reported it to the Senate, when the amendment providing for the removal of the Winnebagos of Wisconsin was non-concurred in.

HOUSE—The Committee on Territories reported a bill for the admission of Colorado as a state. A bill was passed to amend the twentieth section of the act for the appointment of shipping commissioners. The bill to promote emigration to the United States was, after debate, referred to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, which is regarded as a defeat of the measure.

SENATE.—There was no session of the Senate on the 11th inst.

HOUSE.—After the introduction of some bills of a private nature the House went into Committee of the Whole on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

The Veiled Muse.

BY WM. WINTER.

Spirit of Beauty, haunt me not!
Thou bring'st insufferable pain:
Thou who art gone, be thou forgot,
Nor rise to vex my rest again,
Either with memories sadly sweet,
Or hopes foredoomed to dull defeat.

Ah, come no more in whispering leaves,
Or peaceful grass or breath of flowers!
Enough this baffled spirit grieves,
Remembering thee and rosy hours.
Spare it the throbs of hope and fear—
The cruel sense that thou art near.

The passion dies within my soul;
The music dies within my brain;
Save when there comes a funeral toll,
A low, lamenting, sad refrain,
An echo from that shrine of song
Long darkened and deserted long.

In what was fair I once had part—
But all fair things are now my shame.
Their nameless beauty hurts my heart,
Because I cannot speak its name!
Uttered, 'twould make that heart rejoice:
But oh, I cannot give it voice!

Once in these veins the blood was warm;
With ardent joy this heart beat high:
And the great gales that proudly storm
The loftiest rampart of the sky
Were not more daring, fierce, and strong
Than his now silent soul of song.

But, wasted now that youth of gold,
Through mortal being's battered sieve!
And he to die may well be bold,
Who is not bold enough to live—
In haunted silence of disgrace,
Where hushed thy voice and veiled thy face.

Ah, come no more, to do me wrong,
In twilight hours of tender dream,
When this worn nature seems less strong
Than evening mist that shrouds the stream.
Though love be dead, at least ret'in
Some pity for thy lover's pain:

And don't forget, though all be past,
That thou and I clasped hands in youth;
I saw thee close, I held thee fast,
Pincked kisses from thy rosy mouth,
Learned that bliss which now I weep—
The love I won but could not keep.

—*Galaxy for January.*

HOW HARRY BEAT HIS UNCLE.

"I never did see such a sight in all my life," quoth Mrs. Narley, elevating her two rheumatism-twisted hands in the air. 'Dust on them beautiful velvet carpets; glass in the conservatory windows all broken; chickens scratching up all the geraniums on the front lawn, and the lazy servants dawdling away their precious time, while poor dear Mr. Avenel and Harry don't know any more what's going on than if they were boarders. Says I, 'Dear heart alive, Mr. Avenel, this is enough to make your poor wife turn in her grave.' Says he—you know his pleasant way—'Well I know it isn't just right, Mrs. Narley, but what can I do?' And I answers, says I, 'Get a housekeeper.' Says he, 'Where?' Says I, 'Advertise.' Says he, 'Mrs. Narley, you've hit the nail on the head. I'll advertise to-morrow.' And that's how the paragraph happened to be'in the papers."

Here Mrs. Narley stopped to catch breath, and nodded emphatically at her auditor, a pale woman, dressed in deep mourning, with the unbecoming framework of a widow's cap around her face.

"And do you think I would suit the gentlemn?" the latter asked timidly.

"You can but try," was Mrs. Narley's encouraging reply. Mr. Avnel's as easy as a lamb, and not one o' them as is everlastingly checking off bills and counting nickle pennies, and Harry's dreadful pleasant tempered. Any way, if I was you, Mrs. Hawkhurst, I'd go up and see."

And Mrs. Hawkhurst, holding her pretty little dau ghter by the hand, went up accordingly to the handsome stone house on the hill.

There she found Mr. Avenel in a state of temporary siege, for others besides herself had seen the tempting advertisement, and made haste to answer it. There were fat women and lean, tall women and short Scotch women and Germans, smiling slovenly women, and trim sharp-visaged women; women who had seen better days, and women who evidently hadn't

Mrs. Hawkhurst looked around somewhat discouraged by the formidable array of rivals.

"There's no hope for me," she thought dispairingly, and was just about to turn away, with the timid Juliet clinging to her arm, when Harry Avenel advanced.

"Do you wish to see my uncle, ma'am?" he asked courteously.

"I—I called about the housekeeper's situation," meekly murmured the widow

And Harry showed her in at once.

The fat and the tall, the Scotch and the Germans, the sour and the sweet, went. Mr. Avenel decided to engage Mrs. Hawkhurst as his housekeeper, with permission to keep Juliet with her.

"She is all I have, sir." said the housekeeper apologetically; and she will try to be useful about the house.

"How old is she?" asked Mr. Avenel.

"Fifteen. sir."

"Well, let her stay," said the widower, good humoredly. "She'll eat no more than a chicken, and I dare say she can do a great many odd things about the place."

Mrs. Hawkhurst proved herself an executive officeress of the greatest ability, Gradually the "chaos and old night" of the Avenel Place was reduced to system and order. The wheels of housekeeping revolved so softly that no one knew they moved, yet these were the results. You scarce ever saw the housekeeper glide about the halls, yet the servants declared her omnipresent. Mr. Avenel found himself actually the inhabitant of a home once more.

He was sitting on a piazza, one day, smoking his cigar, and watching the graceful movements of Juliet Hawkhurst, as she was planting training vines in a marble vase that occupied the centre of the lawn, when Mrs. Narley came out.

"A nice evening, sir, said Mrs. Narley. "Oh there she is."

"Who?" Mr. Avenel asked.

"Why that foolish child, Juliet," answered the old lady sharply. "I ha'nt no patience with her.

"What has she been doing now?" asked the widower with an amused look.

"Why she's refused Ben Nichols' eldest son, as likely and beforehanded a young feller as there is in the country."

Mr. Avenel started.

"Ben Nichols! Why Mrs. Narley, and its high time she thought of settling.'

Mr. Avenel looked across to where Juliet stood in her pink ginghum dress, the soft summer wind stirring her curls, and her cheeks as softly tinted as the standard rose on the lawn. Seventeen! Was it possible that little Juliet Hawkhurst had grown to be seventeen years old? Oh relentless time that would not stand still! Oh, cruel years, that went by and stole the fair brightness of childhood away! So, Ben Nichols had actually asked Jnliet Hawkhurst to be his wife!

"I wish you and Harry'd talk serious to her 'bout it," went on Mrs. Narley. 'Taint likely she'll hev any more such chances."

"No, to be sure not," said Mr. Avenel abstractedly.

"And o' course sh'd oughter think it over well," added Mrs. Varley.

"O certainly, to be sure!"

When Harry Avenel came home from the city that evening he found his uncle in a brown study.

"Harry," quoth the widower.

"Yes uncle."

"I've been thinking——"

"So I should conclude, sir, from the H-shaped wrinkle between your brows," laughed the young merchant. "Well, and what has been the topic of your meditations, Uncle Joe?"

"Why, I was thinking what would become of us if Mrs. Hawkhurst were to take it into her head to leave us."

Harry opened wide his merry, hazel eyes at the idea.

"What made you think of such a thing, sir?" he asked.

"Oh, I don't know. She has a good place here; but one couldn't expect her to be satisfied with a housekeeper's situation always, Harry."

"No; to be sure not."

She has become very essential to our domestic happiness, Harry," went on Mr. Avenel.

"Yes,—I grant you that, Uncle Joe."

"And I really don't know how we could manage to exist without her."

"Raise her salary, uncle," suggested Harry.

"No, I hardly think that would answer my purpose: but, Harry——"

"Well, uncle?"

Mr. Avenel looked slightly sheepish.

"Can't you imagine any other way of keeping her here?" he asked.

Harry stared at his uncle. Mr. Avenel felt disposed to give him a hearty shake for his stupidity.

"Oh!" cried the young man, with a sudden drawing of lucidity over the darkness of the brain. You don't mean matrimony, uncle?"

"Yes, I do!" quoth Mr. Avenel stoutly. "Would you object, Harry?"

"I, uncle?"

"Because you are the only person interested beside myself—and her."

"My greatest interest, uncle, is to see you happy," the young man answered, wringing the elder's hand. "And—if I too, should conclude to marry, at no very distant day——"

"Why, then," cried Mr. Avenel gaily, "we can all live together, just as we do now, and be the happiest family in the world."

Juliet Hawkhurst was standing by the little side garden gate that evening, thoughtfully watching, over her right shoulder, of course, the slender silver crescent of the new moon. Juliet had certainly blossomed into a perfect little rose of a maiden, during the years she had been an inmate of Avenel Place. She was fair-haired and rosy, with long eyelashes, deep blue eyes, full of the shadowy purple gleams, and a complexion like rose-colored satin; and, moreover, there was in her very movements a self-possessed grace and dignity of mien, that was inexpressibly charming, Juliet Hawkhurst had been born a lady, but untoward fate had made a housekeeper's daughter of her.

As she stood there, leaning over the iron rail of the gate, a footstep sounded behind her.

"Juliet"

She turned, with a little rose blush, and a smile that she fain would have concealed, and Harry Avenel came up, and stood close beside her.

"Little elf, you thought you had hidden away from me, but you see I have contrived to find you out, even here! What makes you blush, and look so confused?"

"Do I?" And Juliet fixed her gaze on the green turf at her feet, where a single yellow dandelion was closing its eye of dawny gold for the night.

"Listen!" cried Harry triumphantly, "I've got a piece of news for you."

"What is it?"

"What should you think of a stepfather, eh little one?"

Juliet looked up this time in real and genuine astonishment.

"A stepfather, Harry?"

"My uncle has confided to me this evening that he thinks of marrying, Juliet, and, from all that I can gather, the bride is none other than your mother. So when we are married, there will be a nice little family circle of us, eh?"

And the audacious young man belted her slender waist with his arm, and ventured to draw her a little closer to him.

"Oh, but Harry, you are all wrong," cried Juliet, crimsoning and smiling like a June flower. "I meant to tell you of it, but somehow, the words would not come to my lips. Your uncle told me, also, that he had concluded to marry again, and—he asked me to be his wife."

"The—mischief he did!" cried Harry, starting back as though some one had struck him a blow. "You! Why Juliet, you are young enough to be his daughter!"

"Perhaps I am," said Juliet, meekly.

"And what did you tell him? You accepted him, of course? He is rich and I am poor, and all the girls like gold."

"Harry!"

"Tell me quickly, Juliet," he cried, almost passionately. "Don't keep me longer in su spense."

"I told him," Juliet answered, innocently, 'that I had already promised to marry you."

"My little dove!" and Harry Avenel's dark face brightened into sunshine once again. "And you were right, for May and November never yet were happily mated. My uncle is an old fool, and yet I can't blame him, Juliet, when I look at your sweet face."

The countenance of Mr. Avenel was slightly confused when he met his nephew at the breakfast table, the next morning, but further than that, there was no sign of the discomfiture he had undergone. He gave Juliet an exquisite set of wedding pearls when she was married, and congratulated Harry after a cordial fashion. But he never proposed to Mrs. Hawkhurst, and, as she never expected anything of the sort, no harm was done.

And everything goes on at Avenel Place just precisely as it ought. Mr. Avenel keeps his housekeeper and Harry has gained a wife.

Heavy Tea Train.

The Sacramento Record says: Mention is made elsewhere of the passage of a heavy tea train east. The train is a special one, consisting of sixteen cars, each one containing ten tons, the whole aggregating 160 tons or 320,000 pounds of tea. It left San Francisco on the evening of the 3d inst., at dusk, and reached Truckee at dark last night, being nine hours in advance of the time on which it would ordinarily have run. It is expected equal diligence will be exhibited east of Truckee and the cargo arrive at New York in about ten days. If close connection is made with the steamers on the Atlantic, the tea should be landed upon the Liverpool dock in twenty-one days from the date of shipment and be stored in London on the succeeding day. The cost to railroad companies of pushing freight in this manner is fully eighteen per cent., and often twenty per cent., more than the usual speed, owing to the displacement of trains and extra working forces, etc., etc. It is well known that a strong effort has been made to turn this Oriental trade to our overland railroad, hence the exertions made for speedy transit.

IT is reported that M. de Lesseps entertains the idea of cutting a ship canal through the Isthmus of Corinth, where excavating less than five miles in length would open communication between the Gulf of Lepanto and the Gulf of Egina, and make the Morea an island.

The Death of Louis Napoleon.

From the Boston Advertiser of Friday.

The death of Charles Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, formerly Napoleon III., Emperor of the French, took place on the 9th of January, at Chiselhurst, England, in consequence of a surgical operation for a disease of the bladder from which he had suffered many years.

The ex-Emperor was born in Paris, April 20, 1808, and had therefore nearly completed his sixty-fifth year. He was the youngest son of Louis Bonaparte, King of Holland, third brother of the first Napoleon, and of Queen Hortense, the daughter of the Empress Josephine. The Emperor and the Empress, Marie Louise, were sponsors for Louis at his baptism, which was administered by Cardinal Fesch, November 4, 1810. When Napoleon returned from Elba, the child Louis, then only seven years old, was presented to the deputies of the people and to the army of the Champ de Mai. After Waterloo, Queen Hortense took the boy to Augsburg and later to Switzerland, where Louis was admitted to citizenship and to the army. He studied gunnery at the military academy of Thun; and was under the tutorship of M. Lebas. After the revolution of 1830, he asked permission to return to France, but was refused by Louis Philippe, and that king simply renewed the decree of banishment when Louis Napoleon asked to be allowed to join the army as a private. In 1831 he, with his elder brother, joined in the insurrection against Rome, but his brother died in consequence of the fatigues of the campaign at Forli, March 17, 1831. France and Austria interfered and put an end to the insurrection, and the future emperor was forced to escape as best he might through Italy and France to England. Soon after he retired with his mother to the chateau of Ahrenenberg, in Thurgau.

During this epoch of his life Louis Napoleon was already looking forward to the day when he should rule France. The death of the Duc de Reichstadt, the son of the first Emperor, left him the head of the Bonaparte family. Between 1832 and 1835 he published several books, the first of which, entitled "Reveries Politiques," was designed to show that a Bonaparte alone could reconcile republican principles with the French national longing for military glory. The other works were on military subjects. During this period he made constant efforts to enlist the support of Frenchmen to enable him to seize the French crown. In 1836 he attempted to capture the fortress and garrison of Strasbourg. The intrigues promised favorably at first, but the final assault failed miserably and the prince was himself captured. He was kept in confinement a few days, and was then carried to Paris. His mother had preceded him thither to beg for his life, which was granted, on condition that he would be sent to the United States. He was but a short time in this country, went to South America, and returned to Ahrenenberg in 1837 to find his mother on her death-bed. France demanded the extradition of the exile who had returned from the country to which he had been banished, and on the failure of Switzerland to comply, an army was sent to the frontier. Thereupon the prince went to England, where, in 1839, he published his work "Des Idees Napoleoniennes." In 1840 he made another attempt at a revolution at Boulogne, but this too failed utterly, and Louis Napoleon, captured once more, was sent to Paris to be tried by the House of Peers on a charge of high treason. He was defended by M. Berryer, but was convicted and sentenced to perpetual imprisonment in a fortress of France. He was imprisoned six years in the citadel of Ham, but made his escape in 1848, assuming the disguise of a workman. Crossed into Belgium and thence to England, where he resided until the revolution of 1848. Soon after that event he was chosen a member of the national assembly, and in spite of the ridicule which his rash attempts at revolution had drawn upon him, and the contempt in which many held him, he was chosen president.

In this position he took every method which a fertile mind could conceive to strengthen himself, and while disavowing all ideas of seizing upon the government, laid all his plans to that end. When all was ripe, on the 2d of December, 1851, he imprisoned every opposing statesman in France, dissolved the assembly, arrested the most distinguished generals, and proclaimed himself dictator. The popular election for President was held, and, as he tolerated no opposition, he was chosen by an immense majority to be president of the French republic for ten years. A year later he had so strengthened himself that he could submit to the French people the question of reviving the imperial dignity in his person. A *plebiscite* was held, and the assent of the people was given by a majority of five or six millions. The empire was proclaimed December 2, 1852.

The new government was speedily recognized by the European powers. In 1854 Napoleon made France an ally with England in the Crimean war, from which he obtained some standing among sovereigns and some glory for France. He had previously, in January, 1853, married Eugenie—Marie de Guzman, Countes de Teba, the only issue of which marriage is Napoleon Eugene Louis, born March 16, 1856. In 1855 the Emperor Napoleon made his fourth visit to England, this time as the guest of Queen Victoria. In 1858 the famous attack on the life of the Emperor was made by Orsini, the consequence of which was not only a temporary interruption of the friendly relations between France and England, but a greater strictness in the government at home. In 1859 the Emperor went to Italy as an ally of Victor Emmanuel in the campaign against Austria, and by the brilliant successes of Magenta and Solferino obtained much credit as a military leader, and gave himself a new and higher position in European politics. He arranged the terms of peace, and obtained remuneration for France by the annexation of Nice and Savoy to his empire. In 1861 he recognized Victor Emmanuel as King of Italy.

It seems to be at this point that his power began to wane, though the outward signs of a loss of prestige did not immediately appear. He had previously experienced but slight opposition in the home government. The city of Paris sent nearly all the deputies of the opposition to the Corps Legislatif; his autocratic power was almost unquestioned, and his prestige in foreign politics was very great. In 1861 the unfortunate Mexican expedition was undertaken, with its disastrous results to the Emperor Maximilian, Napoleon's *protege*. The failure was a severe blow, and the increasing opposition in the Corps Legislatif made the most of it. During our war the Emperor took steps to recognize the Confederate States, but found no supporters, and would not proceed alone. He also failed to induce the European powers to meet him in a general peace congress. The Schleswig-Holstein war of 1864 was another blow at his power, strengthening Prussia, which he had already come to regard as his rival. In 1864 he signed a treaty with the Italian government for the withdrawal of French troops from Rome, and the evacuation was completed in the closing days of 1866, but the occupation was renewed when the Garibaldian attempt in the fall of 1867 took place. The year 1867 brought him into new dangers. The war between Italy and Prussia on the one side, and Austria on the other, was disastrous to him from his own point of view. Italy was his *protege*; she had been formed with his aid. By a secret treaty she was joined to Prussia, his growing and formidable rival. Prussia gained her object of putting herself at the head of the North German confederations, and acquired absolutely not a little new territory. The elections, too, developed not a little opposition to him, his dynastic enemies grew more outspoken, himself and his conduct were assailed in the public prints and in pamphlets. The power of the opposition grew greater, until at last he determined upon a new policy, whether earnest or only pretended will never be known. The election of 1869 having given an indication that the restiveness of the people was growing rapidly, he called to his counsels M. Emile Ollivier, a leader of the opposition, and requested him to form a ministry. Mr. Ollivier did so, and the new ministry entered office January 2, 1870. His step did not pacify the opposition, and the Emperor determined to resort to his old plan of a *plebiscite*. The election was held on the 8th of May and by a vote of seven millions to a million and a half the people declared that they wished the liberal reforms promised by the Emperor to be carried out by the Emperor,—thus confirming their previous vote in favor of the empire.

On the 4th of July the offer of the Spanish crown to Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen was announced, and then began the hot interchange of diplomatic notes between France and Prussia which resulted ten days later in the alleged insult to Count Benedetti. War was declared the next day, and on the 28th of July, 1870, the Emperor left Paris, to which he never returned, for Metz. On the 29th he took command of the army. On the 2d of August he witnessed the attack on Saarbruck, and afterwards visited the field of battle with the Prince Imperial, where "Louis picked up a bullet." The events of the succeeding month are well remembered. The repeated reverses of the French resulted in the retreat of the Emperor from Metz to Chalons, and afterwards with MacMahon's army to Sedan, where the famous battle of the 1st of September took place. The Emperor surrendered himself to the Germans, and the next day the whole army capitulated. On the 4th Gambetta proclaimed the deposition of Louis Napoleon from the Hotel de Ville, the Emperor two days before having been taken to the castle of Wilhelmshohe in Cassel He remained in close confinement until March, 1871, when he was released and went to England and repaired at once to Chiselhurst, where he passed the remainder of his days. On a few occasions he appeared in public and maintained to the last his pleasant relations with Queen Victoria. The young Prince Louis lately entered the English army.

The Emperor had for many years been a sufferer from a disease of the bladder. Several times during his reign his situation was thought to be very critical, but he invariably obtained relief, the most eminent surgeons being engaged to care for him. A few days ago an operation was performed, from which he rallied at first, but afterwards sank again, and died on the 9th of January, at a quarter before eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

THE STORM IN MINNESOTA.

A Large Number of Persons and Teams Frozen to Death.

Dispatches from St. Paul and Minneapolis state that two farmers, one named Flynn, known as, "Wild Mick," and Pat Condon, started from Litchfield for home Tuesday night, and were missing till Friday morning, when they were found buried in the snow-drifts only three miles from Litchfield. Condon was frozen stiff, but Flynn shows signs of life and was removed to comfortable quarters. He will probably recover, but will lose both arms and possibly his legs.

A special from Wilmar, on the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad, states that Charles, John and Stephen O'Neil, Thomas and Michael Holden, each with two horse teams, on their way to that place with wheat, when within ten miles of their destination were overtaken by the terrible storm on Tuesday and were found in the following condition: John and Stephen O'Neil and Thomas Holden were in their sleighs frozen to death, also their teams, and Charles O'Neil in a dying state. He was brought to Willmar, and if he lives both his legs and arms will have to be amputated. He had lain partly covered up with snow for forty-eight hours.

A farmer reports losing five or six ox teams, frozen to death.

Hourly news is brought in of frozen teams, and the supposition is that their owners have shared the same fate.

What a Single Wave Can Do.

From the Irish Telegraph.

There is a vessel in Queenstown harbor of 1,200 tons, which received from a single sea a surprising amount of damage. This vessel, a Norwegian, was struck by a sea or wave of so tremendous a character in the late gale, as to sweep that portion of her cargo which was stowed upon the deck in a moment into the sea; to carry off her cooking apparatus, made of cast iron; to empty and injure her deckhouse, to smash her bulwarks and stanchions, to wound and bruise three of her men, and reduce four more to a state of weakness and syncope; to break the mate's thigh and wash a seaman overboard, and finally to fill the cabin and damage all the provisions, so that the crew were nearly starving when they came into Queenstown. All these injuries were produced in a moment by a single wave. It not only cleared the decks, but it extinguished hope in the hearts of the crew, who the moment they were struck never expected to see land again.

LEWIS L. PRATT, a veteran manager, died recently at Bristol, Pa., aged seventy-six years. He was in partnership with the deceased Francis G. Weymss in the Washington Theatre and the Holiday street Theatre, Baltimore, during 1829 and 1830, and managed both the Chestnut and Walnut in Philadelphia.

QUEEN VICTORIA presented the King of Spain with a gold spittoon. His Eminence will take to the weed.

A Word in Season.

BY CHARLES DICKENS.

They have a superstition in the East,
That Allah, written on a piece of paper,
Is better unction than can come of priest,
Of rolling incense, and of lighted taper;
Holding, that any scrap which bears that name
In any characters its front impressed on,
Shall help the finder thro' the purging flame,
And give his tousled feet a place to rest on.

Accordingly they make a mighty fuss
With every wretched tract and fierce oration,
And hoard the leaves—for they are not like us,
A highly civilized and thinking nation:
And, always stopping in the miry ways,
To look for matter of this earthly leaven,
They seldom, in their dust exploring days,
Have any leisure to look up to heaven.

So have I known a country on the earth
Where darkness sat upon the living waters,
And brutal ignorance, and toil, and dearth
Were the hard portions of its sons and daughters:
And yet, where they who should have oped the door
Of charity and light, for all men's finding
Squabbled for words upon the altar-floor,
And rent the Book in struggles for the binding.

The gentlest man among these pious Turks
God's living image ruthlessly defaces,
Their best High-Churchman, with no faith in works,
Bowstrings the Virtues in the market places.
The Christian Parish, whom both sects curse,
(They curse all other men, and curse each other),
Walks thro' the world, not very much the worse,
Does all the good he can, and loves his brother.

—*Life of Dickens by John Forster.*

Wit and Wisdom.

AN admirer of dogs having had a new litter of a fine breed, a friend wished to put him down for a puppy. "I set you down for one a great while ago," was the answer.

A LADY wished to have her husband's life insured in a Boston office the other day, giving as a reason that she wanted either a husband or some money, "she didn't care which." She never expected both at the same time."

"WHAT is the use in trying to be honest?" asked a young man the other day of a friend. "Oh! you ought to try it once and see," was the reply. And the young man wanted to put a head on his plain-spoken friend.

A TEAMSTER met a surveyor and a farmer angrily discussing. Siding with the surveyor, he said, "If I were you I would just theodolite that fellow out of camp."

ANOTHER teamster was rebuked for his profanity by a young girl returning from camp-meeting. "Why, Miss," said he, "you don't call that swearing do you? Why, you ought to hear Bill Jones exhort the impenitent mule."

IF we give up our minds to little things we never shall be fit for big ones. I knew a man once who could ketch more flies with one swoop ov his hand than enny boddy else could, and he wasn't good at ennything else.

"Do you like to go to church?" said a lady to Mrs. Partington. "Law me, I do," replied Mrs. P. "Nothing does me so much good as to get up early Sunday morning and go to church and hear a populous minister dispense with the gospel."

"CAST iron sinks," is the legend on the sign of a Hartford plumber. "Well, who (hic) said it didn't?" was the inquiry of an inebriated man of sin, who read it over three or four times and chuckled when he thought he saw the point.

THE King and Queen of Saxony lately celebrated their golden wedding.

A LITTLE girl was one day reading the history of England with her governess, and coming to the statement that Henry I. never laughed after the death of his son, she looked up and said: "What did he do when he was tickled?"

AN engineer on the Pacific railroad told of a comrade who died of consumption. "Poor Jim," he said, "got a running slower and slower, until one day he stopped on his centre." What a picture of the helpless hitch of this weary human machine.

HARRIET HOSMER has completed an exquisite work—a statue of the ex-queen of Naples, who is presented as about to apply a match to a cannon, a fitting representation of a woman who so bravely defended Gaeta.

JONES and Brown were talking lately of a young clergyman whose preaching they had heard that day. "What do you think of him?" asked Brown. "I think," said Jones, "he did better two years

The Cheerful Man.

Give me the joyful man whose face
Is lit up with a smile,
Who can in worldly struggle trace
New blessings all the while.

Though costly pleasure he cannot buy,
And lowly be his lot,
For luxuries he does not sigh,
But loves his humble cot.

There's sunshine in his every act,
That softens every ill;
He may have neither wealth nor tact,
Yet be contented still.

Though sorrow pierce them through and through,
And pain strike his door,
Cents—meet it with his strength renew,
And peace of mind restore.

His presence gives the toiler Hope,
And makes the grave feel gay
Inspires the soul that else would grope
In darkness by the way.

He does not chide his fellow man
For errors of the heart,
But seeks to find what good he can,
And act a brother's part.

Why should we grieve for errors past,
Or gloomy thoughts indulge,
The Star of Hope will rise at last,
And hidden thoughts indulge.

Then let us strive with willing hands,
To do our duty here,
And break in twain the iron bands
That bind the soul to fear.

—*Rochester Union and Advertiser.*

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

New Garden Peas.

Moore's Rural New Yorker has an article on the subject of new and old sorts of peas, which is so sound that we give it entire:

"Market gardeners care very little about the quality of peas, or in fact any other fruit or vegetable, so long as it is prolific and commands a good price in market. People that board at city hotels or boarding houses, or even depend upon the markets for a supply of green peas, never find even a passably good article, for the simple reason that first-class sorts are seldom, if ever cultivated for market. The first and greatest objection which the market gardener urges against the choice sorts, is the price of seed; and we cannot blame them, inasmuch as not one person in twenty knows enough about peas to distinguish one variety from another, as they are offered in market; and it is doubtful if the best sort known would command five cents per bushel more than the very poorest; consequently, at present, there is very little encouragement for introducing or cultivating the best flavored varieties for market purposes. In a commercial point of view, earliness is a great merit, for the strife among growers is to see who shall have the first peas in market, and those that win are generally well paid for their efforts, although the consumer gets a poor return for his money.

The Farly Kent, Don. O'Rourke and Dillistone's Early, may answer to be called peas; but they are a poor substitute for a good article.

The amateur and others who cultivate peas for their own tables soon learn to discriminate between varieties, and it is only within the past half-dozen years that we had an extra early variety of first-class quality; and even now there are few that can be said to equal the later sorts. McLean's Little Gem, and McLean's Advancer, are certainly fine very early sorts, both being of the wrinkled marrow type. The wrinkled surface of the pea, when ripe, is by the way as good a sign of sweetness when green, in peas, as it is in corn, and the difference is as great between smooth and wrinkled sorts as between common field corn and sweet corn. But it must not be supposed that there is not a great difference in the quality of the wrinkled sorts, the same as found in our best varieties of sweet corn.

For many years the Champion of England has had no equal among the late sorts of wrinkled peas; and we are somewhat in doubt as to whether it has a successful competitor among the many novelties lately introduced; but were we to believe the annual announcement of new superior sorts made in English magazines, this old favorite must have been many times superseded during the last dozen years, although we have found none that suited us better.

The late Dr. McLean of Colchester England, created quite a sensation a few years since by raising several new varieties of merit; but a Mr. Laxton is now commanding the attention of the English people by his feats in successfully crossing the best sorts, the results of which are said to be somewhat marvelous, even to those who are accustomed to have the best sorts under cultivation. Our seedsmen's catalogues have been giving Laxton's peas a pretty wide notoriety for the past two or three years, and, from present appearances, are likely to continue in the same line, judging from late announcements of new sorts. Two more new varieties of Mr. Laxton's have lately been noticed, namely, Laxton's Heritenger and Laxton's Superlative. The first is said to be the earliest variety known, it being a cross between Laxton's Alpha and Dillistones Early. The pods are about two and a half inches long, full, plump and rounded with a slight curve. Laxton's Superlative is claimed to be the largest of all peas, and a cross between the No Plus Ultra and a hybrid Supreme. It is a robust grower, the vines often reaching seven or eight feet high. The pods are very large. This variety is later than the herbinger, but considered very valuable. Both of these new sorts were awarded a first class certificate by the Fruit Committee at the Royal Horticultural Society.

Apples, and Their Uses.

From the Prairie Farmer.

The apple is pre-eminently the fruit of history. It was innocently involved in the first transgression and furnished to Solomon the beautiful simile which likened words fitly spoken to "apples of gold in pitchers of silver." The Trojan war was remotely due to the award of a golden apple to the loveliness of Aphrodite, and the garded apples in the garden of the Hesperides were so desired that to obtain them was one of the twelve labors of Hercules. Pliny speaks of twenty-two varieties then known to the Romans, and now we have almost as many hundred.

The simplest way of cooking apples is to bake them, putting a little water in the pan to prevent burning. They are much improved if some sugar and bits of butter are also added. Another mode is to pare and punch out the cores with an apple corer, fill each hole with some sugar and slips of lemon peel or a few drops of the essence of lemon, pour in two or three tablespoonfuls of water and bake. When done take them out as whole as possible, and when cold pour over rich sweetened cream. No dish of preserved fruit equals the delicious flavor of apples prepared in this way.

To Preserve Apples.—Pare and quarter medium sized apples, and if they cook readily sprinkle them well with sugar and let them lay over night to toughen: if naturally slow to cook this will be unnecessary. Make a rich syrup of white sugar and putting in as many quarters as the pan will hold without crowding, simmer a short time, being careful to remove before breaking in pieces. Add fresh apples until all have been partially cooked, returning those previously taken out to the syrup, till all are tender, when apples and syrup are put together. Steam the latter if any particles of fruit are in it. Season with a few lemons sliced, from which all seeds should be removed as they will give a bitter taste.

Apple Dumplings, famous in song and story, are easily made by rolling out common bread dough about half an inch thick into which shortening has previously been kneaded. Having pared and punched the cores from medium sized apples, set one on the dough, fill the holes with sugar, flavor with essence or peel of lemon, and cut out a piece of dough large enough to draw up around the apple and pinch together over it. Butter a plate, put on as many as it will hold and set in a steamer to cook for an hour or more, according to the size of the dumplings. Eat with sweetened cream or any pudding sauce. If preferred, soda biscuit dough can be used instead of raised crust.

Apple Pies are nicer when filled with raw sliced apples: then baked, the upper crust removed, while the apple within is mixed, sweetened, buttered if you like, and flavored with nutmeg, when the crust is again replaced. This must never be attempted with apples that are at all tough, or you will be inclined to doubt that it is the best way to make pies.

Apple Shortcake, a dish always welcome to the tea table: the crust of soda biscuit, (one quart of flour, two level teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar and one of soda, thoroughly mixed by passing through a sieve, a pinch of salt and butter or lard the size of an egg well rubbed into the whole, with enough sweet milk to wet as soft as can be rolled.) Divide the dough and roll each piece as large as the plate which is to receive it, spread on with butter, laying the other upon it; this will make the cake separate easily when baked. It is finished with a thick layer of stewed, sweetened and flavored apple between the crusts. Eat with any kind of syrup or cream.

Apple Fritters.—One-half pint sour milk, the same of cream, or one pint of sour milk, with one tablespoonful of melted butter, a pinch of salt and a teaspoonful of soda. Put in enough flour to make it as stiff as can be stirred with a spoon, adding sliced apples. Fry in hot lard like doughnuts. First dip the spoon in the boiling grease before taking out the spoonful of batter which makes each fritter, otherwise the dough will stick to the spoon. Eat with sugar or any kind of syrup; of course maple is the best. These fritters are delicious without the apple.

Apple Custard.—Take a pint of stewed apple made perfectly smooth, cooled and sweetened, one pint of milk and four eggs well beaten, mix, grate nutmeg over the top and bake twenty minutes or half an hour, according to the depth of the dish.

Cider Apple Sauce.—Boil down sweet cider till one-fourth its original quantity, pare and core sweet apples and boil in the cider till tender.

For Apple Butter.—Boil away new cider one half, then, drop in apples pared and quartered, adding more when the previous ones are cooked soft. Stew softly and with great care, as it is difficult to prevent the thickening mass from scorching. When nearly done add ground cinnamon and cloves to suit the taste. Allow one and one half bushels of prepared apples for one barrel of cider before it is boiled. If the cider is from sweet apples use sour ones to thicken with, but I have eaten delicious apple butter where no regard has been paid to this rule. An iron kettle must not be used, as it will blacken and otherwise injure the contents.

To Make Apple Jelly.—Quarter the apples, removing the stems and blossom ends (the seeds and skin add to the flavor,) Cover with water and stew till soft. Turn the whole into a flannel bag and set it in a a colander to drain. By shifting the bag occasionally or slightly pressing it the juice will run more freely. Measure the juice into a tin pan, boil and skim till no more scum rises, then add one pound of white sugar to every pint of liquor. If cooked enough the jelly will begin to form as soon as the sugar is dissolved, if not it may be a few days before it is firm. The secret of making the finest jelly is to sufficiently boil the juice of whatever fruit is used before the sugar is added, for if done afterward the jelly will be dark and gummy. The pulp in the bag can now be turned into the colander and rubbed through to separate the skins and seeds, then sweetened to agreeable to the taste, and spiced if you like. This will be Apple Marmalade, a solid jelly like substance, which is very nice to eat with meats particularly if left rather sour. Jelly and marmalade are made from Siberian Crabs in precisely the same way. As apple jelly has only a delicate taste of its own, it may be made into pineapple, strawberry, raspberry, &c., &c., by simply adding to it the essences of these fruits before it is put into cups or jars.

To Pickle Apples.—Make a liquor of one quart of vinegar, one pound of brown sugar, two tablespoonful of alspice, two do. of cloves, three do. of cinnamon; boil, let it cool and drop in small apples. If tough, they should be boiled or steamed enough to be tender, but not to break the skin.

Dried Apples may be preserved from worms by tying them closely in paper bags with a few sassafras chips.

An apple stuck entirely full of whole cloves will puzzle your friends to tell what it is, both by its singular appearance and delightful fragrance. It will keep unchanged for years.

Nothing will reduce inflammation of the eye sooner than application of stewed apple.

We have found a free use of apples very beneficial in the prevailing epizootic, as our "Billy" can testify. He has learned to search our pockets with his velvet lips for his "dose" of apples and loaf sugar, the only medicine he has had, and which gives its own recommend in his wild antics since his recovery.

I have designed only to give recipes of every day utility gathered from the experience of my own and other households. For elaborate preparations of the apple I would refer you to the library of cook books, in which the six on my shelves are by no means deficient.

Flora Tremaine.

A Type-metal Monument for Greeley.

The compositors of the New York Tribune, at a special meeting on Thursday, approved the proposition that printing offices in the United States give one or more pounds of old type each for the purpose of making a statue of Horace Greeley, to be erected over his grave at Greenwood, and ask the compositors of the country to give the proceeds of one thousand cases set up on February 3d next, the sixty-second anniversary of the birth of Greeley. The money will be forwarded to the President of the N. Y. Typographical Union No. 6, at 22 Duane street, New York, of which Mr. Greeley was the first President.

The arrests of Philadelphia for the year were 37,887, of whom 34,000 were white males, and 4,600 were white females; and 16,000 of them were native Americans, 18,000 Irish, and 3,000 Germans. Drunkenness caused 25,000 of the arrests, besides its probable influence in 4,600 breaches of the peace and 2,400 assaults.

OCEAN DISASTERS.

A Hard Year on Shipping.

From the British Review.

The year 1872 will long be remembered as one of the most disastrous for shipping in the Northern Hemisphere that has ever been experienced, and it is only to be expected that the casualty of collision should bear its proportion. On the British coast alone the number last month far exceeded the total of any month ever before recorded, whilst on the North Sea, Baltic and American coasts, the proportion is even greater. The classification for November is as follows:

	Collisions.	Resulting in Total loss.
Atl'c., (Can. and A'm. coasts)	15	5
Atl'c., (European coasts)	7	1
River Plate	2	1
Pacific	1	..
Australian waters	1	..
China Seas	1	..
East Indies	2	..
Mediterranean	3	2
North Sea	11	3
Baltic	29	7
West coast of G't. Britain	52	2
East coast of G't. Britain	72	10
English Channel	15	2
Total	211	33

The number of vessels reported lost and missing during the autumn and winter thus far is probably in excess of that of any like period in previous years. The ocean telegraph during the past month or two has been burdened with accounts of storms of unusual severity, and the disasters on the English coast have been altogether beyond precedent. No less than 449 lives are said to have been lost there in the last fortnight.

The number of vessels lost during the present year must have been far in excess of the new ones constructed. Indeed, the number of sailing vessels built during each of the last ten or twelve years has been exceeded by the number lost and worn out. Meanwhile there has been a constant development of commerce the world over, with the consequence of an increasing demand for tonnage and more remunerative freights. The state of affairs, says the New York Shipping List, will have more influence in restoring our "decayed merchant marine" than all he legislation that can be devised.

A Terrible Ocean Passage.

The recent voyage of the steamship Thuringia from Hamburg to New York was one of the stormiest on record. The boisterous weather began almost the very day she left port and continued without intermission until here arrival in New York on Monday. On the 23d a heavy hurricane from the northwest was encountered, and everything portable on deck was carried away. In the afternoon the boatswain was standing in the forward part of the ship, when a tremendous sea sweeping over the bow carried him with irresistible fury along the deck. He caught hold of a belaying-pin and held on for some seconds, but, his strength becoming exhausted, he relaxed his grasp and was hurled with terrible force against the iron partition separating the steerage from the cabin passengers, and his head was split open. Life was not extinct, and he was removed to his berth, where he remained unconscious for 24 hours, when he recovered his senses and lingered until the ship arrived in New York, when he died. On the 24th and 25th the cold was so intense that the men were obliged to be kept in active motion to avoid their being frozen. The ropes were one mass of ice, and the snow was blinding. Solid blocks of ice weighing as much as 1,000 pounds formed in the rigging. During the storm, one of the quartermasters had his fingers crushed off by the slamming of a door, and another of the crew was dashed against the bulwarks and sustained severe internal injuries.

The Miers' Fate.

William and David Clarkson, brothers, both butchers, aged respectively 69 and 71 years, were found dead in their beds at their house, five miles southwest of Pittsfield, Pike county, Ill., a few mornings since. They lived by themselves. When found one lay in a bed up stairs, and the other in a bed down stairs. There were no marks about their persons indicating violence. Their pockets, which contained some $40 each in greenbacks, were undisturbed.

A coroner's jury was impaneled, and after holding an inquest over the remains, rendered a verdict that they came to their death by freezing. Four to five cords of wood laid outside their door and a considerable quantity inside the house. There was a stove in the house, upon which sat a wooden bucket, indicating that there was no fire in the stove when the men went to bed to take their last sleep. They were known to be extremely miserly, and if the Coroner's verdict be correct, it would seem that notwithstanding they were rich, being worth near $20,000, had money in their pockets and an abundant supply of fuel at hand, they froze to death because they were too stingy too burn their wood. Their deaths were certainly most extraordinary.

A Big Thing on Ice.

From the Omaha Bee, Dec. 21.

Billy Kelly, a compositor, who recently left Omaha for Sioux City, returned yesterday, in company with John Henry, another compositor, the two boys having skated most of the distance from Sioux City down the Missouri River. They left that place Sunday morning at half past 6 o'clock, and skated all day, laying over night at a section house of the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad. Next morning they resumed their trip at daylight, arriving at Missouri Valley Junction about 4 o'clock Monday afternoon, a distance by the river of about 200 miles from the starting point. During their travels Kelly froze both ears, his cheek—of which he has plenty—and one heel; while Henry escaped with two frozen ears. This is probably one of the most remarkable and perilous skating feats ever undertaken in this country. The boys are to-day sticking type in the Bee office, and it will probably be some time before they take another similar spin on the ice.

Catholics and Protestants in Ireland.

It seems there has been some misconception somewhere, but especially in England, as to the relative numbers of Roman Catholics and Protestants in Ireland. The following is according to the census of 1871: There were then returned as Protestant Episcopalians, 683,295; as Presbyterians, 558,238; as other Protestants of different sects, 19,035, giving as the whole number of Protestants, 1,260,668. There were returned as Roman Catholics, 4,141,998. The Roman Catholics are therefore to the Protestants as 4,-141,933 to 1,260,568, or about 3¼ to 1.

Madame Lebrun's portrait of Franklin has been removed from Paris to New York.

News and Miscellaneous Paragraphs.

Forty-five fires cost New York $1,-557,760 last week.

The Buckeye state punishes the man who opens his wife's letters.

The "gyro" sheet-iron pigeon is a failure, so sportsmen say, being good neither to shoot nor to eat.

Japan is getting some new style of cannon made, and breech-loading muskets for war purposes.

More beer is manufactured in Leavenworth than in any three towns on the Missouri river.

Evergreen trees loaded with empty egg shells are the latest "to make home pleasant."

A woman in Mazeppa, Minn., won a hundred dollar wager by eating five quarts of oysters in fifteen minutes.

The famous old pine tree, that has stood for more than 100 years on the Torrington road, in Winsted, Conn., has just been blown down.

A Yankee has invented a patent bird's nest to keep the feathered songsters from spending their winters South.

The Crown Princess of Germany is making a design for a monument to be erected on the field of Weissenberg by the officers of the third army.

A Missouri lad chasing a squirrel up a tree was shot down by a Minie rifle seventy five yards off, in the hands of a hunter who mistook him for a turkey

The Philadelphians are grumbling over their $2.16 tax rate. Some of the manufacturers are trying to escape this heavy burden by moving their establishments to Delaware.

They are driving piles by gunpowder at Baltimore. A small cannon is placed muzzle downward over the pile, and a ram having a pistol head. The firing is done very rapidly and good results are obtained.

Philadelphia had 20,544 deaths in 1872, an increase of 3,000 over the previous year. Of the whole number 9,-500 were adults and 11,044 children. There were 2,584 fatal cases of small pox.

A conceited man, who had built a small house in a sequestered part of his grounds for private study, showed it to a friend, remarking, "Here I sit reading from morning till night, and nobody a bit the wiser."

Carl Pretzel says: "Der young man vot did sand der vorldt owed him some lifin vas ludely turned der door out on ackount he's landlady vas unwilling to dook on her shoulder plade der indebtedness of der voldt."

After all the adulation lavished upon Strauss at the time of Gilmore's Jubilee, that ungrateful Teuton says that his experience in Boston convinced him that there was not enough good musicians in America to organize an effective orchestra.

Australia, which depends upon her gold mines for life and excitement, offers $25,000 for the discovery of a paying gold field within 300 miles of any port. Here is a chance for Stanley to make a dollar or two.

The Ogdensburg Journal takes occasion to observe that the policy of New York toward the great work of building a ship canal to connect our inland seas has been "of the most illiberal, selfish, stupid, niggardly, and pig-headed character."

New York last week contributed its quota to the necrological list of centenarians in the person of Mrs. Catharine Cahill, who died at the age of one hundred and five.

From Baden we learn the decease of Madame Sabina Marquel, born in Mayence in 1805. She was one of the six sisters Heinefetter, three of whom were famed prima donnas, Sabina, Clara, and Catinka.

A lady wished to have her husband's life insured in a Boston office the other day, giving as a reason that she wanted either a husband or some money, "she didn't care which." She never expected both at the same time.

Cincinnati is the paradise of fools. A young man, rich in nothing but store clothes, persisted in paying his distresses to a maid in the West end. She did not smile upon him, but he thought she did, and on stated evenings each week the store clothes found their felicitious way to the home of the gushing creature who would not gush. At last he fell upon his knees; she walked with calm dignity, but unmixed with scorn, from the room; flash! crack! he lay upon the floor, and she was bending weeping over him, saying, "Oh, you old fool, I wish you had shot yourself!" It was only chewed paper he had put in with the powder.

The process of puddling was invented by Henry Cort, an Englishman, and patented by him in 1783 and 1784 as a new process for "shingling, welding and manufacturing iron and steel into bars, plates, and rods of purer quality and in larger quantity than heretofore, by a more effectual application of fire and machinery." For this invention Cort has been called "the father of the iron trade of the British nation," and it is estimated that this invention has, during this century, given employment to six millions of persons, and increased the wealth of Great Britain by three thousand millions of dollars.

Cotton Seed.

The annual production of cotton seed in the valley of the Mississippi is not less than 750,000 tons, worth, at the present market price, $10,500,000. The entire cotton seed product is worth, in its crude state, nearly $24,-000,000. The six cotton seed oil factories in New Orleans are producing nearly 11,000 gallons of oil per day.

Medical Guesswork.—The professional treatment of disease is in a great measure experimental. If one medicine fails another is tried, and sometimes this hit-or-miss practice is pursued until the resources of the faculty is exhausted. This, in the truest sense of the word, is *empiricism*. But when the physician has made a valuable discovery, he is called by his professional brethren an *Empiric* because he advertises the result of his labor and research. When Dr. Walker of California introduced his celebrated Vinegar Bitters as a remedy for all blood diseases, he struck a tremendous blow at the *empirical system*, as applied in our hospitals, and in private practice. It was soon apparent that his medicine was not a mere palliative or alleviative that only modified the *symptoms* of a disorder; but that it *reached the* very *source of the malady* in the blood and the secretions, and literally *rooted it out*. The process of renovation and disinfection went on together, vigor was imparted to the organs from which the virus of disease had been expelled That such is the effect of this popular vegetable remedy, no one who has had opportunities of observing its operation in cases of liver complaint, indigestion, affections of the bowels, gout, rheumatism, and pulmonary disorders, can possibly doubt.—Com.

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Address THE SUN, New York City.

The Great Eastern circus was lately sold at Salem, Ala. The elephant was bought for $10,000. Six bay horses brought $3,400. The den containing the lioness and cubs, $6,085. The Bengal tiger and leopards, $6,000. The buffaloes, $400 each. The ring horses sold at from $5,000 to $1,000 each.

Worthy of Note.—An exchange says there is scarcely a day passes that we do not hear, either from persons coming into our office or in some other way, of the success of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* in the cure of coughs and colds, so prevalent about town just now.

If we can benefit the readers of this paper any by recommending *Parsons' Purgative Pills* to be the best anti-bilious medicine in the country, we are willing to do so. We have had about as good a chance to know as any one.—Com.

Chapped Hands, face, rough skin, pimples, ring-worm, salt-rheum, and other cutaneous affections, cured, and the skin made soft and smooth, by using the Juniper Tar Soap, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is more convient and easily applied than other remedies, avoiding the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use.—Com.

For Throat Diseases and Affections of the chest, "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are of value. For Coughs, Irritation of the Throat caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs, in speaking in public, or singing, they produce beneficial results.—Com.

A man's house is his castle, but if the family is left without adequate means when he dies, it is only a castle in ruins. Insure your life at once in the Washington.—Com.

Luxury, Health, Economy insured by using Dooley's Yeast Powder. Elegant Light Rolls, Biscuits, &c., prepared in ten minutes. Try it.—Com.

Genteel boy—"My father is in the custom house." Ragged boy—"And mine is in the station house." Genteel boy—"But my father can keep on stealing, and yours can't."

A Challenge

Is extended to the *world* to place before the public a better *word* or *tune* remedy than ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

Verily it Hath No Equal.

CONSUMPTIVES, READ!

Would you cure that distressing cough, and bring back that healthy vigor till lately planted in your cheek? If any would, do not delay! for, ere you are aware, it will be too late.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

Is your hope. It has been tried by thousands such as you, who have been cured; many, in their gratitude, have lent their names to us, that suffering humanity can read their evidence and believe. Don't experiment with new and untried mixtures—you cannot afford it—but try at once this invaluable article. It is warranted to break up the most troublesome cough in a few hours, if not of too long standing. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction in all cases of lung and throat difficulties.

UNSOLICITED EVIDENCE OF ITS MERITS

READ THE FOLLOWING:

WHAT WELL KNOWN DRUGGISTS SAY ABOUT ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

SPRINGFIELD, TENN., Sept. 11, 1872.

GENTLEMEN: Ship us six dozen Allen's Lung Balsam at once. We have not a bottle left in our store. It has more than doubled the sale of any cough medicine we have ever sold, and we have been in the drug business twenty-seven years; we mean just what we say about the Balsam. Very truly yours,

HURT & TANNER.

AGAIN READ THE EVIDENCE from a Druggist who was cured by use of the Balsam, and now sells it largely.

L. C. Cottrell, Druggist at Marine City, Michigan, writes, Sept. 12, 1872: "I am out of Allen's Lung Balsam; send me half a gross as soon as you can; I would rather be out of any other medicine in my store. The Lung Balsam never fails to do good or those afflicted with a cough."

It is harmless to the most delicate child.
It contains no opium in any form.
It is sold by Medicine dealers generally.

CAUTION.

Be not deceived. Call for ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM, and take no other.
☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.,
PROPRIETORS.

☞ Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle—Fair to prime	$ 7 80	@14 00
Hogs—Live	4 62½	@ 5 00
Sheep—Fair to prime	5 75	@ 8 00
Cotton—Middling		@ 21¾
Flour—Spring Extra	7 25	@ 7 85
Wheat—No. 2 Spring	1 58	@ 1 65
Corn—Western Mixed	66	@ 67
Oats—Western	47	@ 50
Rye—Western		@ 78
Barley	87	@ 88
Pork—Mess	13 75	@14 00
Lard	7¾	@ 8¼

CHICAGO.

Cattle—Choice to extra prime	$ 5 25	@ 6 00
Medium to choice	5 00	@ 5 20
Common to fair	4 10	@ 4 40
Hogs—Live	3 70	@ 3 95
Sheep—Live, good to choice	4 00	@ 5 00
Butter—Choice	20	@ 26
Eggs—Fresh	24	@ 27
Flour—White Winter Extra	8 50	@10 00
Spring Extra	5 75	@ 6 50
Wheat—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 21
Spring, No. 2		@ 1 20¾
Corn—No. 1		@ 30¾
Oats—No. 2		@ 26¾
Rye—No. 2		@ 66¾
Barley—No. 2		@ 66
Pork—Mess, new		@11 75
Lard	7¾	@ 7¾

CINCINNATI.

Beef Cattle	$ 4 50	@ 6 00
Hogs—Live	3 75	@ 3 90
Sheep—Live	4 50	@ 4 75
Flour—Family	6 00	@ 8 25
Wheat—Red		@ 1 65
Corn	37	@ 38
Oats	27	@ 28
Rye	68	@ 70
Barley	65	@ 70
Pork—Mess		@12 00
Lard	7	@ 7¾

ST. LOUIS.

Beef Cattle—Choice	$ 5 50	@ 6 00
Good to Prime	5 00	@ 5 60
Hogs—Live	3 20	@ 3 80
Sheep—Good to Choice	4 20	@ 4 70
Flour—Spring XX	6 75	@ 7 25
Wheat—No. 2 Fall		@ 1 65
Corn	36½	@ 37
Oats	27½	@ 28½
Rye		@ 73
Barley	65	@ 68
Pork—Mess		@11 75
Lard	7	@ 7¼

MILWAUKEE.

Cattle—Choice to extra prime	$ 5 00	@ 5 50
Medium to choice	4 70	@ 5 00
Common to fair	3 00	@ 3 50
Hogs—Live	3 75	@ 4 00
Sheep—Live—Good to Choice	3 50	@ 4 50
Butter—Choice	20	@ 23
Eggs—Fresh	22	@ 23
Flour—White Winter Extra	7 65	@ 8 00
Spring Extra	6 00	@ 6 90
Wheat—Spring, No. 1		@ 1 28½
No. 2		@ 1 22
Corn—No. 2		@ 33½
Oats—No. 2		@ 26¾
Rye—No. 2		@ 68
Barley—No. 2		@ 72
Pork—Mess		@12 00
Lard	7¾	@ 7¾

In New York, in 1870, 112 persons committed felo de se; in 1871 the number had fallen to 108; while in 1872 it had risen to 140. The deaths from accidental causes have been steadily growing for the past three years. In 1870 they numbered 781; in 1871, 861; while in 1872 they had grown to 944, exclusive in each case of deaths by drowning, which follow the same ratio, that is 167, 179, and 206 in three years respectively.

Shaken Constitutions.

General debility, and the despondency by which it is invariably accompanied, are often regarded as the symptoms of incurable physical decay. Of persons thus afflicted it is often said that their constitutions are undermined; tha they have nothing left to fall back upon; thas they are hopeless cases. This in at least eight cases out of ten, is a false conclusion. A constitution may be shaken without being undermined; and even if undermined may be propped and strengthened; and in many so-called hopeless cases there are reserves of vitality and latent vigor in the system that only require stimulating and developing to render them equal to the work of repair. The best and surest stimulant and invigorant that can be given as a remedy for decay of the vital powers, whether natural or casual, is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. If the faltering physique can be roused into healthy activity by any human means, this regenerating vegetable cordial will accomplish that object. Its effect upon the appetite, the digestion, the nervous system, the secretive organs and the bowels is most salutary. It not only acts directly upon the solids and fluids of the body, but indirectly upon the constitution itself. Persons left by fever in such a deplorably helpless condition that it would seem as if they could never recover, may be completely built up—it might almost be said, *re-built*—by this mighty, this well-nigh infallible, vegetable restorative. At this season of inclement winds and chilling damps the Bitters should be taken as a protective medicine.

It is Altogether Wrong to trifle with a Bad Cough or Cold, when the risk is so great and a remedy so sure, prompt and thorough as Dr. Jayne's Expectorant can be readily found.

TO
CONSUMPTIVES!

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a Sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Throat or Lung difficulties.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
194 Penn street, Williamsburgh, N.Y.

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MASON & HAMLIN
ORGAN CO.

Respectfully announce that they have opened

THEIR OWN WAREROOMS
IN CHICAGO,

Which for the present (until the completion of a new building) will be at

251 WABASH AV., cor. Van Buren St.,

In premises lately occupied by Misers. Root & Cady.

It is the intention of the Company to keep in Chicago for the direct supply of the Northwestern Trade and the Public,

THE LARGEST STOCK OF ORGANS
IN THE COUNTRY.

TERMS AND PRICES WILL BE THE SAME IN BOSTON, NEW YORK and CHICAGO.

Every purchaser of a Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ may be sure that he is getting, according to its size, capacity, style and price, the best instrument which it is possible in the present state of the art to construct. The Manufacturers are willing to Warrant all their work as up to even this high standard.

A large stock of Organs now on the way to Chicago including a number of NEW AND VERY DESIRABLE STYLES.

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Boston, New York and Chicago.

10,000 PRAIRIE FARMS
16 hours from Chicago—with no change of cars—I in the
MIDDLE REGION of WESTERN IOWA

A rich, well-drained prairie soil of natural meadow and plow land, evenly distributed; pure running water abundant; and climate unsurpassed (fever and ague being unknown.) Compact bodies of land to be had to any desirable extent.

1,700,000 ACRES OF RAILROAD LANDS

free from mortgage, granted to build, and all adjacent to, the Iowa lines of the Chicago and North western, Illinois Central and S. C. & P. Railways, for sale in tracts to suit purchasers, by the IOWA RAILROAD LAND CO. Lands of the best quality, and near stations, only cost from $7 to $10 per acre, the more distant $4 to $6, on time, with 6 per cent. interest.

Agents at Railroad Stations are provided with plats, prices and teams to show lands, free to purchasers. Land Exploring Tickets, receivable for land purchased, can be had at the Chicago Branch Office, 65 S. Canal-st.; at the Railroad Offices in Clinton and Dubuque; and at our main office as below. *Land buyers should call or send and obtain a guide.* It costs nothing, and gives descriptions, locations, prices, terms, and all needful information. County maps, showing lands for sale, also sent free. Call on or address,

JOHN B. CALHOUN,
Land Commissioner, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

A NOBLE CHARITY

OMAHA LOTTERY

TO EFFECT THE
NEBRASKA STATE ORPHAN ASYLUM

To be Drawn in Public, March 31st, 1873.

Tickets $1 Each, or Six for $5.

Tickets sent by Express C. O. D., if desired.

1 Cash Prize	$75,000	1 Cash Prize	$25,000
1 Cash Prize	15,000	1 Cash Prize	10,000
1 Cash Prize	5,000	1 Cash Prize	4,000

For balance of Prizes send for Circular.

This Legal Enterprise is endorsed by his excellency Gov. W. H. James, and the best business men of the State.

The limited number of tickets on hand will be furnished those who apply first.

AGENTS WANTED. For full particulars address
J. M. PATTEE, Manager, Omaha, Neb.

AMERICAN OLEOGRAPH CO.,
108, 110, 112, 114, 116 and 118
Spring Street,
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

HUGO BROUCH & LOUIS KURZ,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OLEOGRAPHS AND CHROMOS

☞ Show Cards and Music Titles made to order.

THEA-NECTAR
IS A PURE
BLACK TEA
with the Green Tea Flavor Wanted to suit all tastes. For sale everywhere. And for sale wholesale only by the Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co., No. 191 Fulton St., and 2 and 4 Church St., New York. P. O. Box 5643. Send for Thea-Nectar Circular.

$75 to $250 per month, every where, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid, and embroider in the most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully licensed and warranted for five years. We will pay $1000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay Agents from $75 to $250 per month and expenses, or a commission from which large profits can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Boston, Mass., Pittsburg, Pa.; Chicago, Ill.; or St. Louis, Mo.

263 RECEIPTS which cost $135

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Address BY. BENJAMIN, St. Louis, Mo.

$50 VALUABLE—Send three cent stamp for particulars. DOBSON HAYNES & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED for the New Illustrated Book
WILD LIFE IN THE FAR WEST.
30 years of adventures among the Indians, &c. *Thrilling, startling, interesting and fast selling.* For terms, address
F. A. HUTCHINSON, Chicago, Ills., or St. Louis.

Great Medical Book & Secrets for Ladies & Gents, Sent free for 2 Stamps. Address Dr. Bonaparte & Co., Cincinnati, O.

$72.00 EACH WEEK—AGENTS WANTED. Business legitimate. Particulars free. J. WORTH, St. Louis, Mo. Box 2981.

ANY European Estate having *legal* existence and *legal* claimants can be promptly collected by J. F. TRUEAUFF,
Attorney at Law, Columbia, Lancaster Co., Pa.

$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working

H B Strait. D. L. How. Geo. Du Toit. Cashr.

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BANKERS,

CARVER .. .. MINN.

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made at all accessible Points.

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REFERENCES.

First National Bank, St. Paul. Third National Bank, Chicago. Ninth National Bank, New York City.

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Cash Store!

New Goods.

would most respectfully call the attention of my friends and the public in general, that I have now in store a full stock of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS
BOOTS AND SHOES.

Groceries and Provisions

Which I am selling cheap for cash or ready pay. Butter, Eggs and Wool received in exchange for goods, at the stand formerly occupied by Henry Young, corner of 2nd & Chestnut streets.

CHASKA, MINN.

DANIEL STONE.

Anchor Line of

Steamers!

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The most direct pleasant and desirable route to and from Europe. An "Anchor Line steame will leave New York & Glasgow every Wednesday & Saturday Steamers are fitted up in elegant style, and secures to the traveller, speed safety and comfort at the lowest rates of tare Persons wishing to send tickets to their friends in Sweden, Norway, Germany & Great Britia, can obtain them from us, which will bring them DIRECTLY from those places to Carver, and advantage over other lines.

RATES FOR PASSAGE, AS FOLLOWS

From Liverpool to Carver,		$54 75
" London	"	59 75
" Glasgow	"	54 75
" Bremen	"	58 75
" Christiana	"	61 75
" Gothenburg	"	62 75
From New York to London,		$63,00
" " Edinburg		20,00
" " Belfast		20,50
" " Dublin		22,0
" " Amsterdam		35,00
" " Bremen		35,00
" " Hamburg		35,00
" " Christiana		38,00
" " Copenhagen		38,00
" " Gothenburg		38,00

Call on us before purchasing else ...

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Western Agts. Chicago.
HOW STRAIT & CO.,
Agents, Carver Minn.

MILWAUKEE
and Minneapolis
RAILWAY.
VIA
eGregor and Milwaukee.
The Only all Rail Line,
And the only Route by which Baggage is Checked Through to Milwaukee. Chicago, New York, Boston and all Eastern Points.

Passengers change cars only at terminal points, thus securing seats in clean Coaches and full nights' rest on night trains.

EASTEN EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leave and Arrive at St Paul as follows
Arrive, 7,27 p. m. Depart 8,05 a. m.

OWATONNA ACCOMMODATION

Arrive 11:15 a. m. Depart 3:50 p. m.

Minneapolis and St. Paul Trains.

Arrive.....9:10 A. M. | Depart 10:20
" 5:08 P. M. | " 5:40

St. Paul & Chicago Railway Trains.

Arrive 5,10 p, m Depart 11,30 a. m.

Tickets for passage and sleeping car berths sold by Jas. Thompson, Ticket Agent. Union office, corner of Third and Jackson Street, and corner of Jackson Street and Levee,

D. S. SHEPARD, Supt.

S. S. Merrill, General Manager: A. V. Carpenter, General Passenger Agent.

ALLEN'S

IRON TONIC

BITTERS

FOR

Dyspepsia, Indigestion,
Liver Complaint,
Acidity of
Stomach, Loss of Appetite.
And
General Debility.

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These Bitters are warranted to be manufactured with the purest materials, (no forty-rod hisky, if you pleaes,) and one trial is all that is necessary to convince any one that they are far superior to all other prerarations of the kind in use. Try them.

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PREPARED BY

JAME P. ALLEN,

Druggist and Pharmaceutist, Phœnix Drug Store, 109 Jackson Street,

Saint Paul, Minnesota.

—:0:—

AGENT,

GEORGE A. DU TOIT,

Carver, Minn

Legals.

Summons.

State of Minnesota, Dist. Court. }
Eighth Judicial Dist. }
County of Carver. }

Eliza A. Wakeman, against Gilbert L. Wakeman.

The State of Minnesota. To the above named defendant

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Chaska in the County of Carver in the State of Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

Dated Chaska September 23d A. D. 1872.

BAXTER & PECK.
Plff's. Atty's Chaska Minn.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, Dist Court. }
Eighth Judicial Dist. }
County of Carver. }

H. P. Manning against A. B Manning.

The State of Minnesota. To the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Chaska Carver County Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint

Dated Chaska, Dec. 16, A. D. 1872.

BAXTER & PECK, Plff's Att'y Chaska Minn.

Continental Fire Insurance Company. New York.

—:0:—

Cash Assets, $2,589,526,27.

WESTERN DEPARTMENT, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

A. J. Taylor. Superintendent.

This Company makes the insurance of dwellings and farm property a specialty.

Its policy is very short, simple and easily understood. It is not clogged a out with conditions and technicalities to entangle you after fire. In short, all fair losses promptly and liberally adjusted and paid on the spot without trouble or expense to the insured, thus presenting all the advantages of a "local Company" combined with the pre-eminent ability, safety and security of an old firmly established Company.

H. J. CHEVRE, Agent

☞ Office, at the Co Surveyor office, Chaska Carver County Minnesota.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION!

Marriage Guide. A private Counselor to the Married or those about to marry on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in producing and preventing offspring, how to preserve the complexion &c.

This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married, or contemplate marriage. Still this a book that ought to be in every house hold and few, and not laid carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world-wide, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of sexuality a system that is worth knowing, and which is not published in any other work.

Sent to any one (free of postage) for Fifty Cents.

Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth street St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the notorious quacks who advertise in public papers, or being put upon by quack remedies, peruse Dr. Butts' work no matter what your ailments, or how deplorable your condition.

Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms; is endorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases mentioned in his works. Office and parlors, No. 12 N. Eighth street, between Market and Chestnut, St. Louis, Mo.

Minneapolis Marble Works

N. HERRICK & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF
MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES &c.

SHOP ON NICOLET ST. BETWEEN, 3D & 4TH STS.

Work delivered and set up by one of the firm in Chaska or Carver without a

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W. S. COMBS. J. E. WHITNEY.

COMBS & WHITNEY

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Booksellers
and
Stationers

AND THE

Emporium for views of Minnesota and other Scenery, Brackets, Engravings, Frames, Chromos, &c. &c.

Plow and Wagon Factory.

AT WACONA

FRED LUTZ PROPRIETOR.

I would respectfully inform the citizens of Carver County that I now manufacture as good and durable plows as are made in the Union, and offer them as cheap as can be purchased at St Paul. Also Wagons. Blacksmithing done to order on short notice.

J. NICOLS. B. DEAN. P. KELLY

SAINT PAUL IRON STORE.

NICOL, DEAN & Co.

DEALERS in

Iron, Nails, Steel,

plows, axes, springs, ax les, anvils vices, bellows and heavy hardware generally.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, VULCANIZED FURBER AND LEATHER BELTING, GRINDSTONES COAL, &c., &c.

Third street St. Paul Minn

AGENTS FOR

Threshing and Reaping Machines.

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TOBACCO WORKS

KEIFER & SUTHEIMER,

☞ Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of Tobaccos. Factory cor., Eagle & Washington st. Office, Room 236, 3d steet.

St. Paul, Minn.

INSURANCE

GEO. MIX.

AGENT

of the following Insurance Co's,

ÆTNA

Hartford, Con,—Assets 5,052, 000,00

UNDERWRITER'S AG

New York City,—Assets 3,555,000,0

YHARTER OAK LIFE INS CO

OF

Hartford, Conn.—Assets, 4,000,000.00

Policies of Insurance issued against loss or damage by fire and perils of Inland transportation.

Losses Adjusted and Paid promptly at the place where the *Policy is Issued.*

Will attend promptly, to collections Paying of Taxes, &c.

OFFICE, AT THE "HERALD" OFFICE CHASKA MINNESOTA

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver, }
In Probate Court, } S. S.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Basler deceased.

Whereas, There was deposited in the Probate Court of Carver County Minn. September 20th 1872 an instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Charles Basler late of said County deceased, and whereas Barbara Basler has filed her petition that she may be appointed the executrix named and appointed in and by said Will, and praying that said instrument may be admitted to probate and letters testimentary to her issued thereon

Now therefore that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court on Monday the 18th day of November 1872 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the Probate Court room in said County of Carver when and where all persons concerned may appear and contest the Probate of said will. It is further ordered, That public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication under these orders of a copy of said orders in the Valley Herald a paper published in Chaska in said County for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Given under my hand this 22d day of October 1872.

J. A. SARGENT, Judge of Probate.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF SUPT. OF SCHOOLS, }
For Carver Co. Minn. }

Notice is hereby given that the following School District clerks of Carver County have failed to forward to me the annual school report for 1872 as follows to-wit:

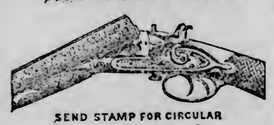
Mr I. J. Coons	Clerk of Dist. No.	10
Mr. G. M. Powers	do	12
Mr. V. Landgraf	do	16
Mr. Gerhard Kimpel	do	40
Mr. C. O. Woodruff	do	47
Mr John Etzell	do	54
Mr. Dietrich Kuhlmann	do	59

Now therefore, if the above named clerks will not forward to me the said report within ten days after date it will be my duty to notify the County Attorney of this count of such failure, who will proceed against them according to law.

Given under my hand this 25th day of October A. D. 1872

J. T. KERKER,
Supt of Schools for Carver Co.

THE PARKER GUN.



SEND STAMP FOR CIRCULAR

PARKER BRO'S
WEST MERIDEN, CT.

THE DISCOVERER

Discovered!

The Adventures of a Most Adventurous Life.

THE STANLEY LIVINGSTONE

Expedition to Equatorial Africa.

Is the title of a large octavo volume just issued to supply the demand for information in regard to Africa, with Incidents and the wonderful Career of both Stanley and Livingstone in their remarkable expeditions to this most interesting part of the Globe.

WANTED—In every town in the United States and Canada, First Class men and women as Agents to canvass for this work. Everybody wants it. Anybody can sell it. Address us for the most liberal terms ever offered. The Union Publishing Company, 65 Twenty-Second St., Chicago, Ill:

If you desire to secure territory at once send $2.50 for sample copy and Canvassing Book, or $1 00 to vassing Booky alone.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

On or about the 28th day of September, came into my inclosure one Red cow about nine years old, no marks. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away.

SWAND A. HOLM.
Dahlgreen Carver County, Minn.

Notice.

Dr E. H. Lewis, would respectfully inform the citizens of Chaska and vicinity, that he will be found in his office at E. G. Halle & Co's., new Drug Store, Chaska, every day between the hours of 10 a. m. and 12 m. Any orders left will be promptly attended to.

Fresh vaccine virus constantly kept on hand.

NOTICE.

As I have made arrangements to enter into a co-partnership in carrying on my business on or about New year, and as the incoming partner will not accept old out-standing accounts, I therefore request all those knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned to pay up within the next three weeks and thereby save themselves costs of collection.

Chaska, Dec. 11th 1872.

FRED WOMMER.

Dr. Cox's Hive (Croup) Syrup has been known and used by the medical profession over 100 years, and as a remedy for Colds and Coughs has an older and better reputation than any other Cough medicine ever offered to the public. It is known as the Compound Syrup of Squills, and a formula may be found in every medical dispensatory.

Dr. Ransom's Hive Syrup and Tolu, in addition to the ingredients for Cox's Hive Syrup, contains Balsam of Tolu, decoction of Skunk Cabbage Root and Lobelia, a combination that must command it to every one as a superior remedy for **Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs and Colds,** Relaxation of the Throat and Lungs where a Cough Medicine is necessary.

This Syrup is Carefully Prepared under the personal direction of a regular Physician of over twenty years' practice, whose signature is attached to the directions on the bottle.

Its taste is very pleasant and children like it.

Every family should keep it as a ready remedy for **Croup, Colds,** etc., among the children.

D. RANSOM, SON & Co., Prop'rs Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. J. R. MILLER'S
UNIVERSAL

MAGNETIC BALM.

It cures as if by MAGNETIC INFLUENCE. Neuralgia and all pain, and is therefore very properly termed "Magnetic Balm." It is purely a vegetable preparation. It has no equal as a remedy for

Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic and all Bowel Complaints.

Its timely use will cure Colic, Croup, Diphtheria, Quinsy, and all Throat affections.

When properly used, Fever and Ague, and other complaints incident to our western and southern climates, are easily broken up.

Nervous Pain, Sick-Headache, and Rheumatism are cured by this medicine when all others have failed. Toothache, Ear ache, Burns, Chilblains and Bruises are relieved at once by its use.

The genuine has D. Ransom & Co.'s private Revenue Stamp on the outside, and Dr. J. R. Miller's Magnet on each blown in the bottle.

Examine closely, and buy none but the genuine.

Sold by all Druggists. **Price 25 cents per** bottle.

D. RANSOM, SON & Co., Prop'rs, Buffalo, N. Y.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The public is hereby notified that my wife Hertha Kunze, left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, on or about the 1st day of June last and that they are hereby further notified not to trust or harbor her on my account as I will pay no debts of her contracting on and after this date.

Benton, July 27th 1872.

JOHN KUNZE

DEATH TO BED-BUGS.

The undersigned has manufactured a preparation, easily used, that he guarantees, will rid every household of bed bugs. The preparation only costs $1 Give me a call at my barber shop

GOTTLIEB SCHUBIGER
Chaska Minn.

FERD. THIES.

Dealer in

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS
AND
TOYS AND NOTIONS.

Also keeps on hand and sells by the barrel and otherwise, APPLES!

☞ Store on 2nd Street.

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Chas. B. Newcomb & Co.

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS!

Particular Attention Given To The Purchase and Shipment of Minnesota Wheat.

MILWAUKEE PRICES!

Paid at Duluth for all wheat offered them on that market, and no charge for Commission.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON WHEAT STORED IN DULUTH ELEVATOR!

Winter Storage & c/s.

OFFICES— St. Paul, Duluth, Stillwater, and Hastings Nov. 15.—3 mths

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Dr. C. B. AMES.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

WATERTOWN . . . MINN.

Office at Lewis Drug Store. Offers his service to the citizens of Watertown and vicinity, and can always be found day or night ready to attend calls

---

F. W. RENNING.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

CHASKA, ... MINN.

MILLINERY.

Mrs. F. Sutter.

Is constantly in receipt of, and at all times supplied, with a full assortment of

Fashionable Millinery Goods.

ALSO

DRESS TRIMMINGS, OBERTS, NETS &c., &c., &c,

Dress-Making promptly attended to.

She therefore invite the patronage of the ladies of Chaska and surrounding country, confident that they can render ample satisfaction in every as to STYLES AND PRICES.

Bride And Bridegroom.

Essays for Young Men on the interesting relation of Bridegroom to Bride, in the institution of Marriage—a Guide to matrimonial felicity, and true happiness. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, Howard Association, Box P. Philadelphia, Pa.

Estray Notice.

Taken up by the undersigned in the town of Dahlgreen, County of Carver, one black cow, 8 or 9 years of age, with one horn broken off a little. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take the same away.

Dahlgreen, Nov. 15th 1872.

FRED'K. MEYER.

Cutters And Sleighs.

Those in want of an extra good Cutter or Bob-sled should call upon John Blordel at Carver He is manufacturing extensively and sells cheap.

Mortgage Sale.

Names of Mortgagors.—C. H. Lienau and Mathilda Lienau his wife.

Name of Mortgagee.—Wilhelm Dressler.

Date of Mortgage,—November 30th A. D. 1869.

Mortgage recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Carver and State of Minnesota on the 8th day of June A. D. 1870 at four o'clock P. M, of that day, in Book "F" of Mortgages on pages 174, 175 176 and 177

Description of mortgaged premises—The undivided one half interest in and to the following described land and real estate situate, lying and being in the County of Carver and State of Minnesota, viz: Beginning at the south west corner of lot No. five (5) in Block No. Fifty (50) in the Village of Watertown, thence running south thirty two (32) degrees west, on the east line of Lewis Street, two hundred and thirty-two (232) feet, thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, one hundred and fifty [150] feet, thence south thirty two [32] degrees west one hundred and fifty four (154) feet, thence south forty eight (48) degrees east, seventy two [72] feet, thence north seventy four and one fourth [74¼] degrees east, a number of feet to a point even with and where it would intersect with the west line of Miles street, thence north thirty-two [32] degrees east to the waters edge on the west shore of Crow River, thence down said river with the course thereof, to a point intersecting with the south line of Block No. fifty [50], thence north fifty-eight (58) degrees west to the place of beginning, containing two (2) acres of land more or less including Steam Grist and Saw Mill, all in said Village as surveyed by R. H Blanding as appears by plat thereof in the office of Register of Deeds of said County, excepting and reserving from the foregoing description three lots or parcels of land described as follows:

First. Commencing at the south west corner of lot No. five (5) in Block No. fifty (50) and run in a southwesterly direction on the line of said Lewis Street, twenty seven [27] feet thence south fifty eight [58] degrees east, eighty five (85) feet thence north thirty two [32] degrees east, twenty seven (27) feet, to the south line of said lot five (5) in said Block fifty 50, thence north fifty eight (58) degrees west on the line of said lot No. five 5, eighty five 85 feet to the place of beginning, with a right of way ten 10 feet wide from the rear or east end of said tract or lot, to a public highway or lot above described.

Second Commencing at a point on Lewis street, twenty seven, 27, feet in a south westerly direction from the south west corner of Lot. No. five 5, in said block No. fifty 50, on the east line of said Lewis street, and run south fifty eight 58 degrees east eighty five 85 feet, thence south thirty two 32 degrees west, thirty one 31 feet thence north fifty eight 58 degrees west eighty five 85 feet, to the east line of Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 degrees east thirty one feet to place of beginning.

Third. Beginning at a point on the east line of Lewis street, one hundred and thirty three 133 feet, south thirty two 32 deg west from the south west corner of Lot. No. five 5 in Block No. fifty 50, thence running south thirty two 32 degrees west, twenty 20 feet, thence south fifty eight 58 degrees east, six y 60 feet, thence north thirty two, 32 deg east, twenty 20 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, six y 60 feet, to the east line of Lewis street, the place of beginning being a part of a certain point of land shown as Mill Reserve.

Also the undivided one half ½ interest of the following in said village viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of said Lewis street, one hundred and thirty two 132 feet, south from the south west corner of Lot No. five 5 in Block No. fifty 50, being a certain point described in a deed made by Georgiana Lewis and Isaac L. Lewis her husband to Lienau and Dressler of date May 3rd 1865, from thence running south fifty eight 58 deg west, one hundred and fifty 150 feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg west, seventy 70 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, one hundred and fifty 150 feet, to the east line of said Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 deg. east seventy 70 feet to the place of beginning as appears by plat of R. H. Blanding before referred to, excepting and reserving from the foregoing lots sold to S. B. Kober July 28th 1868 described as follows: Beginning at the north west corner of William Chronicle's property on said Lewis street, ninety feet 94 feet from the north east corner of Lewis and Madison streets and running north thirty two deg. east, on the line of Lewis street twenty four feet, thence south fifty eight 58 deg east, one hundred feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg west, twenty four 24 feet to William Chronicle's property on said Lewis street, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, one hundred 100 feet, to place of beginning. Also the undivided one half of the following property in said village of Watertown, viz: Beginning on the north line of Madison street one rod, at a point one hundred and fifty feet easterly from said Lewis street, thence run easterly on said north line of Madison street, one hundred and eighty feet to a point where it will intersect a line parallel with the west line of Mill street, thence north thirty two 32 deg west to a point described in a certain deed made by S. B. Kleman and Dressler of date May 1st A. D 1865, including and embracing a triangular piece of land adjoining the mill property decided to Lienau and Dressler by Georgiana Lewis and husband, also the following: Beginning at a point at the end of the line of said Madison street on a certain line known as the Mill Reserve and running thence northerly on said Mill street, and at a point beginning from the south east corner of a certain tract or parcel of land heretofore first deeded by Isaac Lewis and husband to John Berger and running south thirty two 32 deg east one rod one hundred 100 feet, thence south fifty eight 58 deg east forty rods, thence south thirty two 32 deg west twenty four 24 rods, thence north fifty eight 58 deg west, 100 feet to place of beginning, also lots No one 1 two 2, three 3, four 4, five 5 and 6 in Block No five 5 in the Lewis Mill reserve addition to the town of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office of Register of Deeds of said county, also lots No. three 3, four 4, five 5, six 6 seven 7 and eight 8 in Block N. two 10 in said village of Watertown, also lots numbered from one 1, to ten 10, inclusive in Block No. seventy one 71, being the whole of said block No seventy one 71, also lots No one 1, two 2 three 3, four 4, five 5 and ten 10, in Block seventy two 72, lot four 4 in Block seventy eight 78, also out lots No seven 7 and eight 8 in said town as surveyed by said Blanding, also Block No seventy 70, containing lots numbered from one 1 to nine 9 inclusive, excepting therefrom lots No, ten 10, in said block seventy 70 also all of that part of lot No twelve 12, in Block No fifty eight 58, and lots No, four 4 and five 5 in Block No. forty 40, also lots No. five 5, in Block No. Forty one 41 all of the hereinbefore described property being in the village of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office the Register of Deeds of said County of Carver.

The amount which is claimed to be due, and which is due on the note secured by the above described mortgage at the date of this notice is one thousand two hundred and eighty six dollars and sixty seven cents, 1286 67-100.

Default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage and no suit or proceedings at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and therewith recorded which by reason of said default has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the hereinbefore described mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder therefor by the sheriff of the said County of Carver at the front door of the Court House in the Village of Chaska in said County on Saturday the 25th day of January A. D. 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day to satisfy the amount that shall then be due on the debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage together with interest and all costs of foreclosure and sale.

Dated at Watertown Minnesota this 4th day of December A. D. 1872.

WILHELM DRESSLER,
Mortgagee.

ERNEST HAISLIN, Att'y for Mortgagee, Watertown Minn.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver, } S. S.
In Probate Court, }

On reading and filing the petition of John Anderson praying among other things that he may be appointed the administrator of the estate of Anders Anderson late of said county deceased, ordered that the said petitioner be heard before this court Jany. 31st 1873, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and further ordered that said petitioner give notice to all persons interested in said deceased estate to appear before said court at the time aforementioned to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal this 4th day Jany. 1873.

J. A. SARGENT, Judge Probate.

NEW STORE!

New Goods!!

And

Reasonable Prices.

Call at

HENRY YOUNGS NEW STORE.

And examine his large and elegant assortment of Dry goods, Groceries and Provisions, Hats & Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clothing Yankee Notions &c.

Produce taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Store Corner 2d & Chestnut Sts.

Chaska, Minn.

The Weekly Valley Herald.

F. E. DU TOIT Proprietor.

TERMS, $1 50, Per Annum.

VOLUME II — CHASKA, MINNESOTA. THURSDAY, JAN. 30 1873 — NUMBER 24

Historical Society

DR. S. D. GRANT

Physician & Surgeon,

And Dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

BOOKS & STATIONERY

...ing belonging to a first class stock.

PHYSICIANS' ... Carefully Compounded.

Also a choice stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

...BROWN, ... MINN.

JOHN SNELL

DEALER IN

Furniture!!

Looking Glass Chairs, tables, Bedsteads &c.

Also

PHOTOGRAPHING

ALVE , - - - MINN

PAINTING

V. C. GATES,

HOUSE, SIGN, CARRIAGE AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

SHAKOPEE.

All orders left at E. G. Halle & Co's Store, Chaska Minn. will be promptly attended to.

Hardware!

—:0:—

...n Steel, Nails, Cutlery, Tin and Japanned Ware. Agricultural Implements

AND

Stoves,

...mps, Cloth Wringers, Window Sash and Doors, Glass, Carpenters Tools, Putty &c.

.....:0:.....

FARMING TOOLS

everything usually kept in a first ...

HARDWARE STORE.

ALSO

...ls, Paints, Varnishes &c.

...oduce taken in exchange for goods.

Store on 2d Street in HERALD ...

W. WOMMER.

...uka, Carver County Minn.

DR. J. S. RICHARDSON.

ECLECTIC,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

...SKA .. .. MINN.

(OPPOSITE THE OLD CATH CHURCH.)

...ers his services to the surrounding country, ...s prepared to treat thoroughly all Chronic ...—Especially Liver and Lung diseases.

The Valley Herald

Official County Paper.

BY F. E. DU TOIT.

CHASKA THURSDAY JAN. 30 1873.

Editorial Correspondence.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 25th 1873.

DEAR HERALD.—Here I am once more, after the lapse of over two weeks, but as little or nothing of importance has transpired during that time in the Legislature. I will be pardoned for dereliction of duty.

The bill introduced by Mr. Cox, of Nicollet, providing for the assembling of a Constitutional Convention, caused much debate and was finally defeated by 13 majority. Mr. Du Toit voting against the measure and Mr. Kelly and Bachman in favor.

Ten Thousand Dollars was voted to Duluth to defend themselves against Wisconsin in the suits pending in the Supreme Court of the United States.

The Ohio Liquor Law Bill was introduced in the House last week. It is a sweeping bill and will not pass, although it has many friends and supporters.

Mr. Neville of Winona County is the "funny man" of the present session.—He speaks upon nearly every bill and is always upon the "closing" side.

Every public institution in the State is after money, some ...ing like $...0 has been asked for. Normal schools are on hand as may be supposed.

The Hon. Mr Cooper of Houston county, died last evening. He had an attack of *delirium tremens* about a week ago, which resulted in his death. He was a genial fellow and had many warm personal friends.

Mr. Du Toit is upon the Railroad and printing committees. Bachmann upon Federal Relations and University committees. Kelly upon Claims and commerce.

More anon. FRED.

A Virginia Mother Shoots a Young Man About to Elope With Her Daughter.

From the Christiansburg (Va.) Messenger.

A young man, whose name we could not learn, wooed and won the affections of a Miss Price, daughter of Mr Chapman. Price, formerly of this county, but now a resident of Craig. The parents of the young lady bitterly opposed her marrying the youth in question, because of his dissipated habits, but opposition only added fuel to the flame, and confirmed the maiden in her determination to cling to her lover through thick and thin. Last week, learning that Mr. Price would be from home, he procured a buggy and went to his house to elope to West Virginia and marry her. His affianced was ready and willing to go with him, but the mother set her foot firmly down and vowed that she should not take the girl from the house, at the same time pointing to the gun and telling him that if he attempted to carry her off she would shoot him. Treating these as the idle threats of woman, the lovers continued their preparations for departure. All things being ready, they proceeded to the buggy, the young lady was handed in, the youth had taken his seat by her side and was in the act of driving off, when Mrs. Price cut short the whole proceeding by shooting the youth with the gun above mentioned. The physician who dressed his wound pronounces his recovery extremely doubtful, if not impossible.

Col. Lewis V. Bogy, Senator elect from Missouri, entertained a large number of his friends at St. Louis, on his return from the senatorial contest at Jefferson city. Closing his review of the campaign at the State capital, Senator Bogy spoke of Gen. Frank Blair as follows:

Gen. Blair behaved in a most magnanimous manner; so magnanimous, indeed, that he [Col. B.] could hardly speak. Gen. B. was the first to meet him at his room and said: "Under all the circumstances, and knowing you as I do, as a gentleman and a personal friend, as I am not nominated, permit me to congratulate you from the bottom of my heart," giving me his hand as a true gentleman.

—There is a disposition in all the to State to enact for State elections the day on which the Presidential election take place in November. A clause to this effect has been incorporated in the new Constitution of Pennsylvania, which is now in process of formation.

—The Danbury News says that a humane mother in that place chloroformed her boy before whipping him.

Proceedings County Board.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, Carver Co. Minn. January 7th, 1873.

B. F. Lights application for abatement of taxes laid over until March session next.

Motion to reconsider the action by which the bill of Theodore Betting for interpreter fees was rejected on the 8th day of June 1871, was lost.

Whereas a petition was presented by Mathias Jacob praying to be set off with the following Territory from school Distr. No. 6 viz; sh of sw qr of sect 12, T. 115, R 24, and to be attached to school Distr No 1. and whereas good and sufficient reas...appear for granting the same, therefore,

Resolved—That the prayer of the petitioner be granted and that the Territory be set off accordingly.

Bill of G. Deuss, for surveying and mending cloths for paupers to date, allowed, $33 00

On motion Board of County Commrs. adjourned until one o'clock p. m.

One o'clock p. m.

Board of County Commrs met pursuant to adjournment, members all present board called to order by the chairman

Bill of E. B. Lewis for attending to Wm Winegar, laid over until next session,

The following bills were allowed

F. Hecklin for boarding P. Woertz from Dec. 4th 1872 to Jan. 8th 1873, $20.00.

Linentelser & Faber, goods for poor farm, 8.20

P. Henk, goods for poor farm and jail, 4 15

The official Bond of Leonard Strenkens County Auditor elect, was presented and approved with the sureties therein named.

Resolved—That the amount of fifty five dollars be reduced from the valuation for 1872 upon lot 5 and sw qr sw qr sect. S. T. 115 R 23, belonging to Feodor Kreeme.

Bill of J. S Letford Ex Justice and other costs in case state vs. John Wall, was on motion laid over until next session next

Bill of Justice J. S Letford, justice witness and constable fees in case state vs. Lewis Rend, allowed. 14 85

Resolved—That the contract for digging a well at the court house premises be allowed to Peter Barthel, he being the lowest bidder therefor, contract on file in Auditors office.

On motion Board adjourned until 9 o'clock a. m to morrow.

January 11th 1873

9 o'clock a. m. Board of County Commrs met pursuant to adjournment, members all present, board called to order by the Chairman.

Resolution relating to abstract book was on motion laid on the table.

The committee, on the road petitioned for by Fred Tabbert and others for a change of the Chaska and Waconia road, reported in favor of granting the petition, on motion resolved that the report be accepted and the committee be discharged

Resolved—That the prayer of the petitioners be granted, and that $12 50 damages be assessed to Wm. Frederich

Resolved—That the committee on the road petition of Henry Rietz and others for a change of the Greenwood road have time to report until March session next, and further that Commr. Iltis be substituted in place of P. Barthel

Resolved—That the bills of Patrick Campbell, G. Campbell, John Campbell and Edward Boyle, in case state of Minnesota against James Grattan, O'Garry, Lary Shehan be referred back for correction

The following bills were allowed Comr Carlson, visiting poor farm & poor, 4.50

Comr. Carlson attendance and milage this session and other services. 18 84

Comr. Patterson attendance and milage this session, 16,28

Comr. Patterson visiting poor farm and poor, 7.50

Comr. Patterson services on road committees, 16.00

Comr. Iltis services this session 15 00

Comr Kelly, visiting poor, 7.50

Comr. Kelly examining roads. 15.00

Comr. Kelly services and milage this session, 15 20

Comr. Wessbecker, examining roads etc. 22.50

Comr Wessbecher, attendance and milage this session, 16.68

Whereas a petition was presented by John Klobe, Joseph Arle and August Lemke praying that the south east qr of sect. 28 and the north half of north east qr of sect. 33, Township 116 Range 26 be set off from school distr No 50 and that the same be attached to distr No. 47 and whereas it appears that there are no remonstrance and that no opposition exist, therefore,

Resolved—That the prayer of the petitioner be granted and that the territory shall be set off accordingly.

Resolved—That the thanks of the members of this Board of County Comrs. be respectfully tendered to P. Weego Weego County Auditor, for the strict gentlemanly manner in which he has discharged the duties of his office for the last eight years to the entire satisfaction of his constituents.

On motion the Board of County Comrs. adjourned until the third Tuesday of March next at 9 o'clock a. m.

Attest P. WEEGO,
County Auditor.

Oregon farmers are ploughing.

HOME ITEMS

HERALD AGENT CARVER—G. A. DuToit

Lake Superior & M R R.

Trains arrive and depart from the Chaska depot as follows:

GOING NORTH.....6:20 A. M.

GOING SOUTH.....8:00 P. M.

S. W. LUSK, Agent.

Shakopee, Chaska & Carver accommodation Trains.

CONNECTING WITH ALL TRAINS ON SIOUX CITY R.

GOING WEST,	GOING EAST.
8:30 A. M.	8:45 A. M.
5:20 P. M.	5:10 P. M.

H. & D. TRAINS,

Going West, 10.45 A. M. Going East, 2,50 P. M.

NOTICE.

Payments for back subscription to the HERALD must be made at once. We are very much in need of money and are consequently obliged to call on all those indebted to pay up.

PETER WOERTZ—We see by the St Paul *Press* that the Governer has appointed a committee of the deciples of *Exopalius* to visit Peter Woertz now in our jail under sentance of death for the murder of Samuel Burgener, to ascertain his "*mental* and *moral*" condition. How is that for high especially on the moral!!

—Ladies of Chaska and vicinity it you are in want of a pair of fine cloth gaiter's or shoes call on D Stone at the cheap cash store he has them and sells them only $2 25 cts a pair.

NEW BUTCHER SHOP.—John Neunsinger, the old Carver County butcher is about erecting a meat shop between the house and store of Phillip Henk, where he inends to keep a first class butcher shop.

INDUSTRIOUS.—We are informed that the Episcopal clergyman of Shakopee in addition to performing the duties of Superintendent of the Academy during the week, preaches every other Sunday in the morning at Shakopee, afternoon at 2 p. m. at Chaska and at Carver 4 p. m. and in the evening at Shakopee. The alternate Sunday at Le Sueur in the morning, Henderson in afternoon and at Belle Plaine in the evening.

—Gentlemen, you will find mens shoe packs at the cheap cash store, only $1.5 a pair.

CONCORDIA HALL.—We see that the addition to Concordia Hall is about completed. It will be one of the largest halls in the State. Preparations are being made for a grand Masquerade Ball to be given in the Hall the 22d of February, the anniversary of the birth day of Washington.

WOOD.—It is astonishing to see the amount of wood brought into this town, we are informed that over one hundred and fifty cords is being brought in per day The price paid the first of the week was $5, per cord.

—D Stone at the cheap cash store has just received a fresh stock of new goods of all kinds.

COUNTY TREASURER.—The popular County Treasurer, Frank Hassenstab Esqr. has returned from his annual collecting trip into the different towns in the County, and will be found hereafter at his office in the Court House, where we presume he will be happy to see his friends.

☞ The Minneapolis *Times* announces that it will hereafter have an office of its own, and that it has purchased the good will and material of the *Democrat*. The Times is one of the best papers that visits our office, and we rejoice to hear of its prosperity.

—D Stone has green apples by the barrel or at retail.

COURT HOUSE WELL.—Clear and pure water and sufficient quantity has been obtained in the court house yard at a depth of twenty five feet, fortunate considering that private wells near there are nearly fifty feet in depth.

☞ The sociable gotten up by John Melvin last week was well attended and every thing passed off pleasantly.

—Fresh Oysters at Wm. Brinkhouse.

SNOW.—First it snew' then it blu' then it friz' such has been the weather for the past two months, the "thew" has not commenced yet—when it does, look out for high water. This winter beats anything for severity in this State in the memory of the oldest inhabitant. The Highways, Byways, Railways and All ways completely blocked up. The little Dummy plying between here, Carver and Shakopee is more fortunate than the big "Inguns"—she has fought successfully the elements and has been most generally on time. We attribute her success partly to the energy and perservance of conductor O'Bryen and her energetic engineer and fireman.

—Don't be too confident and hopeful of spring. It hasn't come yet

King of The Blood.

Prairie Itch is caused by a disordered and inactive Liver, produced by miasmatic poison upon the system. The King Of The Blood acts as a stimulating alterative upon all the glands of the ..., especially upon the Liver (which is a glandular body), and will, therefore, by correcting the secretions and curing the Liver remove in a short time this troublesome and loathsome disease.

See advertisement in another column.

Senator Harlan, of Iowa, now editor of the Washington Chronicle, is in trouble too. The Credit Mobilier paid ten thousand dollars to elect him to the Senate. He swears that he was ignorant of their assistance, "till sometime after the money was expended." But Duran, swears that the two checks for $5,000 each were drawn to his order, given to him and finally that the money was paid to him. Harlan will join Colfax, Patterson, Carney and the rest in their disgrace.—Minneapolis Tribune.

The whole number of barrels of beer made in the First Congressional District during the year 1872 is 26,536. There are fifty two breweries in the same district, all save one owned and managed by Germans.

Wm O'Morrow, of Belle Plaine, paid $50 fine last week For selling liquor to Wm. Hinman, a habitual drunkard.—The prosecution was under the amended liquor law of 1872.

In the Senate, on the 20th inst., Mr. Ramsey presented the memorial of the Minnesota Historical Society, asking for an appropriation to purchase certain documents relating to early French discoveries on the Lakes and the Mississippi never yet published; which was referred to the Committee on Library.

Printers' Monument To Greeley.

The compositors of the New York Tribune at a special meeting yesterday, approved of the proposition that the printing offices in the United State give one or more pounds of old type each, for the purpose of making a statue of Horace Greeley, to be erected over his remains in Greenwood, and ask each compositor in the country to to give the proceeds of 1000 ems set upon February 3d, next, the sixty, second anniversary of the birth of Mr. Greeley; the money to be forwarded to the President of the New York Typographical Union, No. 6, at 22 Duane street, of which Union, Mr. Greeley was the first President.

Public interest in congressional affairs is almost entirely centering in the details of corruption and bribery that every day brings forth. The question naturally arises, after all this investigation, what is to come of it? Will the committees kalsomine the convicted parties? That seems to be the present impression in spite of the proof laid it is by no means certain that members of the investigating body did not have some of the dividends or stock. If so, a heavy coat of whitewashing may be expected. But if they are honest—if they perform the simplest and plainest duty, the expulsion of a score or more of Senators and Representatives will be the least possible they can demand. Plenty of truth is leaking out. The important query now is whether it will be acted on.

The House of Representatives must be commended for voting down the project for a State Constitutional Convention. The present constitution can be improved, but this is not the time to remedy its faults. With good laws and wise administration, we can get along very well for a few years. Aside from the expense of a Constitutional Convention, there are other objections, which are weighty, against the movement at this time.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons who hold Town orders issued by the Town of Watertown, Carver County Minn. prior to the year A. D. 1870 to present the same to the undersigned for redemption on or before the 1st day of march 1873, as none of said orders will be paid after that date.

By order of the Board of Supervisors.

ERNST HAINLIN,
Town Clerk, Watertown Minn.

Subscribe for the Valley Herald.

FURNITURE

AND

VARIETY STORE!

AT

Young's Old Stand, 2d. St.

Consisting of a new and select stock of

BUREAUS,
STANDS,
CHAIRS,
BED-STEADS

And up holstery of every description.

ALSO

TOYS,
FRAMES,
PICTURES, &c.

The public is invited to call at my storeroom and examine my stock and prices, feeling confident of being able to sell as cheap as any store this side of St. Paul.

THOS. KERKER.

WE GUARANTEE THAT

EVERY HOUSEKEEPER

Who has ever had one of the

CELEBRATED

CHARTER OAK STOVES

WILL CHEERFULLY RECOMMEND IT AS THE MOST

Durable, Practical, Simple & Perfect COOKING APPARATUS

THEY HAVE EVER USED.

ADAPTED TO ALL LOCALITIES AND *EVERY KIND OF FUEL.*

SOLD BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

SAINT LOUIS,

AND BY ALL

LIVE STOVE DEALERS

—LIKE—

FRITZ WOMMER.

KENNING & BROS.

CHASKA, MINNESOTA

—:o:—

Manufacturers of Doors, Sash, Fronts, Flooring, Siding and all kinds of mouldings and planing and sawing done to order.

Also

Carpenters and Builders.

Doors and window frames made to order.

Those wanting buildings erected, or any work none enumerated above, had better give us a call before going elsewhere. Work done cheap and guaranteed to be of first class quality.

H. J. KENNING & BROS.

LAZARUS & MORRIS'

Perfected

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses.

Lord & Halle have secured the sole agency in this locality for the sale of Lazarus & Morris' celebrated perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses. They are very popular and have been a special manufacture of the above firm for many years. These spectacles will assist the sight most brilliantly, strengthen and preserve the eyes, and are very easy and pleasant to wear. We solicit a call from those needing also a better sight.—Our full assortment in gold silver, steel and shell frames, will enable us to fit all conditions of the eye, and give great satisfaction to those who favor us with a call.

EDWARD H. HALLE. E. CHAS. H. HALLE

HALLE & CO.

New Drug STORE.

CHASKA. .. .. .. MINN.

Have just opened a new Drug store and offer for sale a complete stock of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Perfumery,

Fancy,

And

Toilet Articles,

Glass, Oils,

Paints

And Varnishes,

Stationery,

AND

All Kinds of Books,

Patent Medicines,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE.

☞ Prescription carefully compounded ... from the purest Medicines.

E. G. HALLE & CO.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

Harper's Bazar.

Notices of the Press.

The Bazar is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion.—Boston Traveller.

The Bazar commends itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures, to the young ladies by its fashion-plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for the children's clothes, to put ...ertainties by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and luxurious dressing-gowns. But the reading-matter of the Bazar is uniformly of great excellence. The paper has acquired a wide popularity for the fireside enjoyment it affords.—N. Y. Evening Post.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1873.

TERMS:

HARPER'S BAZAR, one year, $4 00

An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE Subscribers at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or, SIX Copies for $20 00, without extra copy.

Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, $10 00; or, two of Harper's Periodicals, to one address for one year, $7 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The five volumes of Harper's Bazar, for the years 1868, '69, '70, '71, '72, elegantly bound in green morocco cloth, will be sent by express, freight prepaid, for $7 00 each.

The postage on Harper's Bazar is 20 cents a year which must be paid at the subscriber's post office.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, N. Y.

Mortgage Sale.

Notice of mortgagor, John Myer

Name of mortgagee, Theresa Schuldt.

Date of mortgage, March 13th 1871.

Where recorded In the office of the Register of deeds of Carver County Minnesota, In Book "G" of mortgages, on page 416, at 10 o'clock A. M, on the 15th day of march A. D. 1871.

Amount claimed to be due at the date of this Notice, Four hundred, and Two dollars, and thirty three cents.

Description of mortgaged prem. The Eastone half (½) and the South west one fourth (¼) of the south East quarter (¼) of section thirteen (13), In Township one hundred, and sixteen (116) North, of Range twenty four (24) west, In the County of Carver, and State of Minnesota.

Whereas, default having been made in the payment of the sum so secured by the mortgage aforesaid, and no proceeding at law or otherwise for the recovery of said sum, so secured, having been instituted.

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and to the provisions of the statute in such case made & provided, The said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the said mortgaged premises, to be made by the sheriff of the said County of Carver, at the front door of the Court house in Chaska, Minnesota, at eleven, O'clock in the forenoon of the Fourteenth 14th day of March A. D. 1873, for the purpose of satisfying said mortgage debt & the Legal Costs of foreclosure.

Dated Jan 8th, 1873.

THERESA SCHULDT, Mortgagee.

L. M. and D. A. BROWN, Att'y for Mortgagee.

A Fortune in Any State.

Right for Sale—New patentarticle for every female. Sample $2. Address INVENTOR, P. O. Box 2486, New York.

THE NEWS.

At Home.

SENATOR SUMNER'S condition is reported to be dangerous.

THE President has sent the following nominations to the Senate on Monday: W. E. McMaken, pension agent at Salem, Ill. Indian Agents—W. A. Hewlin, Pottawatomie agency; S. B. Bushnell, Mescalero Apache agency; B. H. Miles, Kickapoo agency. Postmasters—Rebecca Flartley, West Madison, Iowa.

DETECTIVE LEE has left San Francisco for the East, to arrest Arnold and others indicted for the diamond swindle.

PROCEEDINGS have been commenced against J. J. Marks and Jasper O'Farrel, Harbor Commissioners of San Francisco, for alleged participation in extensive harbor frauds.

EX-MAYOR HALL, of New York, slipped and broke his ankle Sunday night.

A LARGE number of Communists will shortly arrive in New York from Paris. Their friends are preparing to give them a reception.

BUT one member of the Credit Mobilier Investigating Committee favors open sessions.

EDWIN COWLES, of the Cleveland Leader, is to have a second class diplomatic mission. Cowles was an applicant for the mission to Switzerland, but found that impracticable.

ASSESSOR WEBSTER, of Chicago, has been assured that he will not be removed until his office is abolished under the new law.

THE witnesses in the Stokes case, who were confined in the House of Detention a year, have been discharged.

A *mandamus* has been issued to the Kings County Supervisors compelling the collection of the state deficiency tax.

MAYOR HAVEMEYER, of New York, in his message, recommends that the city and county governments be consolidated; that the execution of legislative powers be restored to the Mayor and Common Council; that various commissions be revived and made accountable to the center government, and that special legislation be discouraged. The Mayor pointedly denounced the reprehensible system by which the heads of deputies are made members of the Board of Apportionment, and given authority to supply money for their own estimates, and emphatically commends Comptroller Green's administration of the finances.

THE testimony elicited in regard to the fire in Centre street, New York, shows that the building was unsafe and the fire-escapes insecure.

A SEAMAN named Riley, said to be from Logansport, Indiana, suicided in New York harbor, on Saturday, by jumping head foremost from the main yard to the deck of a bark on which he had shipped for Liverpool.

THE assistant Aldermen of New York city on Saturday voted down a resolution authorizing street railways to use dummy engines.

HENRY FARWELL, a prominent citizen of Sterling, Ill., and father of C. B. Farwell and John V. Farwell, of Chicago, died at his residence in Sterling, on Saturday, from injuries received by a recent fall.

A BILL has been introduced in the Massachusetts legislature to annex to the city of Boston all the territory now comprised within the limits of West Roxbury, Brooklyn, Brighton, Waterton, Belmont, Arlington, Bedford, Malden, Everett, Charlestown, Cambridge, Somerville, Revere, and Chelsea. It increases the Board of Aldermen and Common Council, the number of wards being sixty. The bill cannot take effect unless accepted by a majority of all the voters in the several places.

A LARGE meeting was held in San Francisco on Saturday evening, to take action against the passage of the Goat Island bill by Congress. Resolutions to this effect were adopted.

THE loss of the barks Express and Globe at sea, is announced. Crews saved.

THE elegant residence of ex-Governor Dewey, at Cassville, Wis., was destroyed by fire on Thursday night. Loss $75,000—insurance $35,000.

FROM expressions of Senators, many of whom have returned to Washington, it seems to be very doubtful if the soldiers' land grant bill can get through the Senate. The land proposed to be given away by this bill would amount, it is said, to 430,000,000 acres, or would be an area about 18 times as great as that of the state of Ohio. It is alleged that the passage of the bill would inure solely to the benefit of speculators.

A MRS. CHASE and her child were recently abducted from the house of her father, Mr. Mager, in Pontiac, Michigan, by her husband, whom she had deserted, his brother, one John Joslin and two other men.

ANNA FOX, six years old, was burned to death at Zanesville, Ohio, on Friday.

HENRY SMITH broke through the ice at La Salle, Ill., on Friday, and was drowned.

A CATTLE disease has appeared in Franklin township, Ohio, which proves fatal in a very few moments. One man has lost fifteen head. The disease takes the form of spasms. Stockmen seem to think the disease will become epidemic, as it is spreading rapidly in the neighborhood.

THE solitary topic of absorbing interest, shared with Cincinnati by the whole Ohio Valley, has, since Monday, been the breaking up of the ice in the river at that place. The move in the ice on Tuesday night did, it might be said, all the damage suffered, amounting to $200,000, perhaps more, with a bare possibility of falling below that sum.

AT Dayton, Ohio, early Friday morning, as Mr. J. Halfrich and daughter were returning from a church festival, and while crossing the track at Prairie street, they were struck by a locomotive backing up and instantly killed. Halfrich was carrying his daughter in his arms when the engine struck him, knocking the child from his grasp and crushing it so that it died in five minutes afterwards. He was knocked down and caught in the ashpan and carried some distance, his body being literally torn to pieces.

HON. JAMES EMMETT, of Chillicothe, Ohio, a prominent distiller, was struck by one of his workmen and dangerously wounded, on Thursday.

DR. JONES, a jeweler of 279 Bayonne street, New Orleans, was chloroformed and robbed of $22,000 in jewelry and money.

A COMMERCIAL convention of delegates from the South and West is called to meet at Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 2.

A FIRE at New Orleans destroyed four stores on Magazine street, known as Anrich's row. Loss $75,000—insurance $50,000.

THE Postmaster-General has decided that families, firms or companies cannot combine to rent postoffice boxes concertly, but that one box rent must be collected for each firm, family or company employing such facilities.

THE message of Governor Brown, of Missouri, states that the receipts into the Treasury for the past year were $2,866,129; balance on hand at the commencement of the year $742,626; total, $3,638,749. Disbursements, $3,044,220; balance January 1st, 1873, $594,520.

SHOWMAN BARNUM had his one thousand dollar diamond pin stolen, while riding in the cars on his recent trip from the south.

GEORGE W. FARGO died at his residence in Buffalo, on Friday night, through an overdose of laudanum. Mr. Fargo leaves a wife, but no children. He was 30 years of age, and was the son of Hon. William G. Fargo, of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express.

AT Grand Rapids, Michigan, on Friday, a barrel used as a steam-condenser, connected with the steam coil of the drying room of the laundry at Sweet's Hotel burst, seriously scalding Mary Halloran and Margaret Shanahan. It is feared that they will die.

TWO miserly old bachelors, brothers, named respectively David and William Clarkson, living together in a log cabin near Pittsfield, Ill., were frozen to death on one of the recent cold nights.

A TRACKMAN named Lafferty was killed at Grand Trunk Junction, near Detroit, on Friday.

WM. EDDY was killed by the cars at Amo station, Indiana, on Friday.

A FIRE at Rockford, Mich., a day or two since, destroyed H. & T. W. Colby's hardware establishment, C. E. Blakely's drug store, the Masonic Lodge, the rooms of the Young Men's Association, and one or two other buildings. Loss, over insurance, $13,000.

THE Mayor of Philadelphia has instructed the police to report every gambling house, lottery shop, and disorderly house in the city.

WM. AND EDWARD CLARKSON, two farmers living alone near Pittsfield, Pike County, Ill., were found dead in their house on Saturday last, having evidently been murdered.

A HALIFAX dispatch states that the schooner Lord of the Isles, of Andford, Halifax, from St. Martins, West Indies, struck on Iron-Bound Island Sunday night and became a total wreck. The captain and four of her crew were drowned, and the mate died from exposure after reaching the shore.

COL. EDWARD LORAINE, chief engineer of the James River and Kanawaha Canal, died in Richmond on Tuesday, aged 55.

GENS. SCHOFIELD AND ALEXANDER have sailed from San Francisco. The precise nature of their mission is not known but it is supposed to have connection with the present critical condition of affairs at the Sandwich islands.

THE difficulty between Raymond Eh and the Pioche Phœnix Mining Company has been compromised.

THERE is little doubt that the attempt to secure a recognition of the Cuban belligerents will be renewed upon the reassembling of Congress. The presence of Secretary Delano near the Cuban waters still occasions much political comment.

BERGH'S officers on Monday stopped all stages bound down town with less than four horses attached.

THE Commissioner of Internal Revenue contemplates a change in the whisky regulations on the 1st of January, under which alteration an allowance of one fermenting period, but in no case more than forty-eight hours, will be made upon the opening of additional tubs before those additional tubs are included in arriving at the producing capacity.

EDWARD H. CRIE, agent of the Grover and Baker Sewing Machine Company at St. Joseph, Mo., has been arrested in St. Louis on a charge of embezzlement.

WM. CLUCK, the wife murderer, suicided at Indianapolis on Tuesday.

THE state officers of New York and North Carolina were inaugurated on the 1st.

THE Fifth Avenue theatre, in New York city, was burned on Wednesday afternoon. Loss, $200,000.

THE fall of Wm. H. Marr's paper-mill, in Brooklyn, Tuesday night, caused damage to that building of $15,000. A portion of it crushed in the roof of F. A. Smith's flour mills, adjoining, destroying fourteen wagons and trucks, killing two horses and injuring several others. Damage to flour mills, $10,000.

A. T. STEWART has presented one thousand dollars to the fund for disabled firemen.

A SODA-WATER fountain exploded at May's factory in Rose street, New York, on Monday. One man was injured and the building badly damaged.

THE New York city deposits have been removed from the Tenth National Bank to the Broadway Bank, on the strength of a report that the former institution was weak.

THE city limits of Toledo have been considerably extended.

THE knitting factory of H. S. Condee & Son, in Fulton, N. Y., was burned on Monday. Loss $72,000; insurance $47,000.

A SAN FRANCISCO dispatch says the Central Pacific Railroad Company is trying to drive off the opposition San Joaquin for the carrying trade by reducing charges below a living rate.

THE ice in the Mississippi River gorged at Randolph to the heighth of thirty feet, and a flat-boat containing seven persons was drawn under it and all were drowned.

TIMOTHY REDMOND had his head crushed by a mass of rock falling from the roof of the La Salle coal mine.

LAST Saturday evening a shanty near La Salle, Ill., was destroyed by fire—an old lady, 73 years of age, and the survivor of ten husbands, perishing in the flames.

THE epizootic is attacking the fox-hounds at Ottawa, Ill., and taking them off rapidly. They seem to take the disease freely, while other dogs are almost entirely exempt. Out of one pack of twenty, five have died, and in one of fifteen, three have died.

ERDET & MEYERS drug store, in Indianapolis, was damaged to the extent of $10,000.

BLAKELY'S drug store and Colby & Co.'s hardware store, in the village of Rockford, Mich., were destroyed by fire on Monday. The loss is not stated.

AT Chester, Pa., Tuesday morning, a tenement house occupied by colored people burned, and two children named Holland perished in the flames.

TIBET'S furnishing-store in Church street, New York, was burned on Monday night. Loss, $17,000.

RANDOLPH STEWART, ninth earl of Galloway died Friday.

Abroad.

THE Gazette de France reports that Don Alphonzo entered Catalonia Saturday night. Seven thousand Carlists are concentrated in the provinces of Olat. The insurgents are about to enter on a vigorous campaign.

NAPOLEON had a second operation performed on Monday, with favorable results.

THE steamship Holsatia grounded on Drake's Island, near Plymouth, England, but got off without damage.

THE British government declines to support the proposal of the Royal Geographical Society for sending out an Arctic expedition, partly at the public expense.

THE ship Wallace, of Boston, was burned to the water's edge in the harbor of Fortioy.

A LARGE deputation of Irish Catholics presented an address to the Pope on Monday. The Pope, responding, deplored the congratulations of the people who permitted the spoliation of the church. He made an exception in favor of the Irish people, whom he praised for their enduring attachment to the church, and congratulated them on the preservation of their faith. He concluded by giving the apostolic blessing to Ireland.

A SLIGHT mutiny occurred on the English frigate Aurora, at Plymouth, on Friday.

THE ships Northumberland, Hercules, and Sultan, of the Channel squadron, were somewhat damaged by recent severe gales.

THE Orangemen and constabulary in the town of Lurgan, Ireland, had a fight on Friday, owing to an attempted stoppage of a parade. No fatalities are reported.

THE Isabella Hartley, from New York for Antwerp, with cotton, was abandoned at sea. Most of the crew were saved.

A DISPATCH from Sir Bartle Frere, dated Aden, January 4, says: "I will leave for Zanzibar to-night."

BORCELLES will return to Paris from Rome. This is regarded as an indication of the continuance of the difference between Thiers and the Pope.

THIERS will go to Calais the 10th inst., to witness artillery experiments.

THE Emancipation, a Radical newspaper of Tennessee, has been suppressed.

THE Spanish troops captured the Cuban insurgent Colonel Isadore Benitez and Dr. Guviout.

COUNT VON BEUST announces his intention of shortly publishing in Paris a reply to the statement of Duke de Grammont, explaining the attitude of Austria at the time of the outbreak of the late war.

An Amazonian Farewell.

BY JOAQUIN MILLER.

Well, we have threaded through and through
The gloaming forests. Fairy Isles,
Begirt in God's eternal smiles,
As fallen stars in fields of blue;
Some futile wars with subtle love
That mortal never vanquished yet—
Some symphonies by angels set
In wave below, in bough above—
Were yours and mine; but here adieu.

Yet if it come to pass some days
That you grow weary, sad, and you
Lift up deep eyes from dusty ways
Of mart and moneys, to the blue
And pure, cool waters, isle and vine,
And bathe you there, and then arise
Refreshed by one fresh thought of mine,
I rest content; I kiss your eyes,
I kiss your hair in my delight,
I kiss my hand to say "Good-night."

May love be thine by sun or moon;
May peace be thine by stormy way,
Through all the darling days of May,
Through all the genial days of June,
To golden days that die in smiles
Of sunset on the blessed Isles.

—January Overland.

TITLED POVERTY.

M. le Marquis de la Fresnaye very much astonished his tenants and the little town of Montroque, situated in the mountains of Besol, when one day, accompanied by his daughter, and followed by only one man servant, he arrived at the little hunting box belonging to his family, which had been shut up fourteen long years, and which every one supposed, amid the magnificence of the chateau de Fresnaye in Normandy, the Marquis had utterly forgotten.

The last time he had been to Montroque he had with him a whole train of huntsmen and troops of friends, fine gentlemen that the young girls of the village, now staid mothers and matrons, remembered with sighs of admiration, while many a farmer recalled the lovely and spirited marquise in her long green habit and plumed hat, as she rode by the side of her husband. Old gossips related the wonders of her autumnal toilet at mass, all rustling silk and wavy black lace, and the cure remembered with gratitude the donations the beautiful marquise had left him, donations that had brought comfort to many a poor hearth and to many an anxious heart. Now, all had passed away, the young marquise had long been in her grave, the marquis had gray hair, and his brilliant retinue had dwindled down to one attendant. The only ray of brightness was his daughter, Madeleine de Fresnaye, a girl in all the pomp of youth, which in itself is beauty, and withal as beautiful as the brilliant, lovely mother, to whom the peasants compared her as soon as they beheld her.

M. le Marquis de Fresnaye had the windows of the little Gothic cottage all thrown open, the furniture aired, a little washing and papering done by Nicholas, his servant, and so took up his abode in Besci. The only article of furniture he added was a magnificent piano of Erard; not for his daughter, but for himself, the marquis being a finished musician. The only improvement he effected was the weeding of the garden, when sufficient flowers were revealed, long smothered beneath rank parasites (like true hearts in the world by hypocrites), to form a gay pasture beneath the pine, linden, and fir trees around the house. An old widow from the village, taken as a servant, completed the household of the marquis, and it became evident to all that the marquis meditated a prolonged stay.

Now, the Marquis de Fresnaye was rich, very rich; his wife had brought him, too, a large fortune. It was very strange that just as his only child had reached the age of entering into the world he should withdraw from it. The most absurd conjectures were made, until Nicholas, in a moment of confidence to the tavern-keeper, confessed that since the death of Mme. la Marquise, monsieur had taken a dislike to the world and all its pomps, and had finally become a miser. All was now accounted for,—the calico dresses of Mlle. Madeleine, the modicity of their weekly bills with all the tradesmen, and even the solitude in which they lived. Yet Madeleine, amid all this was gay, seemed happy, adored her father, and became each year more beautiful.

It was about three years after the marquis' arrival at Montroque that he one day announced to his servants and to his daughter that, for the first time, he was going to receive visitors, and give a dinner. The servants stared in astonishment; then the valet, an old servant of the marquis from the great chateau, began to suppose that the next order would be to pack up and go back to the chateau de Fresnaye, while the old housekeeper began mentally to take an inventory of the plates and dishes, so as to convince herself that she had wherewithal to set her table. As for Madeleine, at the first word her father had uttered, she blushed and turned away. Assoon, however, as the servants had gone, each to his avocation, M. de Fresnaye seated himself on a sofa and called his daughter to him.

"Madeleine," said he, as she put her arm around his neck and rested her arm on his shoulder, "do you know who are our guests to-day?"

"No—that is, only one."

"Georges Rigault, eh?"

"Yes."

"How long have you known M. Georges Rigault?"

"Oh, it is a long time since he was first brought in here; you know the day of the accident with his gun, when he was shooting and slipped on our mountains, over a year ago."

"A year? Well, he has been often here."

"Not so very often—not too often, do you think?"

"Do you, Madeleine?"

"Oh, no; for ——"

"Don't stop in your confession—you love Georges Rigault."

"How did you find that out?"

"Oh, it took no very great powers of penetration. However, it appears that Georges has confided to his father something very like what you have confided to me, and so M. Rigault, who loves his son as I love my daughter, dines with us to-day."

"Then you consent to ——"

"To your marriage. Rigault is a plebeian name; Rigault himself is, is nothing but a—well he has made his fortune in what is called commerce. He is immensely rich and immensely vulgar; but his son George will do honor to the noblest house in France, and then you love him. Ah! dearest Madeleine, happiness is too ephemeral a thing to be trifled with. I have sacrificed my noble prejudices to your happiness.

Madeleine silently embraced her father, and then, her heart too full of happiness not to desire to be alone, she left him.

M. de Fresnaye remained for some time lost in thought, in the same attitude.

"Provided," said he, mentally, "that he loves his son as I love Madeleine, all will be well. If Georges loves the dear child there can be no objection; then the object of my life will be accomplished."

His meditations were interrupted by the arrival of M. Rigault, a fine, hale man, a few years younger than the Marquis, but whose manners answered exactly to the description the Marquis had given of him.

He lost very little time in preliminaries.

"Come to business," said he, "let's settle this matter before we go to dinner. Georges loves your daughter; you are willing, he says, to give her to him—a condescension, no doubt, though I think my boy fit for any princess in the land. But you nobles look down on us poor tradesmen. To show you that I think Mlle. Madeleine de Fresnaye noble, beautiful, rich, a great match, I give five hundred thousand francs to my son; how much do you give to your daughter, half that?

"No."

"A quarter?"

"Neither."

"Well, something of course; let it be a nominal sum. I don't care for fortune, but such cordial conduct I won't put up with. Say twenty thousand miserable francs, and the bargain is concluded."

"Nothing."

"Nothing."

"Nothing!" Oh! oh! Then I see your condescension was a mere trap to escape giving your daughter a dowry; thank you, Jacob Rigault is not to be taken in." With these words M. Rigault bolted from the room, and in another instant the wheels of his carriage were heard grating on the gravel road.

Madeleine, pale with astonishment and apprehension, now rushed into her father's presence.

"Father, he is gone—what does it mean?"

"It means, my child, that you must try and be satisfied with your father's love. The marriage is broken off."

"Broken off?"

"He exacted a dowry."

"And you refused to give one?"

"I refused."

"Oh, father!" exclaimed Madeleine, have I deserved this? I have borne, without murmuring, the privation of all my birth and your fortune entitled me to. I have respected your weakness, refused to think what all the world said of you. But oh! father, can you prefer your money to your child's happiness? Oh! it will be hard to love you now," added Madeleine, in bitterness of spirit, her bosom heaving, her nostrils dilated with passion, her eyes flashing.

The Marquis rose. "Madeleine, my child," said he, "I forgive you, for you speak without knowing. I am not a miser, but a ruined man."

Madeleine turned around to him in wonder.

"A ruined man—ruined years ago to save an only brother. For him I mortgaged my estates and lost them. Yes, the chateau of La Fresnaye, the home of my ancestors, the home where you were born, is gone forever; sold, passed into other hands."

"Oh, father!" exclaimed Madeleine, falling at his feet, "forgive me. Georges is nothing more to me; you—you are all to me; we will live for each other. Oh! why did you not tell me this, dearest, most patient father? Sometimes I have doubted your love, doubted you; now we can be happy again, very happy in this peaceful retreat."

"Ah! child, that may not long be left us. Yet I could not say to this man I am ruined, I am a beggar; no, I know the popular opinion of me, and I rather passed for what he thought me—a miser."

Never, from that hour, did Madeleine again refer to Georges. If she wept, it was in secret; her father never saw her tears.

Not long, however, were they destined to enjoy their calm retreat. The creditors of the Marquis, having seized everything else, had at length discovered this last remnant of his property, and once again the Marquis disappeared from Montroque, never again to return, for in a few weeks they leveled the cottage, and built on its site a factory.

The chateau de Fresnaye meantime, spite of the absence of its masters, was in a state of brilliant magnificence. It had been bought by the widow of a hardware merchant, a fine, robust, florid, buxom dame, approaching her fiftieth year, but bent upon enjoying the three millions her husband had left her. She had two sorrows in the world; one was that she had not been a widow twenty years sooner, the other that she had not been born in the higher ranks of society. Since she had entered into possession of the chateau de Fresnaye, her aim had been to assume the stage of a great lady. She had taken great pains to engage such servants as had formerly served in the chateau. Mme. Godard, for such was the name it was her sorrow to bear, was naturally a kind-hearted woman, and, having heard that the late Marquis de la Fresnaye was exceedingly charitable, she ostentatiously overwhelmed the tenants with her kindness.

This, however, could not prevent her original love of a great bargain. One day Mme. Godard was called on to receive a young workwoman from Alencon, who had brought her some specimens of the beautiful lace that bears this name.

As Mme. Godard received few noble suits it was her delight to dazzle those she did receive with her magnificence, and she ordered the young girl to be shown into the grand saloon. On entering, however, great was Mme. Godard's surprise to find the young girl standing, bathed in tears, before the portrait of the late Marquise de Fresnaye.

"Mademoiselle," said Mme. Godard, calling her attention to her entrance, "how could you know the marquise, she has been dead so many years?"

"Yes, many years, but I can never, never forget her."

"She was your benefactress?"

"Alas! no matter, madame; will you look at the lace?"

"Mademoiselle, what is your name?"

"Madeleine."

"Madeleine!" At this moment a servant entered with a message to Mme. Godard, and seeing Madeleine he started back, exclaiming, Mlle. de la Fresnaye!"

"Mlle. de la Fresnaye!" exclaimed Mme. Godard, rushing towards Madeleine. "For heaven's sake, mademoiselle, sit down. Good gracious, what an honor! How can this be?"

"Madame, we are poor, very poor, and my father is proud. I work without his knowledge, and so disguise my name, for his sake alone; for I care not if the world knew ——"

"Poor! A marquis poor, and Godard made three millions by selling kettles and saucepans!"

"What is that?" exclaimed Madeleine, starting up as the sound of music from an adjoining room broke in upon them.

"It is nothing; only an old man tuning one of my pianos."

"That is an air my mother composed and sung. Oh, let me see him! Oh, let me see him."

Madeleine rushed forward, and following the sound, entered the adjoining room. As she stood on the threshold she uttered a shriek, and was clasped in the arms of her father.

"Father! oh, father!"

"M. le Marquis," exclaimed Mme. Godard, "tuning my pianos, and his daughter selling lace; this is too much."

"Father, how could you hide this from me?"

"Darling, I knew it would make you wretched; but you, too, why are you here?"

"I had a secret, too, father; I concealed it from you, as you did from me. Ah, father, do not shrink away.

After a little rest the marquis, thanking his hostess, rose to go, but Mme. Godard was too proud of her guests. She insisted on taking them back in her own splendid equipage.

From that hour there was not a day that Madeleine did not receive a visit from Mme. Godard, and baskets of game, fruit, and flowers were each day sent from the castle.

Some six months after their first acquaintance, Mme. Godard, sending for Madeleine to take a drive in her carriage, asked a private interview of the marquis.

"M. le Marquis," said she, "you have known me now six months. What do you think of me?"

"I think you noble, generous and warm-hearted, full of truth, incapable of deceit ——"

"In fact, a tolerably nice old woman?"

"Old woman?"

"I am an old woman; that is especially what I want you to remember."

"I am an old man, older than you, therefore age has no demerits to me."

"No, you are sixty, I am fifty. What are you going to do with your daughter and yourself? You are poor ——"

"Madame ——"

"Forgive me; I am sincere and blunt."

Why should you be ashamed? You have worked for me, I have worked for you; where is the disgrace?"

"Nowhere," exclaimed Mme. Godard, "nowhere; I declare it makes me cry. M. le Marquis, pray come into this room. Oh, my lord, that such an honor should befall me. Well, none of the grandees will visit me. Now, I've got the grandest."

"You are right, madame; I have nothing in the world."

"Yes, your name."

"That is worthless nowadays."

"Some people would willingly pay for it three millions ——"

"The la Fresnayes have never either bought or sold."

"I have, you see; therefore I propose a bargain—a mere bargain. I am dying to have a title; I love Madeleine as a daughter. You can give both the title and the daughter. Now do you understand?"

"I do; but ——"

"For your daughter's sake. It is but a mere form, this marriage ceremony; at our age a mere civil contract. We shall live like old friends in your chateau. Come, for your daughter's sake. Madeleine has told me her history. A dowry equal to that offered by George's father shall be hers on the day of our marriage."

"Madeleine—her happiness in my power? Oh, Mme. Godard, the temptation is strong; but, how ungracious toward you, my generous, kind, noble-hearted friend—my only affection in the world is Madeleine."

"She shall be ours," said Mme. Godard; and with a thrill of delight, she said to herself, "I shall be a marquise after all."

Some weeks elapsed, and the marquis and Madeleine were in the home of their ancestors, each happy in the other's joy, and Mme. la Marquise overwhelming them both with love and gratitude, for she pretended that the obligation was all on her side.

Yet Madeleine, in the midst of luxury and prosperity, pined a grew pale. Her manner was abstracted and sad, and her father watched her with extreme anxiety.

"I think I can cure her," said Mme. la Marquise (Godard); let me try."

"As you like, my dearest madame. You have been our good angel."

In a few days the marquise announced that the cure for Madeleine's melancholy had arrived, and, opening the door introduced Georges Rigault.

Madeleine uttered a cry and fainted in her father's arms, and Georges fell at her feet.

Soon, however, Madeleine opened her eyes. She did not smile on Georges, but, turning to her step-mother, exclaimed:

"Is not this your doing? Ah, madame, did you not let him know that I was rich?"

"Well, where's the harm?"

"There is no harm. It has shown Georges as he is."

"Nay, Madeleine. I am my father's only child; could I make him wretched?"

"No; you were right, Georges; only you love me not as my husband should love. You love your father better, and have lived till now without me. Farewell. I love my father; this, too, my kindest friend; their love shall suffice me. We shall never meet again."

Madeleine was inexorable and Georges in dispair left the chateau.

Two years later, on a terrace of one of the houses at Nice, which change tenants so often—for, alas! all come to Nice to die—lay a young girl, pale and wan. The day was expiring, the sun setting behind the hills, whilst the waves of the Mediterranean moaned on the sands. With that day, the physicians had said, this young girl's life would end. Now a spasm passed over her face, and she opened her eyes.

"Father," said she to the old man who knelt beside her, "I am going before you. Forgive me that I could not live without his love."

"Oh! Madeleine, why keep him from you? I forgave the insult to our name."

"I could not forgive the insult to my heart. Ah! father, a woman's pride is greater than that of ancestry. Kind friend—mother," added Madeleine, "console him—do not forget me."

"Ah! my child, I would give all, even the name I value so much beyond my millions, to save you."

But it was not to be; and when the marquis and marquise returned to their chateau, their carriage followed a bier over which was a white and silver pall, and a virgin wreath, and in the tomb of her ancestors, the heir of the last of the la Fresnayes was laid.

"Ah!" said the marquis, "I thought to buy happiness for my Madeleine; I have given her but a grave."

THE following Texas towns are now the terminus each of a railroad: Austin, Cuero, Longview, Troupe, McKinney, Denison and Huntsville: and railroad work is progressing more rapidly than was ever known in the history of Texas. Railroads have more than doubled in length in the State within the past year.

Congressional Summary.

SENATE.—Congress re-assembled on January 6, after the holiday recess. In the Senate, Mr. Howe offered a resolution requesting the Secretary of War, when he responds to the resolution of inquiry in regard to the effect of the late storm at Duluth, to communicate, also, the opinion of the chief engineer as to the best method of procuring a safe harbor at that point. Mr. Morton offered a resolution directing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to examine and report at the next session of Congress on the best and most practicable mode of electing the President and Vice-President of the United States, and of providing a tribunal to adjust and decide all contested questions connected therewith; A resolution of inquiry as to the expenditures in suppressing Indian hostilities in Washington territory and Oregon was agreed to. Also resolutions of inquiry whether the Secretary of the Treasury has power under the existing laws to issue United States notes in lieu of the forty-five million bank notes cancelled under the act of 1865; and into the propriety of repealing the national bankrupt law from and after January 1, 1874, and providing for the immediate repeal of so much of said act as relates to involuntary bankruptcy. The Goat Island bill was referred to the Military Committee. Mr. Pratt introduced a bill ceding to the several states within which they respectively lie, the beds of surveyed lakes and other bodies of water. Mr. Ferry introduced a bill setting apart that portion of Mackinac Island now held by the United States as a military reservation for a national park. The Indian appropriation bill was next considered, and agreed to. The amount appropriated by the bill is $5,431,165, which is $917,907 less than last year. Mr. Morrill introduced a bill increasing the grant of lands to several states for educational purposes.

HOUSE—A number of bill were introduced, the most prominent among them being for a canal connecting the waters of Lake Michigan and the Illinois, Mississippi and Rock rivers; to give officers of the Missouri militia three months pay—also pension to widows and orphans of soldiers murdered in Missouri in 1864; making Sioux City, Iowa, a port of delivery. At the expiration of the morning hour Mr. Frye offered a resolution for public sessions of the Credit Mobilier Investigating Committee, which was adopted—130 to 7. A bill introduced by Mr. Hooper, to provide for the converting of United States notes into coin after the first of May, 1874, was referred. Mr. Randall's resolution relative to the Union Pacific Railroad was also adopted. Mr. Wilson, of Indiana, offered a resolution for another secret committee of five to inquire whether any stockholders of the Credit Mobilier held bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company; whether they obtained them for a valuable consideration, etc. Adopted. The Senate amendments to the deficiency bill were taken up and concurred in. A message from the President vetoing the bill to remit the entries of spirits destroyed in bond was presented, read, and laid on the table. A resolution was adopted calling for information as to suitability of the White House for the President as an official and family residence.

The Lace Manufacture of France.

The hand-made lace of France is principally produced at Caen, Bayeux, Chantilly and the surrounding districts, and is executed with remarkable rapidity. This is true of the fine and richer articles as well as those of an inferior quality. The articles manufactured at Chantilly are ordinarily very costly, and only within the command of the wealthy; but the Bayeux silk lace closely resembles it. There is no such assemblage of hand-lace workers in Ireland or Scotland as those at Caen and Bayeux, where upwards of 50,000 females are engaged in the occupation. The value of the annual export of Saxony lace approaches £250,000.

The workers in the north of Ireland and Scotland have a special aptitude in producing difficult work, and the fact of its acceptance on the continent is a tribute to its delicacy and perfection of execution. The lace articles made in France by machinery are admirable imitations of those made by hand, but the difference in price is seventy-five per cent. All French lace is made with bobbins, upon a small portable cushion, except at Alencon, where the needle is employed and working on parchment is the rule.

Carefulness in Old Age.

An old man is like an old wagon; with light loading and careful usage it will last for years, but one heavy load or sudden strain will break it, and ruin it forever. So many people reach the age of fifty, or sixty, or even seventy, measurably free from most of the pains and infirmaties of old age, cheery in heart and sound in health, ripe in wisdom and experience, with sympathies mellowed by age, and with reasonable prospects and opportunities for continued usefulness in the world for a considerable time. Let such persons be thankful, but let them also be careful. An old constitution is like an old bone—broken with ease and mended with difficulty. A young tree bends to the gale—an old one snaps and falls before the blast. A single hard lift, an hour of heating work, an evening exposure to rain or damp, a severe chill, an excess of food, the unusual indulgence of an appetite, a sudden fit of anger, an improper dose of medicine, any of these, or similar things, may cut off a valuable life in an hour, and leave the fair hopes of usefulness and enjoyment but a shapeless wreck.

German Immigration.

The following extracts from the official correspondence between German Ambassador Schloezer and Secretary Fish, hitherto unpublished, explains the position of the Prussian Government relative to emigration to this country. The German Ambassador says: "There was a time when the population of Germany had attained such proportions numerically that the Government found itself obliged to favor emigration in every way. It was ordered at that time, that emigrants should receive railway transportation at lower rates than other travelers. Two great wars have meanwhile had their effects upon the population of Germany, and emigration, which deprives a country of its laboring force, and the army of its material, can no longer appear desirable, and can, therefore, no longer be encouraged as it formerly was, by the government. There is, however, I think, an evidence of difference between the discontinuance of a temporary encouragement of emigration and a direct prohibition or prevention of the same.

Burmese Ambassadors in Paris.

A sensation was created a few days ago in Boulogne by the presence on the streets of that city of the crew of the vessel which had borne to that port from England the Burman ambassadors to Europe. The men were of jet black complexion and were attired in Asiatic costume. The embassy were on their way from London to their native land. After a brief stay in Paris they will visit Vienna, Florence, Rome, and other important cities of the Italian peninsula, after which they will meet their vessel at Brindisi, whence they will depart for Burmah via the Suez Canal, the Red Sea, and the Indian Ocean. The empire of Burmah, as is well known, is situated upon the Gulf of Bengal, to the northeast of Indo-China. The provinces of this country bordering upon the gulf have been successfully conquered by the English, who in addition exercise over the interior of Burmah a protectorate, which is only another step towards the entire conquest of the empire.

The Old Year.

We have closed the book and laid it by;
And ever thus must its pages lie;
We cannot unclasp the lids again,
Nor write its record with a brighter pen.

Ah, many the lines we would retrace—
And many the stains we would erase—
But the time has fled from us away,
We cannot recall a single day.

Our lives have not backward paths to tread;
The words we utter are ne'er unsaid;
We never can dream the self-same dream,
Nor reverse the onward flowing stream.

Oh! then let us each in meekness now
Before our Maker in Heaven bow,
And pardon ask for every sin
Which the closed book doth hold within.

And when another again we ope,
With its pure white pages full of hope,
May we look to Him and humbly pray
For strength to keep it as pure each day.

Wit, Humor and Wisdom.

BILL SHANKS says that courtship is bliss, but matrimony is blisser.

TUNEFUL LYRE—A music-teacher who does not keep his engagements.

HUMAN happiness konsists in having what yu want, and in wanting what you hav.

FORTUNE sometimes shows us the way, but it is energy that achieves success.

THE richest man in the world is the one who despizes riches the most.

TRUSTING to luck is only another name for trusting to laziness.

AVARIS and laziness make the most disgusting kind ov a mixture.

SEKRETS are like measles—they take easy and spread easy.

WHY is a goose like an elephant's trunk? Because it grows down.

AN unsatisfactory meal—A domestic broil.

GOETHE says: The heavenly powers are known only to the long weary on their beds.

FLIPKINS says there are three sexes—the male sex, the female sex, and the insects.

THE greatest advantage that we gain from history is the enthusiasm that it begets.

STATE'S evidence—A wretch that is pardoned for being baser than his comrades.

IT is a species of agreeable servitude to be under an obligation to those we esteem.

SELF-MADE men are most always apt to be too proud ov the job.

HE that governs well leads the blind, but he that teaches gives him eyes.

I SAY what I believe to-day if it contradicts all I said yesterday.—*Emerson.*

THE heart rules the head, bekause the pashun rules the judgment.

ADVICE iz like kissing—it don't kost nothing and is a pleasant thing to do.

A SEKRET ceases to be a sekret if it iz once confided—it iz like a dollar bill, once broken it iz never a dollar agin.

A LOUISVILLE man is so opposed to capital punishment that he can't even tolerate paper hangings.

INCREDIBLE as it may seem, some of the richest planters of Jamacia live on the coffee grounds.

AN umbrella deserves no credit for its services, for it never does any good until it is "put up to it."

FORTUNE never takes ennybody by the hand but she often allows them to take her by the hand.

ENGLISH orthodox advices report that the Ritualistic services wax scandalous to a greater degree every week.

TO SOOTHE a crying child, or a sorrowful man or woman, say "You can't have all you want in this world." The effect is magical.

"NOW, JOHNNY," says grandma, "I want you to sit just as still as a mouse." "Mouses don't sit still, grandma." Sure enough!

THACKERAY says that a critic is a Solomon that sits in judgment before us and chops up our children.

THE latest definition of a gentleman is "a man who can put on a clean collar without being conspicuous."

"SAMBO," did you ever see the Catskill mountains?" "No, sah; but I've seen 'em kill mice."

To prevent people from meddling with nitro-glycerine cans, it is proposed to label them "tracts."

WE sumtimes hit a thing right the fust blow, but most always a suckcess iz the result ov menny failures.

ONE day when Mrs. Partington heard the minister say there would be a knave in the church, she observed that "she knew who the party was."

A DOCTOR went out for a day's sport, and complained of having killed nothing. "That's in consequence of having neglected your business," observed his wife.

THERE is nothing like a good definition, as the teacher thought when he explained the meaning of "old maid" as a woman who has been made a very long time.

PRIDE seems to be quite equally distributed; the man who owns the carriage, and the man who drives it, seem to have it just alike.

THE Jacksonville Journal states that a blooming, blushing school-girl called at that office, the other day, and inquired for "papers for a weak back." The idea suggested was that she wanted them for a pannier.

BEECHER says he never told his father that he loved him, "yet I did, for all that, and I know he loved me; for he told me so every time he whipped me."

TO FIND out what the Indiana Legislature is made of, go over the mills of Jeffersonville and cry aloud, "Who's yer law-makers?" Of course, echo will answer, "Hoosier law-makers."

"HOW DOES that look, eh?" said a big fisted Wall street man to a friend, holding up one of his brawny hands. "That," said the fri

Celtic Strategy.

She wore a monstrous chignon—
The gurl in front of me,
And, bedad, 'twas not transparent,
And the stage I could'n't see.

So I said: "Me dear young lady
With the gineerous bunch of hair,
It's falling off, me darlint,
And it's looking mighty quare."

She crimsoned like a cherry,
And she quickly left her sate,
And thus I was enabled
To view Mortacchi's fate.

For, begor, I paid me money
For a place in the parquette,
And, though I love the ladies,
I was bound to see the play.
They're a comfort in our sickness,
But in our hours of aise—
As Scott once wisely mentioned—
They're mighty apt to taise.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

Seed Potatoes.

An old Maine farmer, in giving his ideas on seed potatoes, says we use too ripe seed when we propagate from tubers that have lain in the ground until dead ripe. He says that "plants that are propagated by tubers require different treatment from those propagated by seeds. Our corn and grains that we use for seed we like to have stand a little longer than the main crop, and become perfectly matured. On the same principle our corn is selected from the ripest, best-developed ears and kernels. But potatoes for seed should be dug and placed in a cool, dark cellar, just as soon as a majority of them will slightly crack open in boiling. This is most invariably when the tops are yet green and growing. The tubers are then in most perfect state. Disconnect the [illegible] from the parent stalk at that [illegible] from the tain their vigor [illegible] and they re- ing, as most [illegible] instead of deteriorat- have, [illegible] of us know the older sorts th[illegible] their vitality is increased, and [illegible] yield better with less tendency to rot. As long ago as 1815, and subsequently observations led him to make some experiments to test the theory, and he finds it the proper course to pursue.

Is it not often said that the late planted potatoes are better for seed than those planted early? The lateness of their planting, presumedly, prevents perfect ripening, hence the principle of the above reasoning would be in force.

Replowing and Deep Plowing for Wheat.

The following experiment by Mr. E. C. Starks, of Clay county, is given by the Iowa Homestead:

"Last fall he returned a portion of his breaking, setting his plow about an inch deeper than when the sod was first broken. Last spring he sowed it in wheat, and harvested twenty-three bushels per acre. That which he did not replow was also sown in wheat, receiving equal care with the former, but when harvested, yielded but fourteen bushels per acre. A great many contend that the sod broken in the spring should not be replowed before it is sown in grain; but Mr. S.'s experience does not sustain their theory."

Rose Cuttings.

European horticulturists have lately adopted a mode of making rose cuttings root with more certainty, by bending the shoot and inserting both ends into the ground, leaving a single bud uncovered at the middle, and on the surface of the ground. The cuttings are about ten inches long, and are bent over a stick laid flat on the ground, holes being dug on each side of the stick for the reception of the end of the shoot. The roots form only at the lower end of the shoot, but the other end being buried prevents evaporation and drying up. A correspondent of the London Garden states that he has tried this along with the old mode, and that while the weaker cuttings of the latter have shown symptoms of drying and failure, all the former have grown vigorously.

Ice Houses.

On this subject the Rural Home says: We see annually various plans for constructing ice houses, the main principles of which are similar, the variations being in style and arrangements for cooling and preserving in them such articles as may be desired. If the aim be merely to keep ice through the summer, a very cheap and simple house will be sufficient. Three things are essential, drainage, thorough packing, and ventilation. The first should conduct away the water which may arise from the ground and that which comes from the melting ice, without giving air access under the ice. A foundation of small stone two feet deep, on the top of which is laid sawdust a foot deep, will answer this purpose; or boards may be laid on the ground, sawdust or tan bark put on these, and the drainage made by a tube with an elbow in it, which will be always filled with water, and thus exclude the air. At any rate, the sawdust under the ice is reliable. Next pack the ice as solidly as possible in a mass not less than ten feet square. Between the ice and the wall inclosing it a space of ten inches at least should be filled with sawdust or chaff, or finely cut straw packed firm. On the top of the ice a layer of the same a foot or two thick should be placed. If well packed in sawdust and the drainage is right, the sides of the house need only be single boarded, but if double walls are made allow the air to circulate between from bottom to top. Give also free ventilation over the top of the ice, and make the roof double to exclude heat.

Roasting Turkeys.

We do not deem it possible to improve our present methods of cooking meats, so much as those of vegetables, and especially of pastries, which latter, in their present style, are doing immense mischief to the digestive apparatus of our people all through the country. Some hints, however, concerning the standard roast turkey of our holiday dinners, may not be unacceptable. This, as well as other roast poultry, is apt to suffer from the overdoing of those parts most exposed to the heat. These are sometimes rendered so hard and dry as to be very difficult of mastication and digestion. To prevent this, basting is resorted to; but as commonly done with butter or other fat, they are rendered almost as indigestible from being saturated with fat much cooked in. Basting is also very laborious.

Both these difficulties may be partially obviated by first gently boiling or steaming the bird in a closely covered boiler or steamer with a very little water. When nearly tender enough, put it in the oven half an hour to brown. The latter operation, however, we must admit, is only yielding to the popular prejudice in favor of the roasted appearance, it being really more digestible without it.

A better way still is, to put it into a very closely-covered vessel, as a hamboiler, and roast it in that in the oven. Or a sheet-iron vessel of the proper size may be made with a close cover. Sheet-iron is better than tin, for that absorbs the heat, while the latter reflects it. In this, turkeys and other fowls, as well as some birds and cut meats, can be cooked perfectly in their own juices and made very tender. They require a little more time than for roasting without this roaster and it is best to err on the safe side, for if kept covered and warm in the roaster they will not injure by waiting some time.

In this manner of cooking, the necessity of using stuffing is avoided; and that is an article which often proves very difficult of digestion. Still even that can be improved by leaving out the suet, butter and other fat, in making it, and using wheat meal bread, which for all such purposes, is far richer than white flour bread. Boiled rice is also good, or the two may be mixed. Stewed tomato may be added, enough to make the bread crumbs sufficiently moist, or the rice may be stewed in the tomato.

Season in either case with salt, thyme and finely minced onions, but let the amount be moderate so as not to spoil the palate for appreciating the real flavor of the fowl. The mistake made in using sharp condiments is well shown up by the fact that those who use them, soon lose much of their ability to detect the natural flavors of their food; while those who use only the more gentle flavorings really enjoy their simple food with much greater relish.—*The Science of Health.*

Plums Without Black Knot.

We have seen very fine specimens, of the plum alluded to in the following communication from Mr. W. Garlock, of Utica. If the variety should prove as free from black knot and curculio as it appears to have done in Montgomery and Schoharie counties, it will be a valuable variety for cultivation:

In 1863, while in Montgomery county New York, my attention was called to a plum tree of a variety said to be entirely free from black knot. The tree shown was young, thrifty and clean. With the remark, "Time will tell," I dismissed it from mine, for the reason that the Miner plum was extensively advertised and sold at that time, represented to be free from black knot and curculio proof, was no other than the cherry plum, subject to all the ills common to other varities. All very true, the green varities of plums are not so subject to the knot as the purple. I felt quite sure up to this time that there was no plum tree free from black knot or no plum curculio proof. The curculio of plum wevil is very useful in thinning fruit, and easily checked when they thin to excess. Not so with black knot. The remedy (with the exception of the knife) remains as much of a mystery as the cause. The finding of insects in old knots on plum trees no more proves that the insect produced the knot, than finding a mouse in the corn-crib proves that the mouse produced the corn. Notwithstanding these two serious drawbacks to plum culture, they can be as profitably and successfully grown as any fruit in this location. Well grown and properly ripened plums have ready sale at $3 per bushel this season. A plum to be good, should no more be ripened off the tree than a pear should be on the tree. The ripening is where nine-tenths of the plum-growers fail.

Some two years later, in 1867, while in Montgomery and Schoharie counties, New York, I had the pleasure of seeing in these two countries large plum trees some of them forty to fifty years in bearing, free from black knot. Seeing was believing, and in some instances quite near other varieties affected with the knot so that if the knot is contagious, as Downing supposed it to be, whether caused by insect or disease, the plum has stood the test, and this point I investigated closely before investing. Strange as it may seem, it is as yet without a name. It originated on about the highest point of land in Schoharie county.

The fruit resembles, in size and general appearance, the Imperial Gage, and I supposed it to be that until it was fully ripe, when some specimens would have a reddish blush and darker red marbling and spots around the stem. The seed also varies from the Imperial by being pointed at the stem end. Flesh sweet and melting; skin somewhat acid, covered with white bloom. I design propagating this variety from seed, in hopes of obtaining superior grafting stock for other choice varieties. The practice of planting sprouts from trees covered with black knots is theoretically bad; better buy trees properly grown even if subject to black knot. Six years since I started a fruit farm, intending to grow apples, pears, plums, cherries and quince. The last I was obliged, after a fair trial, to discharge.

W. Garlock.

The Slave Trade.

The official correspondence of the State Department reveals the position of our government relative to the proposed suppression of the slave trade on the east coast of Africa in conjunction with Great Britain. The treaty between the Sultan of Muscat, and Great Britain contains a reservation which permits to the Sultan the right of transportation by sea between certain limits of his own territory, of domestic slaves. This reservation Great Britain claims to be the principal cause of the continuance of the slave trade. Great Britain does not propose violently to abrogate the treaty, but seeks to secure the surrender of this reserved right, and asks the assistance of civilized nations to this end. This government has co-operated with Great Britain in this peaceful attempt to the extent of ordering the commander of the Yantic to touch at Zanzibar or Muscat, and inform the Sultan that the United States looks with solicitude to the abrogation of that clause in the treaty with Great Britain, and hopes that his enlightened government will seriously consider the propriety and advantage of doing so.

A New Tichborne Claimant.

If the statements of the Australian papers can be believed, the romantic story on which the Tichborne case is founded will receive a supplement from that part of the globe. It is said that a widow in Western Australia claims to have been the wife of the genuine Tichborne, who had married, under the name of Robert Mills, another woman before he took her. Though a dissipated fellow, this Robert Mills had shown evidences of a good education, such as having conversed fluently in French, etc. He used to speak frequently about Lord Bellew, and his arm had the letters R. C. T. marked on it. He related that he had suffered shipwreck on the way to Valparaiso in the Bella, and spent three days on a desert island. This man, who is buried by the side of his first wife, is also said to have mentioned the name of Tom Castro as if he had formerly borne it.

Herr Strauss learned to chew tobacco while in this country, and now he has ground out a "Nicotine Waltz," which is said to be more effective than a poor cigar to make one giddy.

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

Real-estate transfers at Davenport, Iowa, during the year, aggregate $1,200,000.

Apples are $25 a barrel in San Antonia, Texas, while beef can be bought for two cents a pound.

Farmers in Coffey County, Kansas, are urged to set aside a portion of their rich bottoms for cotton-planting next spring.

The maple-sugar interest of Vermont now exceeds in magnitude the wool interest, which was for a long time so prominent.

An eminent French physician asserts that habitual cigarette smokers will die of consumption before they are 50 years old.

"Pigs feet, bananners, tripe, and other tropical fruits for sale here," is the way a Nashville merchant puts it on his shingle.

An actress in England lately recovered a verdict against a railroad company for $8,000 damages for a scar on her face, received in a collision.

The Burgesses Corps of Albany, N. Y., have resolved to visit Washington on the coming 4th of March, and take part in the public ceremonies upon the President.

In Colorado, when a young lady wears diamond jewelry to any extent, she is alluded to by the local gusher as being well "salted."

The horse on which Cardigan rode, when he led the famous charge of the light brigade, has just died, ago 30. He survived his gallant master four years.

Two young ladies of Springfield, Mass., have taken a large contract for the manufacture of a patent sureingle, and will give employment to twenty girls.

Mules at work in the coal shaft of the Leavenworth mine, seven hundred feet under ground, and never seeing the light of day, have fallen victims to the epizootic.

Destructive fires are reported in various parts of Louisiana, and most of them have suspicious appearances of incendiarism.

The heaviest brain on record was recently found in the skull of a London bricklayer, who could neither read nor write. Its weight was sixty-seven ounces.

The Boston Traveller charges that the men who said the city would be disgraced by the acceptance of aid for its poor from other cities, have not yet contributed the sum required to prevent such disgrace.

A lazy dyspeptic was bewailing his own misfortunes, and speaking with a friend on the latter's hearty appearance. "What do you do to make yourself so strong and healthy?" inquired the dyspeptic. "Live on fruit alone," answered the friend. "What kind of fruit?" "The fruit of industry; and I am never troubled with indigestion."

Wit and Humor.

An unscrupulous paragraphist accounts for the fact that Peter was cheerful while Paul was sad, by quoting Paul's assertion that "Peter's wife's mother lay sick of a fever."

A little boy who sang "I want to be an angel" in Sunday school, with so much energy that he nearly choked himself, confessed to an enterprising reporter that he really wanted to be a captain on a canal boat. Is it right to encourage children in untruthfulness by allowing them to sing such melodies?

Americans are said to be the most ingenious and original advertisers. But what theatre manager on this side of the briny deep ever equalled the announced, which is from a Liverpool paper: "Wanted—Two hundred boys to pick up the buttons that fall from the gentlemen's waistcoats by their screams of laughter at the great Rollin Howard as Artaxerxes."

Never laugh at a man with a pug nose; you don't know what may turn up.

A young subscriber wants to know if it is better to hide your savings or save your hidings.

Why is the bone of the arm called the funny bone? Because it is the humerus bone.

Another Western paper speaks of a duel between two "jackassperated individuals."

Discovery of a Remarkable Tusk.

At a regular meeting of the Academy of Sciences held in San Francisco, Prof. Davidson, on behalf of the Alaska Commercial Company, presented a tusk and lower jaw of the *Elphas primogenius*, brought from Elephant Point, in Eschscholtz Bay, Kotzebue Sound. The tusk is ten feet in length, twenty inches in circumference, and weighs 150 pounds. The Professor stated that the company had refused $150 for the tusk. These fossils are found at the base of a high cliff, where a large deposit was discovered in 1821 by the British ship Herald. The company was informed of the existence of two complete skeletons of the fossil elephant on one of the Aleutian islands, and the Professor hoped to secure one of them for the academy. Prof. Dall, of the United States Coast Survey, stated that the remains of the mastodon abounded along the northern shores of Siberia, and of this continent, and are usually found on the surface. These bones, which are exposed during the summer months, are not well preserved, the tusks and teeth being generally the only parts preserved, and even these are so far affected as to destroy their value commercially. Kotzebue, who first discovered this deposit, says that they were found at the foot of a cliff of solid ice, which was discovered under a layer of soil. Subsequent examinations confirm this fact. Since Kotzebue's visit a portion of this cliff has disappeared, and the depth of the bay reduced, which led Prof. Dall to think that the whole coast of Alaska is gradually rising, and landmarks noted then were no more ancient in their emergence than the elephant remains.

Army Orders.

A general order just issued by Gen. Sherman, announces that Major W. D. Whipple, Assistant Adjutant General, and Major O. M. Poe, United States Engineer, have been appointed *Aides-de-Camp* on the personal staff of the General of the Army, vice Cols. F. T. Dent and Horace Porter resigned. Col. O. M. Poe will remain as now, at Detroit, until relieved of his present duties. Col. Wm. D. Whipple, in addition to his duties as *Aid-de-Camp*, will perform the duties of Adjutant General to the General of the Army in addition to usual reports and returns to the Adjutant General's office at Washington. The division and department commanders will send copies of their monthly reports and returns to Col. Wm. Whipple, and all orders made to the army by the General will be made by or through him.

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Address THE SUN, New York City.

The glass blowers in the vicinity of Boston are making quite a profitable job out of the great fire in the shape of curious relics. Their plan of operation is to blow bottles and other vessels into all sorts of shapes, resembling the result of intense heat, while the inside is ingeniously filled with all sorts of liquids, from cheap whisky and castor oil. Corks are inserted, showing every degree of burning, from a slight scorch to half consumption, while the contents have the appearance of having remained intact. These relics are readily sold from 25 cents upwards.

Killed by Falsehood.—"He is dead," said a friend of ours the other day, in answer to an inquiry after the health of a mutual acquaintance. "Dead! you don't say so. Of what did he die?" "Of Credulity," was the reply, "he believed in a patent medicine of which the chief ingredient was fortyrod rum, and it proved the death of him." This was true; the unfortunate man had taken for liver complaint, a compound of fiery alcohol and root juice, and it had killed him. Now, did that misguided invalid require a tonic? He did; but not a spirituous excitant. The writer of this brief statement is confident, from his own experience, that if the Martyr to Drugged Alcohol had resorted to Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters, instead of to the *poison with a medical name* which proved fatal to him, he would to-day be in the land of the living. The justly popular vegetable specific contains no destructive element. It is a tonic that does not excite, a cathartic that does not weaken, an antiseptic that neutralizes the seeds of disease in the blood and other fluids of the body, and a general alterative which arrests diseased action in the secretive organs, and restores the functional regularity indispensable to health and vigor. We are no friend of indiscriminate praise, and believe that many patent medicines are merely poison, but the experience of thousands has proved the Vinegar Bitters to be all they claim.—Com.

Lucca made a beautiful speech the other night, in which she gave utterance to the following sentiment: "I tanks you for see kompliment, unt der hop snop der gobble spielen zee swei lager und lumberger."

There is probably no way in which we can benefit our readers more than by recommending to them for general use *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. It is adapted to almost all the purposes of a Family Medicine; and as a specific for coughs, colds, whooping cough, soreness of the chest, lame stomach, rheumatism, spitting of blood, and all lung difficulties, it has no equal that ever we saw or heard of.

The propriety of giving condition medicine to horses, cattle and sheep, was discussed and admitted by many of the Agricultural Societies throughout the State last Fall, and we believe that in every case but one they decided in favor of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders*. Good judgment.—Com.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion depression of spirits, and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventive against fever and ague, and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all druggists, is the best tonic, and, as a tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.—Com.

"A Slight Cold," Coughs.—Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "slight cold" which would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, often attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" give sure and almost immediate relief.—Com.

Best and Oldest Family Medicine.—*Sanford's Liver Invigorator.*—A purely vegetable *Cathartic* and *Tonic*—for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Debility, Sick-headache, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Ask your Druggist for it. *Beware of imitations.*—Com.

The policies in the Washington Life are non-forfeiting, so that no person need have any fears of loss in consequence of inability to meet their payment.—Com.

An expedition to explore the land of Bashan and Moab, under the command of Lieutenant Steever, United States Army, will set out from New York next autumn to ascertain if Jordan be really such a hard road to travel as is popularly believed.

A CHALLENGE

Is extended to the *world* to place before the public a better *cough* or *lung* remedy than ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

VERILY IT HATH NO EQUAL.

CONSUMPTIVES, READ!

Would you cure that distressing cough, and bring back that healthy vigor till lately planted in your cheek? If you would, do not delay; for, ere you are aware, it will be too late.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

Is your hope. It has been tried by thousands such as you, who have been cured; many, in their gratitude, have lent their names to us, that suffering humanity can read their evidence and believe. Don't experiment with new and untried mixtures—you cannot afford it—but try at once this invaluable article. It is warranted to break up the most troublesome cough in a few hours, if not of too long standing. It is warranted to give entire satisfaction in all cases of lung and throat difficulties.

UNSOLICITED EVIDENCE OF ITS MERITS

READ THE FOLLOWING:

WHAT WELL KNOWN DRUGGISTS SAY ABOUT ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

SPRINGFIELD, TENN., Sept. 11, 1872.

GENTLEMEN: Ship us six dozen Allen's Lung Balsam at once. We have not a bottle left in our store. It has more reputation than any cough medicine we have ever sold, and we have been in the drug business twenty-seven years; we mean just what we say about the Balsam.

Very truly yours,
HURT & TANNER.

AGAIN READ THE EVIDENCE from a Druggist who was cured by use of the Balsam, and now sells it largely.

L. C. Cottrell, Druggist at Marine City, Michigan, writes, Sept. 12, 1872: "I am out of Allen's Lung Balsam; send me half a gross as soon as you can; I would rather be out of any other medicine in my store. The Lung Balsam never fails to do good or those afflicted with a cough."

It is harmless to the most delicate child.
It contains no opium in any form.
It is sold by Medicine dealers generally.

CAUTION.

Be not deceived. Call for ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM, and take no other.
☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.,
PROPRIETORS.

☞ Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

A Piece of Wedding Cake.

From the Bangor (Me.) Whig, Dec, 25.

We saw a piece of wedding cake the other day, which had a somewhat remarkable history. It was made on the occasion of the marriage of a lady of this city, twenty-two years ago, and sealed up to await the return of her brother, who was then expected home in a few weeks. The lady died fifteen years ago, but the cake was kept intact until Monday last, when, as her brother is still in California, and will probably never again come East, it was removed from the case where it had remained so long, and sent to him.

Oxydized silver buttons are the only admissable things of the sort for street costumes just now, say the authorities.

A Talk About Tonics.

The object of a tonic is to increase the elasticity and strength of the muscular fibre, and to invigorate the general system. As a means of accomplishing these ends, it is expected to improve the appetite and the digestive power of the stomach. These are certainly important considerations; but to cure dyspepsia, bilious affections, chronic debility, intermittent fever and other complaints involving derangements of the liver, the bowels, the nerves, and the secretive organs generally, something more than a mere tonic is required. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters may be safely pronounced the best and most wholesome invigorant extant, but the other special medical properties which belong to this remarkable vegetable restorative have as much to do with the wonderful results it produces as its tonic virtues. For example, it has certain alterative qualities which literally change the habit or constitution, reestablishing the healthy functions of the body without causing any undue evacuation by perspiration, vomiting or purging. Its entire effect is to put the whole machinery of life in perfect order, to purify all the fluids, including the blood and the bile, and not only to operate as an antidote to disease, where it exists, but to fortify, regulate and otherwise improve the condition of the system as to render it proof against vicissitudes of temperature, change of water, infected air, and other predisposing causes of fever and bowel disease, and epidemic disorders. Hence it is a medicine for all seasons and climes—useful alike to the traveler and the resident in an unhealthy region, and an invaluable safeguard against the physical disturbances which accompany cold, damp, inclement weather, as well as against the mental depression which is apt to overwhelm the weak and nervous at this somewhat gloomy period of the year.

To let a cold have its own way is to assist in laying the foundation of Consumption. To cure the most stubborn Cough or Cold you have only to use judiciously Dr. Jayne's Expectorant.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.

Beef Cattle—Fair to prime	$ 8 00	@	$15 50
Hogs—Live	4 90	@	5 25
Sheep—Fair to prime	5 75	@	6 00
Cotton—Middling		@	20½
Flour—Spring Extra	7 25	@	7 35
Wheat—No. 2 Spring	1 60	@	1 61
Corn—Western Mixed	65	@	66½
Oats—Western	46	@	48½
Rye—Western		@	95
Barley	87	@	88
Pork—Mess	10 13	@	10 25
Lard	7¾	@	8¼

CHICAGO.

Cattle—Choice to extra prime	$ 5 25	@	6 00
Medium to choice	5 00	@	5 20
Common to fair	4 10	@	4 40
Hogs—Live	3 70	@	3 95
Sheep—Live, good to choice	4 00	@	5 00
Butter—Choice	29	@	29
Eggs—Fresh	24	@	27
Flour—White Winter Extra	8 50	@	10 00
Spring Extra	6 75	@	6 90
Wheat—Spring, No. 1		@	1 26
Spring, No. 2		@	1 24
Corn—No. 2		@	31½
Oats—No. 2		@	22½
Rye—No. 2		@	69½
Barley—No. 2	62	@	65
Pork—Mess, New		@	11 25
Lard	7¾	@	7¾

CINCINNATI.

Beef Cattle	$ 4 50	@	6 00
Hogs—Live	3 75	@	3 90
Sheep—Live	4 50	@	4 75
Flour—Family	7 35	@	7 50
Wheat—Red		@	1 60
Corn	27	@	38
Oats	27	@	30
Rye	68	@	70
Barley	65	@	70
Pork—Mess		@	12 00
Lard	7	@	7¾

ST. LOUIS.

Beef Cattle—Choice	$ 5 50	@	6 00
Good to Prime	3 50	@	5 50
Hogs—Live	3 20	@	3 80
Sheep—Good to Choice	4 20	@	4 70
Flour—Spring XX	6 50	@	6 75
Wheat—No. 3 Fall		@	1 65
Corn	34	@	35
Oats		@	27
Rye	68	@	70
Barley	75	@	90
Pork—Mess		@	11 75
Lard	7	@	7¾

MILWAUKEE.

Cattle—Choice to extra prime	$ 5 00	@	5 00
Medium to choice	4 70	@	4 90
Common to fair	3 00	@	3 50
Hogs—Live	3 70	@	3 85
Sheep—Live—Good to Choice	3 50	@	4 50
Butter—Choice	23	@	24
Eggs—Fresh	23	@	24
Flour—White Winter Extra	7 65	@	8 00
Spring Extra	6 00	@	6 50
Wheat—Spring, No. 1		@	1 28
No. 2		@	1 21½
Corn—No. 2		@	30
Oats—No. 2		@	22½
Rye—No. 1		@	68
Barley—No. 2		@	72
Pork—Mess		@	11 75
Lard	7¾	@	7¾

TO CONSUMPTIVES!

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Throat or Lung difficulties.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
194 Penn street, Williamsburgh, N.Y.

AMERICAN OLEOGRAPH CO.,
108, 110, 112, 114, 116 and 118
Spring Street,
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.
HUGO BROTCH & LOUIS KURZ,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OLEOGRAPHS AND CHROMOS

☞ Show Cards and Music Titles made to order.

Write for large Illustrated Descriptive Price List to purchasers of Railroad Lands, and to Settlers on Government Homesteads. Purchasers, their wives and children carried free over the Northern Pacific Road. Now is the time for Settlers and Colonies to get Railroad Lands and Government Home steads close to the track.

Send for Pamphlet containing full information map and copy of New Homestead Law. Address
LAND DEPARTMENT, NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD, ST. PAUL, MINN.,
OR 23 FIFTH AVENUE, cor 9th St. NEW YORK.

A NOBLE CHARITY
OMAHA LOTTERY
TO ERECT THE
NEBRASKA STATE ORPHAN ASYLUM
To be Drawn in Public, March 31st, 1873.
Tickets $1 Each, or Six for $5.
Tickets sent by Express C. O. D., if desired.

1 Cash Prize	$75,000	1 Cash Prize	$25,000
1 Cash Prize	15,000	1 Cash Prize	10,000
1 Cash Prize	5,000	1 Cash Prize	4,000

For balance of Prizes send for Circular.

This Legal Enterprise is endorsed by his excellency Gov. W. H. James, and the best business men of the State.

The limited number of tickets on hand will be furnished those who apply first.

Agents Wanted For full particulars address
J. M. PATTEE, Manager, Omaha, Neb.

GOOD PAY FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

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WILD LIFE AMONG THE FAR WEST,
or 20 years of adventures among the Indians, &c. *Thrilling interesting and fast selling.* For terms address
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$5 to $20 per day! Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

263 RECEIPTS WHICH COST $135
Sent on receipt of 10 cents.
Address HY. BENJAMIN, St. Louis, Mo.

THE
WEEKLY WISCONSIN
FREE!

To any one who will send us Three Dollars, we will send two copies of the Weekly Wisconsin for one year, and one of the beautiful Oleographs entitled "The First Step," size 11x15 inches, printed from twenty different stones. This is the finest Chromo ever offered as a premium, the retail price of this picture being $3.00. The subscriptions can be sent to different parties. Postage on Chromo, 10 cents.

The Weekly Wisconsin is a large eight-page paper, filled with interesting matter for every one. No merchant, farmer or household can afford to be without it.

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1 copy one year		$ 1.50
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ESTABLISHED 1854
GIFT ENTERPRISE
The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the Country!
$60,000.00
IN VALUABLE GIFTS!
TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN
L. D. SINE'S
159th REGULAR MONTHLY
Gift Enterprise
To be Drawn Monday, Feb. 17, 1873.
TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF
$5,000 each in Greenbacks!
Two Prizes $1,000 } GREENBACKS
Two Prizes $500 }
Ten Prizes $100 }

One Horse and Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $400! One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $500! Ten Family Sewing Machines, worth $150 each! Five Gold Watches and Chains, worth $75 each! Five Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each! Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches, worth $75 each! 200 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all) worth from $20 to $300 each! Gold Chains Silverware, Jewelry, &c., &c.

Whole number Gifts, 6,500. Tickets limited to 60,000.

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL TICKETS to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid.
Single Tickets, $1; Six Tickets $5; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to
MAIN OFFICE, 101 W. Fifth St. L. D. SINE, Box 856, CINCINNATI O.

THE NEW SCALE
HAINES
HAINES BROS
27 Union Square, N. Y.
Undoubtedly the best Square Piano made.
Send for Circular with Illustrations.
Prices ranging from 350 to 700 dollars.
Every Piano WARRANTED for Five Years.

The Wheat Field of America!

Healthful Climate, Free Homes, Good Markets.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD offers for sale Lands in Central and Western Minnesota, embracing: 1. The best of Wheat Land; 2. Excellent Timber for the Mill, the Farm and the Fire; 3. Rich Prairie Pasturage and Natural Meadow, watered by clear Lakes and running streams in a healthful Climate, *where Fever and Ague is unknown.*

Grain can be shipped hence by lake to market as cheaply as from Eastern Iowa or Central Illinois. Cars upon through house lands from Lake Superior to Dakota. Price of land close to track, $4.00 to $8.00 per acre; further away $2.50 to $4.00. Seven Years' Credit; Warrantee Deeds; Northern Pacific 7-30 Bonds, now selling at par, received for land at $4.00. Another unoccupied Lands present such advantages to settlers.

SOLDIERS under the New Law (March, 1872) get 160 acres FREE, near the railroad, by one and two years' residence.

TRANSPORTATION AT REDUCED RATES furnished from all principal points East to purchasers of Railroad Lands, and to Settlers on Government Homesteads. Purchasers, their wives and children carried free over the Northern Pacific Road. Now is the time for Settlers and Colonies to get Railroad Lands and Government Home steads close to the track.

Send for Pamphlet containing full information map and copy of New Homestead Law. Address
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OR 23 FIFTH AVENUE, cor 9th St. NEW YORK.

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE — FREE FROM — ALCOHOL
PURELY — CALIFORNIA
D. WALKER'S
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

Vinegar Bitters are not a vile Fancy Drink, made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the native roots and herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the Great Blood Purifier and a Life-giving Principle, a Perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition, enriching it, refreshing and invigorating both mind and body. They are easy of administration, prompt in their action, certain in their results, safe and reliable in all forms of disease.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion. Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. In these complaints it has no equal, and one bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, K

H. P. Strait. D. L. How. Geo. Du Toit, Cashr.

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made at all accessible Points.

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First National Bank, St. Paul, Third National Bank, Chicago. Ninth National Bank, New York City.

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New Goods.

—:0:—

would most respectfully call the attention of our friends and the public in general, that I have now in store a full stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

Groceries and Provisions

Which I am selling cheap for cash or ready pay. Butter, Eggs and Wool received in exchange for goods, at the stand formerly occupied by Henry Young, corner of 2nd & Chestnut streets.

CHASKA, MINN.

DANIEL STONE.

Anchor Line of

Steamers!

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The most direct pleasant and desirable route to and from Europe. An "Anchor Line steamer will leave New York & Glasgow every Wednesday & Saturday. Steamers are fitted up in elegant style, and secures to to the traveller, speed safety and comfort at the lowest rates of fare. Persons wishing to send tickets to their friends in Swden, Norway, Germany & Great Britian, can obtain them from us, which will bring them DIRECTLY from those places to Carver, and advantage over othes lines.

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From Liverpool to Carver,		$54 75
"	London "	59 75
"	Glasgow "	54 75
"	Bremen "	58 75
"	Christiana "	61 75
"	Gothenburg "	62 75
From New York to London,		$43,00
"	Edinburg	29,00
"	Belfast	29,50
"	Dublin	32,0
"	Amsterdam	35,00
"	Bremen	35,00
"	Hamburg	35 00
"	Christiana	38,00
"	Copenhagen	38,00
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Call on us before purchasing else where

HENDERSON BROTHERS,
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HOW STRAIT & CO.,
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MILWAUKEE
st. Paul and Minneapolis
RAILWAY.
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cGregor and Milwaukee.
The Only all Rail Line.

And the only Route by which Baggage is Checked Through to Milwaukee, Chicago, New York, Boston and all Eastern Points.

Passengers change cars only at terminal points, thus securing seats in clean Coaches and full nights' rest on night trains."

EASTEN EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leave and Arrive at St Paul as follows
Arrive 7,27 p. m. Depart 8,05 a. m.

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Arrive 11:15 a. m. Depart 3:50 p. m.

Minneapolis and St. Paul Trains.

Arrive.....9:10 A. M, 5:05 P. M.	Depart.....10:20 " 5:40

St. Paul & Chicago Railway Trains.
Arrive 5:10 p. m Depart 11,30 a. m.

Tickets for passage and sleeping car berths sold by agt. Thompson, Ticket Agent, Union office, corner of Third and Jackson Street, and corner of Jackson Street and Levee,

D. . SHEPARD, Supt.

S. S. Merrill, General Manager: A. V. Carpenter, General Passenger Agent.

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IRON TONIC

BITTERS

FOR

Dyspepsia, Indigestion,
Liver Complaint,
Acidity of
Stomach, Loss of Appetite.

And

General Debility.

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These Bitters are warranted to be manufactured with the purest materials, (no forty-rod hisky, if you pleaes,) and one trial is all that is necessary to convince any one that they are far superior to all other prerarations of the kind in use. Try them.

—:0:—

PREPARED BY

JAME P. ALLEN,

Druggist and Pharmaceutist, Phœnix Drug Store, 109 Jackson Street,

Saint Paul, Minnesota.

—:0:—

AGENT,

GEORGE A. DU TOIT,

Carver, Minn

Legals,

Summons.

State of Minnesota, Dist. Court. } Eigth Judicial Dist. } County of Carver. }

Eliza A. Wakeman, against Gilbert L. Wakeman.

The State of Minnesota, To the above named defendant

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Chaska in the County of Carver in the State of Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

Dated Chaska September 23d A. D. 1872.

BAXTER & PECK,
Plff's. Atty's Chaska Minn.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, Dist Court. } Eighth Judicial Dist. } County of Carver. }

H. P. Manning against A. R. Manning.

The State of Minnesota, To the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Chaska Carver County Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in his action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Chaska, Dec 16,7A D. 1872.
BAXTER & PECK, Plff's Att'y Chaska Minn.

Continental Fire Insurance Company. New York.

—:0:—

Cash Assets, $2,509,526,27.

WESTERN DEPARTMENT, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

A J. Taylor. Superintendent.

This Company makes the insurance of dwellings and farm property a specialty.

Its policy is very short, simple and easily understood. It is not hedged w ith conditions and technicalities to entangle you after fire. In short, all fair losses promptly and liberally adjusted and paid on the spot, without trouble or expense to the insured, thus presenting all the advantages of a "Local Company" combined with the pre-eminent ability, safety and security of an old firmly established Company.

H. J. CHEVRE, Agent.

Office, at the Co Surveyor office, Chaska Carver County Minnesota.

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Marriage Guide.

A private Counselor to the Married or those about to marry on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in producing and preventing offspring, how to preserve the complexion, &c.

This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married, or contemplate marriage. Still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not laid carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is worth write, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.

Sent to any one (free of postage) for Fifty Cents.

Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, No. 12 N. Eighth street St. Louis, Mo.

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Before applying to the notorious quacks who advertise in public papers, or being any quack remedies persue Dr. Butts' work no matter what your disease is, or how deplorable your condition.

Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms, endorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases mentioned in his works. Office and parlors, No. 12 N. Eighth street, between Market and Chesnut, St. Louis, Mo.

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N. HERRICK & SON.

MANUFACTURERS OF MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES &c.

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Work delivered and set up by one of the firm in Chaska or C ver without e a

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AT WACONA
FRED LUTZ PROPRIETOR.

I would respectfully inform the citizens of Carver County that I now manufacture as good and durable plows as are made in the Union, and offer them as cheap as can be purchased at St Paul. Also Wagons, Blacksmithing done to order on short notice.

J. NICOLS B.DEAN C.KELLY

SAINT PAUL IRON STORE.

NICOL, DEAN & Co.

DEALERS in

Iron, Nails, Steel,

plows, axes, springs, ax les, anvils vices, bellows and heavy hardware generally.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, VULCANZIED RUBBER AND LEATHAR BELTING, GRINDSTONES COAL, &c., &c.

Third street St. Paul Min

AGENTS FOR

Threshing and Reapir. Machines.

Also Herring & Co's celebrated fire proof Safes.

SAINT PAUL STEAM
TOBACCO WORK
KEIFER & SUTHEIMER,

Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of Tobacos. Factory cor., Eagle & Washington st. cos, Room 286, 3d steet,

St. Paul, Minn.

INSURANCE

GEO. MIX.
AGENT

of the following Insurance Co's,

ÆTNA

Hartford, Con,—Assets 5,052, 000,00

UNDERWRITER'S AG EI

New York City,—Assets 3,555,000,00

YHARTER OAK LIFE INS CO

OF

Hartford, Conn.—Assets, 4,000,000.00

Policies of Insurance issued against loss or damage by fire and perils of Inland transportation.

Losses Adjusted and Paid promptly at the place where the *Policy is Issued.*

Will attend promptly, to collections Paying of Taxes, &c.

OFFICE, AT THE "HERALD" OFFICE
CHASKA MINNESOTA

State of Minnesota, } County of Carver, } In Probate Court. } S. S.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Basler deceased.

Whereas, There was deposited in the Probate Court of Carver County Minn. September 30th 1872 an instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Charles Basler late of said County deceased, and whereas Barbara Besler has filed her petition, that she may be appointed the executrix named and appointed in and by said Will, and praying that said instrument may be admitted to probate and letters testamentary to her issued there in.

Now therefore that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court on Monday the 18th day of November 1872 at 10 o'clock A. the forenoon at the Probate Court room in said County of Carver when and where all persons concerned may appear and contest the probate of said will. It is further ordered, That public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication under these orders of a copy of said orders in the Valley Herald a paper published in Chaska in said County for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Given under my hand this 22d day of October 1872.

J. A. SARGENT, Judge of Probate.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF SUPT. OF SCHOOLS, For Carver Co. Minn.

Notice is hereby given that the following School District clerks of Carver County have ailed to forward to me the annual school report or 1872 as follows to-wit:

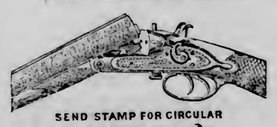
Mr I. J. Coons Clerk of Dist. No.		10
Mr. G. M. Powers	do	12
Mr. V. Landgrof	do	16
Mr. Gerhard Kimpel	do	40
Mr. C. O. Woodruff	do	47
Mr John Etzell	do	54
Mr. Dietrich Kuhlmann	do	59

Now therefore, if the above named clerks will not forward to me the said report within ten days after notice it will be my duty to notify the County Attorney of this County of such failure, who will proceed against them according to law.

Given under my hand this 25th day of October A. D. 1872

J. T KERKER,
Supt of Schools for Carver Co.

THE PARKER GUN.



SEND STAMP FOR CIRCULAR

PARKER BRO'S
WEST MERIDEN, CT.

THE DISCOVERER
Discovered!!

The Adventures of a Most Adventurous Life.

THE STANLEY LIVINGSTONE

Expedition to Equatorial Africa.

Is the title of a large octavo volume just issued to supply the demand for information in regard to Africa, with Incidents and the wonderful Career of both Stanley and Livingstone in their remarkable expeditions to this most interesting part of the Globe.

WANTED—In every town in the United States and Canada, First Class men and women as Agents to canvass for this work. Everybody wants it. Anybody can sell it. Address us for the most liberal terms ever offered. The Union Publishing Company, 65 Twenty-Second St., Chicago, Ill:

If you desire to secure territory at once send $2.50 for sample copy and Canvassing Book, or $1.00 to vassing Books alone.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

On or about the 28th day of September, came into my inclosure one Red cow about nine years old, no m arks. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away.

SWAND A. HOLM.
Dahlgreen Carver County, Minn.

Notice.

Dr E. H. Lewis, would respectfully inform the citizens of Chaska and vicinity, that he will be found in his office at E. G. Halle & Co's., new Drug Store, Chaska, every day between the hours of 10 a. m. and 12 m. Any orders left will be promptly attended to.

Fresh vaccine virus constantly kept on hand.

NOTICE.

As I have made arrangements to enter into a co-partnership in carrying on my business on or about New year, and as the incoming partner will not accept old out-standing accounts, I therefore request all those knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned to pay up within the next three weeks and thereby save themselves costs of collection.

Chaska, Dec. 11th 1872.

FRED WOMMER,

K. B.

KING OF THE BLOOD.

THE MOST THOROUGH PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD YET DISCOVERED.

CURES ALL HUMORS, FROM A COMMON ERUPTION TO THE WORST SCROFULA.

By its use Cancers are cured, and Cancerous tumors are dispersed without the surgeon's knife—Scrofula conquered and Consumption prevented and cured.

Venereal Diseases, Mercurial and Mineral Poisons, and their effects eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established.

Female Weakness and Diseases, Dropsy, general or partial; Swellings, external or internal; and Tumors are reduced and dispersed in a very short time.

Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, and Fever Sores are soon removed by this powerful detergent medicine.

Scorbutic Diseases, Dandruff, Scaly or Rough Skin, and Pimples quickly give way, leaving the skin smooth and fair.

Chronic Diseases, Fever and Ague, Disordered Liver, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Nervous Affections, General Debility, in short, all the numerous diseases caused by bad blood are conquered, and give way before this most powerful corrector the King of the Blood.

Each bottle contains between forty and fifty ordinary doses, costing only one dollar.

From one to four or five bottles will cure Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Pimples on the Face, Blies, ordinary Eruptions, etc.

From two to eight bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, Ulcers, Sores, and Canker in the Mouth and Stomach, Erysipelas, etc.

From two to ten bottles will restore healthy action to the Liver and Spleen, will regulate the Bowels and Kidneys.

From two to six bottles will be found effectual in curing Neuralgia, Sick-Headache, St. Vitus' Dance, and Epilepsy.

From five to twelve bottles will cure the worst cases of Scrotula.

From three to twelve bottles will cure severe and obstinate cases of Catarrh.

From two to four bottles will cure the worst cases of Piles, and regulate Costive Bowels.

From two to ten bottles will cure bad cases of Dropsy.

Price $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5. Sold by all Druggists

D. RANSOM, SON & CO., Propr's,

See testimonials in local column. Buffalo, N. Y.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The public is hereby notified that my wife Hedwig Kunze, left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, on or about the 1st day of June last and that they are hereby notified not to trust or harbor her on my account as I will pay no debts of her contracting on and after this date

Benton, July 27th 1872.

JOHN KUNZE

DEATH TO BED-BUGS.

The undersigned has manufactured a preparation, easily used, that he guarantees, will rid every household of bedbugs. The preparation only costs $1 Give me a call at my barber shop

GOTTLIEB SCHUBIGER
Chaska Minn.

FERD. THIES.

Dealer in

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS AND TOYS AND NOTIONS.

Also keeps on hand and sells by the barrel and otherwise, APPLES!

Store on 2nd Street.

CHASKA, - - - - - MINN.

Chas. B. Newcomb & Co.

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS!

Particular Attention Given To The Purchase and Shipment of Minnesota Wheat.

MILWAUKEE PRICES!

Paid at Duluth for all wheat offered them up on that market, and no charge for Commissions

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON WHEAT STORED IN DULUTH ELEVATOR!

Winter Storage 4 cts.

OFFICES—St. Paul, Duluth, Stillwater, and Hastings Nov. 15.—3 mhts

---

Dr. C. B. AMES

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

WATERTOWN . . . MINN.

Office at Lewis Drug Store. Offers his service to the citizens of Watertown and vicinity, and can always be found day or night ready to attend calls

---

F. W. RENNING.
NOTARY PUBLIC.
CHASKA, ... MINN.

MLLINERY.
Mrs. F. Satter.

Is constantly in receipt of, and at all times supplied, with a full assortment of

Fashionable Millinery Goods.

ALSO

DRESS TRIMMINGS, ORSETS, NETS &c., &c., &c.,

Dress-Making promptly attended to.

She therefore invite the patronage of the ladies of Chaska and surrounding country, confident that they can render ample satisfaction in quality as to STYLES AND PRICES.

Bride And Bridegroom

Essays for Young Men on the interesting relation of Bridegroom to Bride, in the institution of Marriage—a Guide to matrimonial felicity, and true happiness. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, Howard Association, Box P. Philadelphia, Pa.

Estray Notice,

Taken up by the undersigned in the town of Dahlgreen, County of Carver, one black cow, 8 or 9 years of age, with one horn broken off a little. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take the same away.

Dahlgreen, Nov. 15th 1872.

FRED'K. MEYER.

Cutters And Sleighs.

Those in want of an extra good Cutter or Bob-sled should call upon John Bloedel at Carver. He is manufacturing extensively and sells cheap.

Mortgage Sale.

Names of Mortgagors.—C. H. Lienau and Mathilda Lienau his wife.

Name of Mortgagee.—Wilhelm Dressler.

Date of Mortgage,—November 30th A. D. 1869.

Mortgage recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Carver and State of Minnesota on the 8th day of June A. D. 1870 at four o'clock P. M, of that day, in Book "F" of Mortgages on pages 174, 175 176 and 177

Description of mortgaged premises—The undivided one half interest in and to the following described land and real estate situate, lying and being in the County of Carver and State of Minnesota, viz: Beginning at the south west corner of lot No. five (5) in Block No Fifty (50) in the Village of Watertown, thence running south thirty two (32) degrees west, on the east line of Lewis Street, two hundred and thirty-two (232) feet, thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, one hundred and fifty (150) feet, thence south thirty two (32) degrees west one hundred sixty four (164) feet, thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, seventy two (72) feet, thence north seventy four and one fourth (74¼) degrees east, a number of feet to a point even with, and where it would intersect with the west line of Mill street, thence to the thirty-two (32) degrees east to the waters edge on the west shore of Crow River, thence down said river with the course thereof, to a point intersecting with the south line of Block No. fifty (50), thence north fifty-eight (58) degrees west to the place of beginning, containing two (2) acres of land more or less including Steam Grist and Saw Mill, all in said Village as surveyed by R H. Blanding as appears by plat thereof in the office of Registe of Deeds of said County, excepting and reserving from the foregoing description three lots or parcels of land described as follows:

First. Commencing at the south west corner of lot No. five (5) in Block No. fifty (50) and lot in a southwesterly direction on the line of said Lewis Street twenty seven (27) feet thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, eighty five (85) feet thence north thirty two (32) degrees east, twenty seven (27) feet to the south line of said Lot five (5) in said Block fifty (50), thence north fifty eight (58) degrees west on the line of said lot No. five 5, eighty five (85) feet to the place of beginning, with a right of way ten (10) feet wide from the rear or east end of said tract or lot to a public highway or lot above described

Second Commencing at a point on Lewis street, twenty seven, (27) feet in a south westerly direction from the south west corner of Lot No. five 5, in said block No. fifty 50, on the east line of said Lewis street, and run south fifty eight 58 degrees east eighty five 85 feet, thence south thirty two 32 degrees west, thirty one 31 fee, thence north fifty eight 58 degrees west eighty five 85 feet, to the east line of Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 degrees east thirty one feet to the place of beginning.

Third Beginning at a point on the east line of Lewis street, one hundred and thirty three (133) feet, south thirty two 32 deg west from the south west corner of Lot No. five (5) in Block No. fifty (50), thence running south thirty two (32) degrees west, twenty (20) feet, thence east eighty 58 degrees easterly one hundred feet, thence north thirty two 32 deg east twenty feet, thence west the easterly north fifty eight 58 degrees west one hundred feet to the east line of Lewis street, the place of beginning being a part of a certain piece of land known as Mill Reserve.

Also the undivided one half interest of the following in said village viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of said Lewis street, one hundred and thirty two (132) feet south from the south west corner of said lot No five 5, in Block fifty 50, being a certain point described in a deed made by Georgianna Lewis and husband Lewis her husband to Lienau and Dressler of date May 1st 1865, from thence running south fifty eight 58 deg west, one hundred and fifty (150) feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg west, seventy 70 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg west, one hundred and fifty (150) feet, to the east line of said Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 deg east seventy 70 feet to the place of beginning as appears by plat of A. H. Blanding hereinbefore referred to, excepting and reserving from the foregoing lot said U. S. Land Office lot described as follows: Beginning at the north west corner of William Schroeder's property on said Lewis street thence to the east line of said Madison street, thence south to the south east corner of Lewis and Madison streets and running north thirty two deg east, one hundred feet, thence south fifty eight 58 deg east to the place of beginning, also lots No. one 1 two 2, three 3, four 4 five 5 and six 6 in Block No. five 5 in G. Lewis' Mill Reserve addition to the Town of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office of Register of Deeds of said county, also lots No. three 3, four 4, five 5, six 6 seven 7 and eight in Block N., two 10 in said village of Watertown, also lots numbered from one 1, to ten 10, inclusive in Block No. seventy one 71, being the whole of said Block No seventy one 71, also lots No one 1, two 2 three 3, four 4, nine 9 and ten 10, in Block seventy two 72, lot four 4, in Block seventy eight 78, also Out Lots No. seven 7 and eight 8 in said town as surveyed by said Island, also Block No. seventy one containing lots numbered from one 1 to nine 9 inclusive, excepting therefrom lots No ten 10 in said Block seventy 70 also all that part of lot No twelve 12, in Block No fifty eight 58 and Lots No, four 4 and five 5 in Block No. forty 40 also lots No. five 5 in Block No. Forty one 41 all of the hereinbefore described property being in the village of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office the Register of Deeds of said County of Carver.

The amount which is claimed to be due, and which is due on the note secured by the above described mortgage at the date of this notice is one thousand two hundred and eighty six dollars and sixty seven cents, 1286 67-100.

Default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage and no suit or proceedings at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof. Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and therewith recorded which by reason of said default has become operative, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the hereinbefore described mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder at the front door of the Court House in the Village of Chaska in said County on Saturday the 25th day of January A D 1873 at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day to satisfy the amount that shall then be due on the debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage together with interest and all costs of Foreclosure and sale.

Dated at Watertown Minnesota this 4th day of December A. D 1872.

WILHELM DRESSLER,
Mortgagee.

ERNEST HAINLIN, Att'y for Mortgagee, Watertown Minn.

State of Minnesota, } County of Carver, } S. S. In Probate Court, }

On reading and filing the petition of John Anderson praying among other things that he may be appointed the administrator of the estate of Anders Anderson late of said county deceased, ordered that the said petitioner be heard before this court Jany. 31st 1873, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and further ordered that said petitioner give notice to all persons interested in said deceased estate so appear before said court at the time aforementioned to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal this 4th day Jany. 1873.

J. A. SARGENT, Judge Probate.

NEW STORE!

New Goods!!

And

Reasonable Prices.

Call at

HENRY YOUNGS NEW STORE.

And examine his large and elegant assortment of Dry goods, Groceries and Provisions, Hats & Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clothing Yankee Notions &c.

Produce taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Store Corner 2d & Chestnut Sts.

Chaska, Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

H. H. Strait. D. L. How. Geo. Du Toit, Cashr.

HOW, STRAIT & DU TOIT,

BANKERS,

CARVER . . . . . MINN.

Buys and Sells Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Agents for Foreign Passage Tickets.

COLLECTIONS

made at all accessible Points.

—:0:—

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, St. Paul. Third National Bank, Chicago. Ninth National Bank, New York City.

CHEAP

Cash Store!

New Goods.

would most respectfully call the attention of my friends and the public in general, that I have now in store a full stock of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS AND SHOES.

Groceries and Provisions

Which I am selling cheap for cash or ready pay. Butter, Eggs and Wool received in exchange for goods, at the stand formerly occupied by Henry Young, corner of 2nd & Chestnut streets.

CHASKA, MINN.

DANIEL STONE.

Anchor Line of

Steamers!

—:0:—

The most direct pleasant and desirable route to and from Europe. An "Anchor Line steamer will leave New York & Glasgow every Wednesday & Saturday. Steamers are fitted up in elegant style, and secures to to the traveller, speed safety and comfort at the lowest rates of fare. Persons wishing to send tickets to their friends in Sweden, Norway, Germany & Great Britian, can obtain them from us, which will bring them DIRECTLY from those places to Carver, and advantage over othes lines.

RATES FOR PASSAGE, AS FOLLOWS

From Liverpool to Carver,		$54 75
"	London "	59 75
"	Glasgow "	54 75
"	Belfast "	58 75
"	Christiana "	61 75
"	Gothenburg "	62 75
From New York to London,		$43,00
"	Edinburg	29,00
"	Belfast	29,50
"	Dublin	32,0
"	Amesterdam	35,00
"	Bremen	35,00
"	Hamburg	35 00
"	Christiana	38,00
"	Copenhagen	38,00
"	Gothenburg	38,00

Call on us before purchasing elsewhere

HENDERSON BROTHERS,
Genl. Western Agts. Chicago.

HOW STRAIT & CO.,
Agents, Carver Minn.

MILWAUKEE
st Paul and Minneapolis
RAILWAY.
VIA
cGregor and Milwaukee.
The Only all Rail Line.

And the only Route by which Baggage is Checked Through to Milwaukee, Chicago, New York, Boston and all Eastern Points.

Passengers change cars only at terminal points, thus securing seats in clean Coaches and full nights' rest on night trains.

EASTEN EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leave and Arrive at St Paul as follows

Arrive. 7.27 p. m. Depart 8,05 a. m.

OWATONNA ACCOMMODATION

Arrive 11:15 a. m. Depart 3:50 p. m.

Minneapolis and St. Paul Trains.

Arrive.....9:10 A. M.	Depart 10:20
" 5:05 P. M.	" 5:40

St. Paul & Chicago Railway Trains.

Arrive 5:10 p. m Depart 11,50 a. m.

Tickets for passage and sleeping car berths sold by Thompson, Ticket Agent, Union office, corner of Third and Jackson Street, and corner of Jackson Street and Levee,

D. . SHEPARD, Supt.

S. S. Merrill, General Manager: A. V. Carpenter, General Passenger Agent.

ALLEN'S

IRON TONIC

BITTERS

FOR

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acidity of Stomach, Loss of Appetite.

And

General Debility.

—:0:—

These Bitters are warranted to be manufactured with the purest materials, (no forty-rod hisky, if you please,) and one trial is all that is necessary to convince any one that they are far superior to all other prerarations of the kind in use. Try them.

—:0:—

PREPARED BY

JAME P. ALLEN,

Druggist and Pharmaceutist, Phœnix Drug Store, 109 Jackson Street,

Saint Paul, Minnesota.

—:0:—

AGENT,

GEORGE A. DU TOIT,

Carver. Minn

Legals,

Summons.

State of Minnesota, Dist. Court. }
Eigth Judicial Dist. }
County of Carver. }

Eliza A. Wakeman, against Gilbert L. Wakeman.

The State of Minnesota, To the above named defendant

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Chaska in the County of Carver in the State of Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

Dated Chaska September 23d A. D. 1872.

BAXTER & PECK,
Pltf's. Atty's Chaska Minn.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, Dist Court. }
Eighth Judicial Dist. }
County of Carver. }

H. P. Manning against A. R. Manning.

The State of Minnesota, To the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action a copy of which is herewith served upon you and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office in Chaska Carver County Minnesota within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff in his action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated Chaska, Dec 16, A. D. 1872.

BAXTER & PECK, Pltf's Atty Chaska Minn.

Continental Fire Insurance Company. New York.

—:0:—

Cash Assets, $2,509,526,27.

WESTERN DEPARTMENT, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

A. J. Taylor, Superintendent.

This Company makes the insurance of dwellings and farm property a specialty

Its policy is very short, simple and easily understood. It is not hedged about with conditions and technicalities to entangle you after fire. In short, all fair losses promptly and liberally adjusted and paid on the spot, without trouble or expense to the insured, thus presenting all the advantages of a "Local Company" combined with the pre-eminent ability, safety and security of an old firmly established Company.

H. J. CHEVRE, Agent.

Office, at the Co Surveyor office, Chaska Carver County Minnesota.

A BOOK FOR THE MILLION!

Marriage Guide.

A private Counselor to the Married or those about to marry on the physiological mysteries and revelations of the sexual system, with the latest discoveries in producing and preventing offspring, how to preserve the complexion, &c.

This is an interesting work of two hundred and sixty pages, with numerous engravings, and contains valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage. Still it is a book that ought to be kept under lock and key, and not laid carelessly about the house.

It contains the experience and advice of a physician whose reputation is world-wide, and should be in the private drawer of every male and female throughout the entire globe. It embraces everything on the subject of the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work.

Sent to any one (free of postage) for Fifty Cents.

Address Dr. Butts Dispensary, No. 1 2 N. Eighth street St. Louis, Mo.

Notice to the Afflicted and Unfortunate.

Before applying to the notorious quacks who advertise in public papers, or using any quack remedies peruse Dr. Butts' work no matter what your disease is, or how deplorable your condition.

Dr. Butts occupies a double house of twenty-seven rooms; is indorsed by some of the most celebrated medical professors of this country and Europe, and can be consulted personally or by mail, on the diseases mentioned in his works. Office and parlors, No. 12 N. Eighth street, between Market and Chesnut, St. Louis, Mo.

Minneapolis Marble Works

N. HERRICK & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES &c.

SHOP ON NICOLET ST. BETWEEN, 3D & 4TH STS.

Work delivered and set up by one of the firm in Chaska or Carver without extra charge.

W. S. COMBS. J. E. WHITNEY

COMBS & WHITNEY

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Booksellers and Stationers

AND THE

Emporium for views of Minnesota and other Scenery, Brackets, Engravings, Frames, Chromos, &c. &c.

Plow and Wagon Factory

AT WACONA

FRED LUTZ PROPRIETOR.

I would respectfully inform the citizens of Carver County that I now manufacture as good and durable plows as are made in the Union, and offer them as cheap as can be purchased at St Paul. Also Wagons, Blacksmithing done to order on short notice.

J. NICOLS B. DEAN C. KELLY

SAINT PAUL IRON STORE.

NICOL, DEAN & Co.

DEALERS in

Iron, Nails, Steel,

plows, axes, springs, ax les, anvils vices, bellows and heavy hardware generally.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, VULCANZIED RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING, GRINDSTONES COAL, &c., &c.

Third street St. Paul Min

AGENTS FOR

Threshing and Reaping Machines.

Also Herring & Co's celebated fire proof Safes.

SAINT PAUL STEAM

TOBACCO WORK

KEIFER & SUTHEIMER,

Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of Tobaccos. Factory cor., Eagle & Washington st. cos, Room 236, 3d steet.

St. Paul, Minn.

INSURANCE

GEO. MIX. AGENT

of the following Insurance Co's,

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Hartford, Con,—Assets 5,052, 000,00

UNDERWRITER'S AGENCY

New York City,—Assets 3,555,000,00

YHARTER OAK LIFE INS CO

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promptly at the place where the *Policy is Issued.*

Will attend promptly, to collections Paying of Taxes, &c.

OFFICE, AT THE "HERALD" OFFICE
CHASKA MINNESOTA

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver, }
In Probate Court, } S. S.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Basler deceased.

Whereas, There was deposited in the Probate Court of Carver County Minn. September 30th 1872 an instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Charles Basler late of said County deceased, and whereas Barbara Basler has filed her petition that she may be appointed the executrix named and appointed in and by said Will, and praying that said instrument may be admitted to probate and letters testamentary to her issued thereon.

Now therefore that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court on Monday the 18th day of November 1872 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the Probate Court room in said County of Carver when and where all persons concerned may appear and contest the probate of said will. It is further ordered, That public notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publication under these orders of a copy of said orders in the Valley Herald a paper published in Chaska in said County for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Given under my hand this 22d day of October 1872.

J. A. SARGENT, Judge of Probate.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF SUPT. OF SCHOOLS, }
For Carver Co. Minn. }

Notice is hereby given that the following School District clerks of Carver County have failed to forward to me the annual school report for 1872 as follows to-wit:

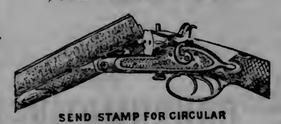
Mr I. J. Coons	Clerk of Dist. No.	10
Mr. G. M. Powers	do	12
Mr. V. Landgraf	do	16
Mr. Gerhard Kimpel	do	40
Mr. C. O. Woodruff	do	47
Mr John Etzell	do	54
Mr. Dietrich Kuhlmann	do	59

Now therefore, if the above named clerks will not forward to me the tsaid report within ten days after date it will be my duty to notify the County Attorney of this County of such failure, who will proceed against them according to law.

Given under my hand this 25th day of October A. D. 1872

J. T. KERKER,
Supt of Schools for Carver Co.

THE PARKER GUN.



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WEST MERIDEN, CT.

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The Adventures of a Most Adventurous Life.

THE STANLEY LIVINGSTONE

Expedition to Equatorial Africa.

Is the title of a large octavo volume just issued to supply the demand for information in regard to Africa, with Incidents and the wonderful Career of both Stanley and Livingstone in their remarkable expeditions to this most interesting part of the Globe.

WANTED—In every town in the United States and Canada, First Class men and women as Agents to canvass for this work. Everybody wants it. Anybody can sell it. Address us for the most liberal terms ever offered. The Union Publishing Company, 65 Twenty-Second St., Chicago, Ill:

If you desire to secure territory at once send $2 50 for sample copy and Canvassing Book, or $1 00 to canvass Booky alone.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

On or about the 28th day of September, came into my inclosure one Red cow, about nine years old, no marks. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away.

SWAND A. HOLM.
Dahlgreen Carver County, Minn.

Notice.

Dr E. H. Lewis, would respectfully inform the citizens of Chaska and vicinity, that he will be found in his office at E. G. Halle & Co's, new Drug Store, Chaska, every day between the hours of 10 a. m. and 12 m. Any orders left will be promptly attended to.

Fresh vaccine virus constantly kept on hand.

NOTICE.

As I have made arrangements to enter into a co-partnership in carrying on my business on or about New year, and as the incoming partner will not accept old out-standing accounts, I therefore request all those knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned to pay up within the next three weeks and thereby save themselves costs of collection.

Chaska, Dec. 11th 1872.

FRED WOMMER,

K. B.

KING OF THE BLOOD.

THE MOST THOROUGH PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD YET DISCOVERED.

CURES ALL HUMORS, FROM A COMMON ERUPTION TO THE WORST SCROFULA.

By its use Cancers are cured, and Cancerous tumors are dispersed without the surgeon's knife—Scrofula conquered, and Consumption prevented and cured.

Venereal Diseases, Mercurial and Mineral Poisons, and their effects eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established.

Female Weakness and Diseases Dropsy, general or partial; Swellings, external or internal; and Tumors are reduced and dispersed in a very short time.

Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, and Fever Sores are soon removed by this powerful detergent medicine.

Scorbutic Diseases, Dandruff, Scaly or Rough Skin, and Pimples quickly give way, leaving the skin smooth and fair.

Chronic Diseases, Fever and Ague, Disordered Liver, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Nervous Affections, General Debility, in short, all the numerous diseases caused by bad blood are conquered, and give way before this most powerful corrector the King of the Blood.

Each bottle contains between forty and fifty ordinary doses, costing only one dollar.

From one to four or five bottles will cure Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Pimples on the Face, Blics, ordinary Eruptions, etc.

From two to eight bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions of the Skin, Ulcers, Sores, and Canker in the Mouth and Stomach, Erysipelas, etc.

From two to ten bottles will restore healthy action to the Liver and Spleen, will regulate the Bowels and Kidneys.

From two to six bottles will be found effectual in curing Neuralgia, Sick-Headache, St. Vitus' Dance, and Epilepsy.

From five to twelve bottles will cure the worst cases of Scrotula.

From three to twelve bottles will cure severe and obstinate cases of Catarrh,

From two to four bottles will cure the worst cases of Piles, and regulate Costive Bowels.

From two to ten bottles will cure bad cases of Dropsy.

Price $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5. Sold by all Druggists

D. RANSOM, SON & CO., Propr's,

See testimonials in local column. Buffalo, N. Y.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The public is hereby notified that my wife Hedwig Kunze, left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, on or about the 1st day of June last and that they are hereby further notified not to trust or harbor her on my account as I will pay no debts of her contracting on and after this date.

Benton, July 27th 1872.

JOHN KUNZE

DEATH TO BED-BUGS.

The undersigned has manufactured a preparation, easily used, that he guarantees, will rid every household of bedbugs. The preparation only costs $1 Give me a call at my barber shop

GOTTLIEB SCHUBIGER
Chaska Minn.

FERD. THIES.

Dealer in

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS AND TOYS AND NOTIONS.

Also keeps on hand and sells by the barrel and otherwise, APPLES!

Store on 2nd Street.

CHASKA, - - - - - MINN.

Chas. B. Newcomb & Co.

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS!

Particular Attention Given To The Purchase and Shipment of Minnesota Wheat.

MILWAUKEE PRICES!

Paid at Duluth for all wheat offered them up on that market, and no charge for Commissions

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON WHEAT STORED IN DULUTH ELEVATOR!

winter Storage 4 cts.

OFFICES—St. Paul, Duluth, Stillwater, and Hastings Nov. 15.—3 mhts

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Dr. C. B. AMES.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

WATERTOWN . . . MINN.

Office at Lewis Drug Store. Offers his services to the citizens of Watertown and vicinity, and can always be found day or night ready to attend calls

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F. W. HENNING.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

CHASKA, ... MINN.

MLLINERY.

Mrs. F. Salter.

Is constantly in receipt of, and at all times supplied, with a full assortment of

Fashionable Millinery Goods.

ALSO

DRESS TRIMMINGS, CORSETS, NETS &c., &c., &c.,

Dress-Making promptly attended to.

She therefore invite the patronage of the ladies of Chaska and surrounding country, confident that they can render ample satisfaction in quality as to STYLES AND PRICES.

Bride And Bridegroom.

Essays for Young Men on the interesting relation of Bridegroom to Bride, in the institution of Marriage—a Guide to matrimonial felicity, and true happiness. Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address, Howard Association, Box P. Philadelphia, Pa.

Estray Notice,

Taken up by the undersigned in the town of Dahlgreen, County of Carver, one black cow, 8 or 9 years of age, with one horn broken off a little. The owner is hereby requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take the same away.

Dahlgreen, Nov. 15th 1872.

FRED'K. MEYER.

Cutters And Sleighs.

Those in want of an extra good Cutter or Bob-sled should call upon John Bloedel at Carver. He is manufacturing extensively and sells cheap.

Mortgage Sale.

Names of Mortgagors.—C. H. Lienau and Mathilda Lienau his wife.

Name of Mortgagee.—Wilhelm Dressler.

Date of Mortgage,—November 30th A. D. 1869.

Mortgage recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of Carver and State of Minnesota on the 8th day of June A. D. 1870 at four o'clock P. M, of that day, in Book "F" of Mortgages on pages 174, 175 176 and 177

Description of mortgaged premises—The undivided one half interest in and to the following described land and real estate situate, lying and being in the County of Carver and State of Minnesota, viz: Beginning at the south west corner of lot No. five (5) in Block No. Fifty [50] in the Village of Watertown, thence running south thirty two (32) degrees west, on the east line of Lewis Street, two hundred and thirty-two (232) feet, thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, one hundred and fifty [150] feet, thence south thirty two [32] degrees west one hundred sixty four (164) feet, thence south fifty eight (58) degrees east, seventy two [72] feet, thence north seventy four and one fourth [74¼] degrees east, a number of feet to a point even with, and where it would intersect with the west line of Mill street, thence to the thirty-two [32] degrees east to the waters edge on the west shore of Crow River, thence down said river with the course thereof, to a point intersecting with the south line of Block No. fifty [50], thence north fifty-eight (58) degrees west to the place of beginning, containing two (2) acres of land more or less including Steam Grist and Saw Mill, all in said Village as surveyed by H. H. Blanding as appears by plat thereof in the office of Register of Deeds of said County, excepting and reserving from the foregoing description three lots or parcels of land described as follows:

First. Commencing at the south west corner of lot No. five (5) in Block No fifty (50) and run in a southwesterly direction on the line of said Lewis Street twenty seven [27] feet thence south fifty eight [58] degrees east, eighty five (85) feet thence north thirty two [32] degrees east, twenty seven (27) feet, to the south line of said lot five [5] in said Block fifty 50, thence north fifty eight 58 degrees west on the line of said lot No. five 5, eighty five 85 feet to the place of beginning, with a right of way ten 10 feet wide from the rear or east end of said tract or lot, to a public highway or lot above described

Second Commencing at a point on Lewis street, twenty seven, 27, feet in a south westerly direction from the south west corner of Lot No. five 5, in said block No. fifty 50, on the east line of said Lewis street, and run south fifty eight 58 degrees east eighty five 85 feet, thence south thirty two 32 degrees west, thirty one 31 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 degrees west eighty five 85 feet, to the east line of Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 degrees east thirty one feet to place of beginning.

Third. Beginning at a point on the east line of Lewis street, one hundred and thirty three 133 feet, south thirty two 32 deg west from the south west corner of Lot No five 5 in block No fifty 50, thence running south thirty two 32 degrees west, twenty 20 feet, thence south fifty eight 58 degrees east, six y 60 feet, thence north thirty two 32 deg east twenty 20 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg west sixty 60 feet to the east line of Lewis street, the place of beginning being a part of a certain piece of land known as Mill Reserve.

Also the undivided one half ½ interest of the following in said village viz: Beginning at a point on the east line of Lewis street, two hundred and thirty two 232 feet southerly from the south west corner of said Lot No five 5, in Block fifty 50, being a certain point described in a deed made by Georgianna Lewis and Isaac L Lewis her husband to Lienau and Dressler of date May 1st 1865, from thence running south fifty eight 58 deg east, one hundred and fifty 150 feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg west, seventy 70 feet, thence north fifty eight 58 deg west, one hundred and fifty 150 feet, to the east line of said Lewis street, thence north thirty two 32 deg east seventy 70 feet to the place of beginning as appears by plat of L. H. Blanding hereafter referred to, excepting and reserving, from the foregoing a lot sold to B. Kiefer July 23rd 1866 described as as follows: Beginning at the north west corner of B. Kiefer Schroeder's property on said Lewis street thirty 1 on 34 feet from the north west corner of Lewis and Madisons streets and running north thirty two deg east, on the line of Lewis street twenty four 24 feet, thence south fifty eight 58 deg east, one hundred feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg. west, one 24 feet to the north line of Madison street, thence north fifty eight 58 deg. west, one hundred 100 feet, to place of beginning. Also the undivided one half of the following property in said village of Watertown, viz: Beginning on the north line of Madison street aforesaid, at a point one hundred and fifty feet easterly from said Lewis street, thence run easterly on said north line of Madison street, one hundred and eighty feet to a point where it would intersect a line parallel with the west line of Mill street, thence north thirty two 32 deg. east to a point described in a certain deed made by Lewis Lienau and Dressler of date May 1st A. D. 1865, said piece and parcel embracing a triangular piece of land adjoining the Mill property deeded to Lienau and Dressler May 1st 1865, by Georgianna Lewis and husband, also the following: Beginning at a point in the north line of said Madison street on a certain tract known as the Mill Reserve one hundred and feet east of said Lewis street, said point of beginning being the south east corner of a certain tract or parcel of land heretofore first deeded by Geo. Lewis and husband to John Boyer and running north thirty two 32 deg. east, ninety four 94 feet, thence south fifty eight 58 deg east fifty 50 feet, thence south thirty two 32 deg. west to said line of Madison street, thence north fifty eight 58 deg west, fifty 50 feet to place of beginning, also lots No. one 1, two 2, three 3, four 4, five 5 and 6 in Block No five 5 in G. Lewis' Mill Reserve addition to the Town of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office of Register of Deeds of said county, also lots No. three 3, four 4, five 5, six 6 seven 7 and eight in block No. ten 10 in said village of Watertown, also lots numbered from one 1, to ten 10, inclusive in block No. seventy one 71, being the whole of said block No seventy one 71, also lots No. one 1, two 2 three 3, four 4, nine 9 and ten 10, in Block seventy two 72, lot four 4, in Block seventy eight 78, also that Lots No. seven 7 and eight 8 in said town as surveyed by said Island, also Block No seventy 70, containing lots numbered from one 1 to nine 9 inclusive, excepting therefrom lots No ten 10 in said Block seventy 70 also all of that part of lot No twelve 12, in Block No fifty eight 58, and Lots No. four 4 and five 5 in Block No. forty 40 also lots No. five 5, in Block No. Forty one 41 all of the hereinbefore ascribed property being in the village of Watertown as appears by plat on file in the office the Register of Deeds of said County of Carver.

The amount which is claimed to be due, and which is due on the note secured by the above described mortgage at the date of this notice is one thousand two hundred and eighty six dollars and sixty seven cents, 1286 67-100.

Default having been made in the conditions of said mortgage and no suit or proceedings at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and therewith recorded which by reason of said default has become operative, and pursuant to the statute on such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the hereinbefore described mortgaged premises will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder therefor by the sheriff of the said County of Carver at the front door of the Court House in the Village of Chaska in said County on Saturday the 25th day of January A. D 1873 at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day to satisfy the amount that shall then be due on the debt secured by the aforesaid mortgage together with interest and all costs of Foreclosure and sale.

Dated at Watertown Minnesota this 4th day of December A. D 1872.

WILHELM DRESSLER,
Mortgagee.

ERNEST HAINLIN, Att'y for Mortgagee, Watertown Minn.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Carver, } S. S.
In Probate Court, }

On reading and filing the petition of John Anderson praying among other things that he may be appointed the administrator of the estate of Anders Anderson late of said county deceased, ordered that the said petitioner be heard before this court Jany. 31st 1873, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and further ordered that said petitioner give notice to all persons interested to said deceased estate to appear before said court at the time aforementioned to show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

Given under my hand and seal this 4th day Jany. 1873.

J. A. SARGENT, Judge Probate.

NEW STORE!

New Goods!!

And

Reasonable Prices.

Call at

HENRY YOUNGS NEW STORE.

And examine his large and elegant assortment of Dry goods, Groceries and Provisions, Hats & Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clothing Yankee Notions &c.

Produce taken in exchange for goods at cash prices.

Store Corner 2d & Chestnut Sts.

Chaska, Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE